

From: [Jane Baechle](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Cc: [Renz-Whitmore, Mikaela J.](#); [Vos, Michael J.](#); china.osborn@cabq.gov
Subject: Comments for EPC Meeting of 1/11/2024
Date: Monday, January 8, 2024 2:13:06 PM
Attachments: [EPC 48 hr 1112024.pdf](#)

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Good afternoon,

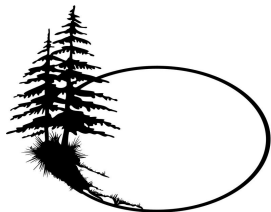
I am attaching written comments for both Citywide amendments and the proposed amendment to the VHUC. They are included in the same document. Please forward them to the Commissioners on both matters.

I am also including two photos of "corner lots >5,000 sf" within two lots of my home. Both of these would be eligible to become a commercial space under the Dwelling, Live/Work amendment. I hope these provide a visual example of how potentially harmful such a use would be in SFV.

Please share them also with the Commissioners.

Thank you,

Jane Baechle SFVNA



Santa Fe Village Neighborhood Association

5601 Bogart St. NW Albuquerque, NM 87120
SFVNA2014@gmail.com

Date: January 8, 2024

To: David Shaffer
Chair, EPC

From: Jane Baechle
Representative, SFVNA

Re: Comments for 1/11/2024

We appreciate the work of the Commissioners and the ABQ Planning Department staff in reviewing the proposed citywide amendments and the small area amendment to the Volcano Heights Urban Center and crafting the proposals to be heard on 1/11/2024. After review of the staff reports for the meeting of 1/11/2024, I am submitting the following comments on behalf of the Santa Fe Village Neighborhood Association Board. They are consistent with our prior positions. I will note where I comment as an individual on the “New” amendments.

- **Small Area Amendment, IDO 14-16-4-3(F)(5)(f)10, Volcano Heights Urban Center**-We are grateful for the Planning Department recommendation of *DENIAL* of this amendment. The SFVNA has submitted multiple written comments outlining our opposition to removing the prohibition on drive throughs in the VHUC. We have cited, as did Planning Department staff, the conflict that drive throughs represent in a “walkable” area and their conflict with the ABC Comp Plan. To quote Policy 11.3.6, sub policy d, “Protect the area’s natural and archaeological resources, including the Monument and significant rock outcroppings, while encouraging urban development in the Volcano Heights Urban Center to create a vibrant, *walkable district with an identity, character, and sense of place inextricably linked to the volcanic landscape.*” (Emphasis mine.) This proposal represents an effort to rewrite the Comp Plan with IDO changes rather than respecting the purpose of the IDO to “Implement the adopted Albuquerque/Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan (ABC Comp Plan), as amended.” Please accept the Planning Department recommendation and DENY this proposed amendment.
- **Item 12, IDO Section 4, Dwelling Live-Work**-We appreciate the removal of restaurants as an accepted use in this proposal. Likewise, making this a conditional use acknowledges the

potential harms to a neighborhood and provides a public hearing on those as well as requirements for mitigation. Nonetheless, these do *not* address our concerns regarding the public health and safety impacts of any commercial use which involves the delivery, serving or sale of food and handling and removal of waste. We have outlined these in previous and extensive written comments. We respectfully request the commissioners *DELETE* this amendment.

- **Item 29, 6-4(B), Pre-submittal Neigh Meeting, Item 32, 6-4(K) Public Notice to Neighborhood Associations, Item 36, 6-4(L)(3)(a), Post-submittal Facilitated Meeting and Item 37, 6-4(V)(2)(a), Appeals - Standing Based on Proximity for Neighborhood Associations**-We appreciate the inclusion of multiple maps. They do not cover every area of the City where substituting a measure of distance for the standard of “adjacency” would potentially remove a neighborhood association or property owner from receiving notice. It is not acceptable to change the requirements regarding notice if they include “almost everyone.” We recognize that Condition 18, B, Option 2 for Item 37 reflects the significant impact of reducing neighborhood association standing and the hugely impactful applications that would be included in the original amendment. This would be immensely more consequential on the westside, particularly on the NW mesa. We still believe that there should be *no* change to the distances for individual or neighborhood association notice and standing unless they include *everyone* currently included. As such, we request that the Commissioners *DELETE* Items 29, 32, 33, 34, 36 and 37.
- **Item 58, Tribal Engagement**-We strongly support this proposed amendment and will speak in support of including the area of the NW Mesa Escarpment VPO-2 at the meeting of 1/18/2024. Every effort should be made to ensure that Tribal nations have a seat at the table on development matters, particularly those in proximity to sacred cultural and natural landscapes. They should also be afforded ample time, not only to comment, but to take action to protect significant sites. As such, we support the requirement of a pre-submittal meeting as outlined in Condition 2 and prompt action to broaden the scope of Tribal entities receiving notice. Please *APPROVE*.

The following list includes a summary of our positions on multiple amendments. We remain opposed to each of these and request the EPC *DELETE* them from the Citywide amendments.

- **Item 9, Overnight Shelter**
- **Item 10, Dwelling Two Family Detached (Duplex)**
- **Item 11, Conditional Uses for City Facilities**
- **Item 13, Two-Family Detached (Duplex) Dwelling**
- **Item 23, Walls and Fences-Front Yard Wall**

We continue to support the following Citywide amendments and urge their adoption (*ADOPT*).

- **Item 40, Variance-ZHE**
- **Item 53, Sensitive Lands Rock Outcropping.**

Although I am commenting here as an individual, I anticipate the positions I outline would receive the endorsement of the SFVNA Board as well. I will comment on two of the “New” amendments.

I strongly OPPOSE the revised definition of “adjacent” which specifically excludes property located diagonally across an intersection. As an attendee in the LUHO hearings of an appeal of a proposed development approved by both the DRB and the DHO, I am well aware that the argument of the applicant was that the MPOS diagonally across from the subject property did not merit the protections outlined in the IDO because it was not adjacent. The first decision of the LUHO was subsequently appealed to District Court. In the second appeal, the LUHO ruled in favor of the appellants. This proposed amendment is, at best, a thinly disguised effort to create a barrier against requirements to consider the impact of development and the application of IDO provisions intended to protect MPOS. It is ludicrous on its face to argue that a property that is mere feet from a proposed development simply because it is diagonally across a street, particularly a residential street, has no interest in what is being proposed and no standing. Please DELETE this change.

Finally, I strongly SUPPORT the new amendment which would move the IDO review process to a Bi-annual cycle. More than five years after Council passed the IDO, it should not be necessary to make sweeping, significant and consequential changes to zoning law every year. The IDO review process has become a back door strategy to rewrite the Comprehensive Plan and in the service of development interests rather than a reflection of community engagement and vision as outlined in the Community Planning Assessment process. The time and resources of City staff, neighborhood associations and ABQ residents should be spent on the CPA process rather than making multiple changes to the IDO. Please ADOPT this proposal.

Thank you for your time and thoughtful attention.

Sincerely,

Jane Baechle
IDO Representative, SFVNA



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From: [Elizabeth Haley](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#); [Salas, Alfredo E.](#); [Jones, Megan D.](#)
Subject: 48 Hour Rule Comments from WSCONA
Date: Tuesday, January 9, 2024 8:15:23 AM
Attachments: [image.png](#)
[Notice of Decision LUHO.pdf](#)
[WSCONA IDO Amendments for the January 11 EPC Hearing.pdf](#)

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.



January 9, 2024 Via email:

Re:

abcto@cabq.gov

EPC Chair Shaffer

PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00044– Small Area VHUC PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00043–
Small Area Rail Trail PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00040– Citywide

Chairman Shaffer,

The West Side Coalition of Neighborhood Associations (WSCONA) represented 28 neighborhood and homeowners' associations in the northwest quadrant of Bernalillo County located west of the Rio Grande River and a few miles south of I-40 to the Sandoval County Line. WSCONA has existed as a formal organization with bylaws since 1996 and is currently recognized by the City of Albuquerque and Bernalillo County. The Coalition aims to provide a venue for neighborhood and homeowners associations within its boundaries to achieve and maintain communications on civic and neighborhood matters. It endeavors to provide a means to preserve, protect, and enhance the residents' quality of life within its boundaries and to provide a unified voice on important issues. (WSCONA website: <https://www.wsconanm.org/>)

The West Side Coalition of Neighborhood Associations, WSCONA respectfully submits the following comments regarding the above-mentioned cases to be heard by the Environmental Planning Commission on January 11, 2024. WSCONA supports the comments of the ICC Working Group and the separate comments submitted by our Land Committee Members.

Regarding Finding 32. New Amendment: Revise the definition in section 7-1 for “Adjacent”. We are not in favor of any reduction of notification.

The legal concepts of notification and adjacency are defined by the New Mexico State Zoning Statutes and legal precedent, the Comprehensive Plan and the IDO. These erroneous misapplications of common planning terms is an attempt to codify after the fact and to facilitate individual zoning applications

WSCONA requested an administrative review from the City of Albuquerque Land Hearing Officer and during that sworn testimony new facts were discovered concerning actual CABQ land review practices. In light of this information we feel that the following amendments are particularly problematic:

- RZ-2023-00044 – Text Amendments to IDO – Small Area VHUC^[SEP]

We wholeheartedly agree with the recommendation of DENIAL for this amendment and applaud staff for recognizing the need to follow the Comprehensive Plan, noting this excerpt from Staff Report on Page 11:

“The IDO is an instrument to help promote and maintain an aesthetic and humane urban environment for Albuquerque’s citizens, and thereby promote improved quality of life. The proposed Small Area text amendment to the IDO would not ensure that land is developed and used properly. The VHUC was established in the Comprehensive Plan to guide the most urban, walkable, mixed- use development to this area and suburban, auto-oriented development to areas outside of Urban Centers; therefore, Commissions, Boards, and Committees would not be able to facilitate effective administration of City policy in this area with the approval of this amendment.”

As noted in the Small Area VHUC report, the Comprehensive Plan is the overriding guide. Changes to the IDO should not be project driven. We believe risk may still exist regarding the notification process in this matter. It is unclear how or if individual property owners were advised, to the extent that they fully comprehend (as per the definition of notification in our NM State Statutes), these proposed changes. The need to defer the Small Area VHUC from last month because of irregularities in the notification process is an example of the importance of proper notification.

- Items #59 and #60, Clerical and Editorial Changes: although these have been included in every past Annual Update, we do not support the continued inclusion of these amendments as they have no oversight and allow potential risk and mismanagement at the planning department level. .

CONDITION 16; Items #29, #32, and #36 – Neighborhood Association notification distances:

Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment.

CONDITION 18; Item #37 – Appeals – Standing for Neighborhood Associations: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment.**

WSCONA members representing our interest during EPC community comment testimony need your support. These proposed amendments matter and make a dramatic difference in outcomes as found during the **AC-23-14 Appeal by WSCONA and others and the subsequent LUHO Proposed decision**. Our recent Testimony was disputed by Mr. Voss of the Planning Department. Still, some practices are detrimental to future fair land review processes and procedures.

The LUHO conducted an extended quasi-judicial administrative appeal hearing on October 4, 2023. During the LUHO Administrative Hearing concerning the Quasi- judicial changes to the View overlay, it became clear that the City of Albuquerque Planning staff, under new abbreviated land review processes (DRB and DH0), changed IDO definitions and regulations

from the present IDO without public comment or legislative process. These unique interpretations violate New Mexico State Statute Zoning Ordinances and current legal precedents. The City of Albuquerque's Land Hearing Officer wrote in his opinion:

"The Appellee-Applicants, Jubilee Development, LLC and Group II U26 VC, LLC. The Applicants) sought and were granted final plat approval of an 18.23-acre development in a recent hearing before the Development Hearing Officer (DHO). It is undisputed that the Applicants never obtained EPC approval for a Site Plan-EPC for the development. In this appeal, Appellants primarily allege that without a Site Plan-EPC, the final plat approval is invalid. The Appellants also raise numerous other issues of alleged error in this appeal. After reviewing the record, listening to arguments of the parties, witness testimony, and cross-examination in an extended three-hour quasi-judicial appeal hearing, and after considering the applicable IDO provisions, I [the Land hearing Officer] respectfully conclude that city planning staff's "strict" interpretation and application of the term "adjacent" in the IDO is erroneous. The Appellants' appeal on this issue should be sustained. Until the Applicants obtain EPC approval of a Site Plan- EPC, the platting application and approval are premature and should be denied. Specifically, as detailed below, I find that the city staff's and the Applicants' narrow interpretation is inconsistent with the definition of "adjacent" and with its legislative purpose in the IDO, and it is inconsistent with the legislative intent of the City Council to protect major public open space."

In another section of the LUHO Decision, he states:

"The application included inaccurate area maps from the Albuquerque Geographic Information System (AGIS), a network of advanced mapping layers of land uses, including existing zoning statuses of the lands within the city's municipal boundary. The AGIS maps did not show the newly zoned MPOS lands at the caddy-corner intersection of Kimmick Drive and Rosa Parks Road. "

However, testimony in the appeal hearing (AC-23-14) indicates that the DRB knew of the MPOS rezoning. On October 26, 2022, the DRB held its first hearing on the application. After deferring a decision, the DRB approved the application request. An EPC condition of the rezoning approval was that the Applicants' plat results in lot lines that coincide with the internal rezoning boundaries as required by IDO, 6-7(G)(2)."

The Decision also states

"The evidence indicates that Consensus Planning was the agent for the city applicant in the rezoning that created the MPOS. Consensus Planning is also the agent for the Applicants in the preliminary plat, amended site plan, and final plat applications in this matter. Although new MPOS lands were created at the south side of 100 Kimmick Dr. and Rosa Parks Rd. NW intersection of the application site, the DRB had already concluded informally, outside of the public hearings, that the MPOS was not sufficiently adjacent to the application's site. In addition, the DRB and the Applicants did not address, acknowledge, or otherwise publicly discuss the inaccuracies in the AGIS zone maps submitted with the application."

The LUHO Decision points to planning staff developing unique findings rather than conforming to the Comprehensive Plan or IDO specified process. The changes proposed in these amendments would mean staff could interpret planning terms and zoning maps to match the needs of individual owners rather than the Ordinance and change the Ordinance after the fact. In this case, the advantage to the applicant was skipping the EPC review of the site plan.

"The Applicants and the City Planning Department staff, on the other hand, contend that a Site

Plan-EPC was unnecessary. They argue that because the space separating the application site and the MPOS is a street intersection, the MPOS is insufficiently adjacent to satisfy the definition of adjacent under the IDO. The Applicants and city staff further argue that under their "strict" interpretation of the term "adjacent," a Site Plan-EPC is only required if the application site and the MPOS were separated by only "one" street rather than an intersection which is composed of two streets."

On November 28, 2022, these Appellants and others filed a timely administrative appeal of the DRB's November 9, 2022, Decision. The LUHO conducted an administrative Land Use appeal hearing in a scheduled public hearing on March 6, 2023. The City Council accepted the proposed findings, denying the appeal. The Appellants appealed the City Council's Decision to the Bernalillo County District Court on April 3, 2023 (*Westside Coalition of Neighborhood Associations and Michael Vorhees v. City of Albuquerque*, et al., No. D-202-CV-2023-02637.) On June 22, 2023, the Applicants filed an application to the Development Hearing Officer (DHO) for Major- Final Plat approval.

"Then, on July 12, 2023, the DHO held a public hearing on the application and subsequently approved and essentially replaced the design regulations that were adopted into the site plan from the Volcano Cliffs Sector Development Plan.

The entire LUHO report is attached and follows. Please read it. The IDO has yet to help the City of Albuquerque economically. Still, the proposed IDO Amendments listed in these comments would exclude many Administrative Appeals due to lack of standing, inadequate notification and timely access to appeals. The quasi-judicial process disclosed the errors found by the LUHO. Once revealed in the hearing, those errors and omissions made the LUHO reverse his earlier opinion. The District Court has yet to issue a final opinion (as reported by Mr. Voss in the last hearing.) A decision is only final once the court decides on our current motion for rehearing (based on the LUHO's Final Decision and reversal of the prior LUHO approval) and the appeal period is over. Neither event has happened as of January 8, 2024.

Our thanks to the Planning Staff and the EPC for their work.

Sincerely,
Elizabeth Kay Haley, M Arch, WSCONA President

WSCONA

West Side Coalition of Neighborhood Associations

January 9, 2024 Via email:

Re:

abcto@cabq.gov

EPC Chair Shaffer

PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00044– Small Area VHUC PR-2018-001843 /
RZ-2023-00043– Small Area Rail Trail PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00040– Citywide

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the actual practices by some planning staff. In light of this information we feel that the following amendments are particularly problematic:

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As noted in the Small Area VHUC report, the Comprehensive Plan is the overriding guide. Changes to the IDO should not be project driven—we have seen how various Administrations’ pet projects have had unintended consequences. We believe risk may still exist regarding the notification process in this matter. It is unclear how or if individual property owners were advised, to the extent that they fully comprehend (as per the definition of notification in our NM State Statutes), these proposed changes. The need to defer the Small Area VHUC from last month because of irregularities in the notification process is an example of the importance of proper notification.

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Our thanks to Planning Staff and the EPC for their work.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Kay Haley, M Arch, WSCONA President

**Notice of Decision
City Council
City of Albuquerque
November 13, 2023**

AC-23-14 (VA-2023-00196) PR-2022-007712, SI-2023-00127 The Westside Coalition of Neighborhood Associations and Michael Voorhees appeal the Development Hearing Officer decision to approve a final plat, for all or a portion of Lot 5, Block 6 Volcano Cliffs Unit 26 & Lot 1, Block 2, Volcano Cliffs Unit 26 zoned MX-L & MX-M, located on Rosa Parks Rd. between Paseo Del Norte and Rosa Parks Rd. containing approximately 18.23 acre(s). (C-11)

Decision

On November 8, 2023, by a vote of **8 FOR 0 AGAINST** the City Council voted to accept the withdrawal by the Applicant.

Excused: Benton

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT THIS MATTER IS WITHDRAWN.

Attachments

1. Land Use Hearing Officer's Findings and Recommendation
2. Action Summary from the November 8, 2023 City Council Meeting

A person aggrieved by this decision may appeal the decision to the Second Judicial District Court by filing in the Court a notice of appeal within thirty (30) days from the date this decision is filed with the City Clerk.



Pat Davis, President
City Council

Date: 11/13/2023

Received by: Gabryella Williams
City Clerk's Office

Date: 11/13/2023

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CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE
LAND USE APPEAL UNDER THE IDO
BEFORE AN INDEPENDENT
LAND USE HEARING OFFICER

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APPEAL NO. AC-23-14

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VA-2023-00196; PR 2022-007712 and SD-2023-00127

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Michael Voorhees, and
The Westside Coalition of Neighborhood Associations,

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Jubilee Development, LLC and Group II U26 VC, LLC,

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Appellees-Applicants.

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PROPOSED DECISION

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INTRODUCTION
RELEVANT BACKGROUND
ISSUES PRESENTED
STANDARD OF REVIEW
DISCUSSION
PROPOSED FINDINGS

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I. INTRODUCTION

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Under sections 5-4(C)(6) and 5-2(J)(2) of the IDO, “prior to any platting action,” any development on lots 5-acres or larger that is “*adjacent*” to Major Public Open Space (MPOS) requires a Site Plan-EPC. The crux of this appeal turns on whether the Appellee-Applicants’ proposed development is “adjacent” to the La Cuentista MPOS.

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The Appellee-Applicants, Jubilee Development, LLC and Group II U26 VC, LLC (the

39 Applicants) sought and were granted final plat approval of an 18.23-acre development in a
40 recent hearing before the Development Hearing Officer (DHO). It is undisputed that the
41 Applicants did not ever obtain EPC approval of a Site Plan-EPC for the development. In this
42 appeal, Appellants primarily allege that without a Site Plan-EPC, the final plat approval is
43 invalid. The Appellants also raise numerous other issues of alleged error in this appeal, all of
44 which are discussed below.

45 The Applicants and the city Planning Department staff, on the other hand, contend that
46 a Site Plan-EPC was unnecessary. They argue that because the space separating the application
47 site and the MPOS is a street intersection, the MPOS is insufficiently adjacent to satisfy the
48 definition of adjacent under the IDO. The Applicants and city staff further argue that under
49 their “strict” interpretation of the term “adjacent,” a Site Plan-EPC is only required if the
50 application site and the MPOS were separated by only “one” street rather than an intersection
51 which is comprised of two streets.

52 After reviewing the record, listening to arguments of the parties, witness testimony, and
53 cross-examination in an extended three-hour quasi-judicial appeal hearing, and after
54 considering the applicable IDO provisions, I respectfully conclude that city planning staff’s
55 “strict” interpretation and application of the term “adjacent” in the IDO is erroneous and the
56 Appellants’ appeal on this issue should be sustained. Until the Applicants obtain EPC approval
57 of a Site Plan-EPC, the platting application and approval are premature and should be denied.

58 Specifically, as detailed below, I find that city staffs’ and the Applicants’ narrow
59 interpretation is inconsistent with the definition of “adjacent” and with its legislative purpose
60 in the IDO, and it is inconsistent with the legislative intent of the City Council to protect major

61 public open space. On all other issues presented by Appellants in this appeal, I respectfully
62 find that those issues are either not ripe, are mooted by the proposed findings below, or that
63 they should be denied on their merits.

64

65 II. RELEVANT BACKGROUND

66 The relevant procedural background associated with the application site is multifaceted
67 and entangled with various layers of approvals over the course of several years. In this appeal,
68 the Appellants and the Applicants stipulated that the record should be supplemented to include
69 records of those approvals. The parties also supplemented the record with written arguments
70 and additional exhibits which by stipulation are also included in the record. Because of the
71 numerous additions to the record, I have re-Bates stamped the record.¹

72 In September 2017, the Development Review Board (DRB) approved the Applicants’
73 application for a site plan, encompassing the then entire 18.79-acre site which is the subject of
74 this appeal. [R. 313]. That site plan apparently encompassed three lots between Paseo Del
75 Norte N.W. and Rosa Parks Road, along Kimmick Drive [R. 313]. At the time, the original
76 site plan for the site was subject to the design regulations in the Volcano Cliffs Sector Plan
77 which was subsequently repealed and replaced by the IDO [R. 639].

78 The Applicants then sought a rezoning for 8.7 acres of the site from MX-L to MX-M
79 which at the time encompassed the lot 1 (Tract 1-A in the 2022 amended site plan described
80 below) [R. 004]. On October 10, 2019, the Environmental Planning Commission (EPC)

1. Throughout this recommendation, for clarity, when I reference the record, I will be referencing the re-Bates stamped record only.

81 approved the Applicants' rezoning application. [R. 223].²

82 Significant to this appeal, on June 16, 2022, the EPC had approved a rezoning of 35-
83 acres of land from R-1D to NR-PO-B which is considered under the IDO as MPOS land [R.
84 011, 104]. Under IDO, § 6-7(G)(1), the EPC is the final decision-maker in approving NR-PO-
85 B zone map amendments and the rezoning that created the MPOS was effective on June 16,
86 2022, when the EPC approved the application. The rezoning resulted in newly created MPOS
87 land directly caddy-corner to the application site at the south side of the intersection of
88 Kimmick Drive, and Rosa Parks Road N.W. [R. 011, 104].³

89 Then, on August 4, 2022, the Applicants applied to the DRB to amend the September
90 2017 site plan, submitted a proposed amended site plan, and also requested approval of a
91 preliminary plat for the site [R. 497]. The application included inaccurate area maps from the
92 Albuquerque Geographic Information System (AGIS), a network of advanced mapping layers
93 of land uses, including existing zoning statuses of the lands within the city's municipal
94 boundary. The AGIS maps did not show the newly zoned MPOS lands at the caddy-corner
95 intersection of Kimmick Drive and Rosa Parks Road [R. 032, 496, 500, 509]. However,
96 testimony in the appeal hearing (AC-23-14) shows that the DRB knew of the MPOS rezoning
97 [R. 927-928]. On October 26, 2022, the DRB held its first hearing on the application [R. 602-
98 625]. After deferring a decision, the DRB approved the application requests at its November

2. An EPC condition of the rezoning approval was that the Applicants' plat results in lot lines that coincide with the internal rezoning boundaries as required by IDO, 6-7(G)(2).

3. The evidence indicates that Consensus Planning was the agent for the city applicant in the rezoning that created the MPOS. Consensus Planning is also the agent for the Applicants, in the preliminary plat, amended site plan, and final plat applications in this matter.

99 9, 2022, hearing [R. 628-672].⁴ Although new MPOS lands were created at the south side of
100 Kimmick Dr. and Rosa Parks Rd. NW intersection of the application site, the DRB had already
101 concluded informally, outside of the public hearings, that the MPOS was not sufficiently
102 adjacent to the application site [R. 926-927]. In addition, the DRB and the Applicants did not
103 address, acknowledge, or otherwise publicly discuss the inaccuracies in the AGIS zone maps
104 submitted with the application. [R. 628-672].

105 On November 28, 2022, these Appellants and others filed a timely administrative
106 appeal of the DRB's November 9, 2022, decision. An administrative Land Use appeal hearing
107 was subsequently held and in a scheduled public hearing on March 6, 2023, the City Council
108 accepted the proposed findings, denying the appeal.⁵ The Appellants appealed the City
109 Council's decision to the Bernalillo County District Court on April 3, 2023.⁶ the District Court
110 appeal to this day remains undecided.

111 Next, the record shows that on June 22, 2023, the Applicants filed an application to the
112 Development Hearing Officer (DHO) for Major-Final Plat approval [R. 029]. Then, on July
113 12, 2023, the DHO held a public hearing on the application and subsequently approved the

4. The amendments also essentially replaced the design regulations that were adopted into the site plan from the Volcano Cliffs Sector Development Plan. In addition, because lands were also dedicated for additional right-of-way for Paseo Del Norte, the application site was reduced to 18.23 acres from 18.7 acres.

5. The city administrative appeal (AC-23-1) was about the amended site plan, not the preliminary plat. And issues about whether the La Cuentista MPOS was adjacent to the application site was not presented in that appeal.

6. *Westside Coalition of Neighborhood Associations and Michael Vorhees v. City of Albuquerque*, et al., No. D-202-CV-2023-02637.

114 final plat application in a written decision [R. 068-092 and 026-027 respectively]. This
115 administrative appeal under the IDO was subsequently timely filed [R. 017-025]. An extended
116 quasi-judicial administrative appeal hearing was held on October 4, 2023 [R. 808].

117

118 III. APPEAL ISSUES

119 In this appeal, Appellants presented nine (9) issues of error in the reviews and approvals
120 of the amended site plan, the preliminary plat, and the final plat.⁷ Appellants first contend that
121 when the DRB reviewed and then finally approved the amended site plan and the preliminary
122 plat, it lacked authority to conduct a quasi-judicial hearing and therefore the subsequent
123 approval by the DHO is also invalid [R. 022]. As detailed below, I find that the DRB review
124 process was flawed for other reasons. Appellants also contend that the final plat does not
125 conform to the original 2017 site plan and therefore, the plats are both invalid [R. 023].
126 Notably, the 2017 site plan was amended on November 9, 2022, with the DRB’s decision. The
127 final plat must conform to the amended site plan, not the 2017 site plan. Appellants next
128 contend that the Applicants presented “incorrect and misleading” evidence to the DRB
129 regarding the zoning of the MPOS land [R. 023]. The evidence in the record supports this
130 claim.

131 Regarding the DHO hearing, Appellants argue that the DHO erred because Appellants

7. Under the July 15, 2022, IDO in effect at the time, Appellants were unable to administratively appeal the preliminary plat. Although this appeal is from a decision of the DHO, because the IDO prevented Appellants from appealing the preliminary plat decision of the DRB, and because the preliminary plat and the final plat are substantially connected procedurally and factually (discussed below), the Appellants are raising the flaws in the preliminary plat approval now.

132 raised the above issues regarding the MPOS at the hearing and the DHO failed to address any
133 of them in the written decision [R. 023]. Appellants also claim that the DHO should have
134 recused himself from hearing the applicant’s final plat application because he allegedly has a
135 bias against Appellant Michael Voorhees and/or a conflict of interest [R. 023]. Appellants
136 further argue that the DHO decision is invalid because even though Mr. Voorhees requested a
137 copy of the DHO’s final decision, it was apparently not sent to him. [R. 024]. Next, Appellants
138 suggest that because the preliminary plat approvals were appealed to the District Court, the
139 final plat review and decision should have been stayed (deferred) by the DHO until the District
140 Court appeal is resolved [R. 023].

141 The last set of issues presented concern the MPOS land which is situated caddy-corner
142 from the application site at the southeast side of the intersection of Rosa Parks Road and
143 Kimmick Drive, NW. Appellants claim that the MPOS is “adjacent” to the application site and
144 therefore a Site Plan-EPC must first be submitted and approved by the EPC before the
145 preliminary and final plats could have been approved. Appellant also argue the DHO erred
146 when he did not make any official findings on whether the MPOS is adjacent to the final plat
147 application site. Finally, Appellants claim that city planning staff violated the IDO when they
148 informally made a “declaratory like” decision behind closed doors to decide that the MPOS is
149 not adjacent to the application site. They suggest that issue of adjacency and the decision-
150 making to conclude that the MPOS was not adjacent to the application site should have been
151 carried out in a public quasi-judicial setting or in the public hearings on the preliminary and
152 final plats [R. 022].

153 The Applicant-Appellees (Applicants) deny the Appellants’ claims of error, but they

154 also take the position that based on IDO, § 6-4(V)(2), Appellant Michael Voorhees does not
155 have standing to appeal the DHO’s decision. The Applicants stipulate that the Westside
156 Coalition of Neighborhood Associations (WSCNA) have standing to appeal, but they
157 challenge whether the WSCNA leadership have approved the appeal.

158

159 **IV. STANDARD OF REVIEW**

160 A review of an administrative appeal under the IDO is a whole record review to
161 determine whether the decision-maker’s decision was fraudulent, arbitrary, or capricious under
162 the IDO; or whether the decision is not supported by substantial evidence; or if in approving
163 the application, the decision-maker erred in the facts, or in applying any applicable IDO
164 provisions, policy, or regulation. IDO, § 6-4(V)(4). At the time the final plat application was
165 submitted and reviewed, the July 2022 IDO was in effect; therefore, it is appropriate that the
166 same IDO version also be applicable to adjudicate this administrative appeal.

167

168 **V. DISCUSSION**

169 The core issue in this appeal turns on the meaning of “adjacent” in the IDO and relates
170 to whether the DRB and the DHO could lawfully approve the plats under the IDO without the
171 Applicants first having obtained approval of a Site Plan-EPC. If the definition of “adjacent”
172 under the IDO brings into its fold the subject MPOS lands, then the platting approvals by the
173 DRB and the DHO are premature without a Site-Plan EPC. It is undisputed that the Applicants

174 have not applied for a Site Plan-EPC.⁸ After the threshold issue of standing is addressed, the
175 bigger issue regarding the adjacency question will be discussed in detail as it may be
176 dispositive of the appeal. However, discussions of the other issues will follow.

177 **A. Appellant Michael Voorhees has standing to appeal the DHO decision.**

178 In response to this appeal, the Applicants through counsel argue that Mr. Voorhees
179 lacks standing to appeal the DHO’s decision because he does not reside or own property within
180 330-feet of the application site [R. 208]. See IDO, § 6-4(V)(2)(a)5 and the associated Table
181 6-4-2 for standing, which essentially requires an appellant to have a property interest within
182 330-feet of an application site. Mr. Voorhees did not dispute that he resides over 2,000 feet
183 from the application site. It is clear that Mr. Voorhees lacks standing based on his proximity
184 to the application site.

185 The Applicants also contend that Mr. Voorhees lacks standing arising from a “legal
186 right” that is “specially and adversely affected by the decision” in this matter. IDO, § 6-
187 4(V)(2)(a)4. I respectfully disagree. Mr. Voorhees’ sworn testimony at the administrative
188 appeal hearing demonstrates that as a resident of the Petroglyphs Estates he personally utilizes
189 the nearby La Cuentista MPOS lands for recreation [R. 825-826]. Although, the enjoyment of
190 someone else’s private property is normally not a legal right Mr. Voorhees can claim for
191 standing, in this case the decision implicates public open space. The La Quentista MPOS is
192 “City-owned or managed property” and it is set aside “primarily for facilitating recreation” by
193 the public. See IDO, § 7-1, Definitions, MPOS and Extraordinary Facility.

8. Note that the EPC did approve a site plan for the site in 2017; however, that site plan was replaced with an amended site plan when the DRB approved the Applicants’ amended site plan and preliminary plat in November 2022.

194 Entwined in the objective of and purpose for creating major public open space is an
195 implied interest or right for Albuquerque residents to lawfully use it. Certainly, under the
196 United States Constitution, Mr. Voorhees has a constitutional First Amendment right to
197 *lawfully* exercise free speech on public open space land. Similarly, at least for purposes of
198 standing to have an interest in a decision that arguably impacts the La Cuentista MPOS, Mr.
199 Voorhees, as a member of the public, has a somewhat analogous legal right to recreate on
200 public lands that are specifically dedicated for that purpose. As § 6-4(V)(2)(a)4 demands, Mr.
201 Voorhees’ legal right to utilize the open space is arguably “specially and adversely affected”
202 by the platting decisions in this matter. That is, because of the close proximity of the
203 application site to the MPOS, it is conceivable and rational that the platting decisions do in
204 fact impact the Mr. Voorhees’ interest in that MPOS land—an interest to assure that the IDO
205 regulations pertaining to MPOS are met. In addition, under the related earlier appeal (AC-23-
206 1) which is now pending in the District Court, the Applicants and their same legal counsel
207 stipulated that Mr. Voorhees’ had standing in that matter which concerned the same application
208 site **[R. 231]**.

209 Accordingly, because the application site and the decision appealed has an obvious and
210 sufficient connection to the MPOS, I find that Mr. Voorhees’ legal right to make use of the
211 MPOS, is “*specially affected by the decision.*” Thus, Mr. Voorhees has standing under § 6-
212 4(V)(2)(a)4.

213 There is no dispute that the WSCNA appellants have standing. The testimony of
214 WSCNA President, Elizabeth K. Haley during the appeal hearing confirms that the WSCNA
215 Executive Board approved the filing of the administrative appeal.

216 **B. The DRB’s review of the preliminary plat was flawed.**

217 The record of the DRB’s review of the amended site plan and the preliminary plat
218 shows that the DRB and the Applicants did not *publicly* disclose or otherwise overtly
219 acknowledge in as late as November 9, 2022, that Consensus Planning submitted with their
220 application inaccurate zone maps of the area. The area zone maps that the Applicants did
221 submit with their application did not show the rezoned 35-acres of new NR-PO-B (MPOS)
222 zoned lands. Consensus Planning was the city’s agent for the MPOS rezoning and is the agent
223 in the platting and site plan application in this matter. Despite this fact, Consensus Planning
224 Principal, Jackie Fishman testified that until the DRB brought it up at the hearing on the
225 Applicants’ application, she was unaware of the June 2022 rezoning that created 35-acres of
226 new MPOS land near the application site [R. 885-887]. Ms. Fishman explained that she was
227 unaware because the rezoning was not personally handled by her but by another employee of
228 her firm, Consensus Planning [R. 884-885].

229 Associate Planning Director Jolene Wolfley testified in the administrative appeal
230 hearing that she knew there was a newly created MPOS caddy-corner to the application site
231 [R. 927-928].⁹ Since it was determined informally (prior to the hearings) that the MPOS was
232 not pertinent to the issue of whether it was adjacent to the application site, the matter was not
233 substantively discussed at the preliminary plat hearings [R. 929].

234 The Appellants take the position that Ms. Fishman should have known or did know of
235 the June 2022 rezoning and that the inaccurate submission is more than a mistake. Specifically,

9. Ms. Wolfley was the Chairperson of the DRB when the DRB was tasked with reviewing the amended site plan and preliminary plat application.

236 Appellants argue that Ms. Fishman had to have known that the area zoning maps she submitted
237 with the amended site plan and preliminary plat application were inaccurate since her firm
238 represented the city in the MPOS rezoning. Appellants further contend that the inaccurate
239 maps submitted with the application required the DRB to conclude that the application was
240 either “incomplete” or that the submission of inaccurate maps was cause for the DRB to deny
241 the application.

242 Irrespective of who knew what, it is a fact that the Applicants did submit inaccurate
243 area zoning maps to the DRB with its application [R. 032, 496, 500, 509]. The maps submitted
244 by the Applicants showed that the 35-acres of MPOS land was R-1D zoned land not NR-PO-
245 B (MPOS). In addition, the record supports that, as a result of discretionary decision-making
246 that occurred outside of a public hearing, the DRB considered that the inaccuracies in the
247 application were unimportant to their decision-making under the IDO.

248 These multiple flaws were not harmless error. Although the inaccurate maps came
249 from the AGIS network which apparently was not updated to reflect the June 2022 rezoning,
250 because city DRB staff knew of the rezoning, it must have also known that the maps submitted
251 with the application were inaccurate. The DRB had a duty under the IDO, § 1-7(C) to ensure
252 that “*based on conditions that exist...when the application was accepted*” the application was
253 in fact “*complete.*” Inaccuracies in an application are tantamount to an incomplete application.
254 Similarly, and perhaps more importantly, the DRB had a duty to the public to disclose the
255 inaccuracy in its public hearing.

256 I find that the Applicants, through their agent, Consensus Planning, with minimal due
257 diligence, should have known that their preliminary plat application maps were inaccurate. As

258 the agent for the MPOS rezoning, they were mailed notice of the rezoning decision a few
259 months before the DRB application was submitted [R. 807]. I also find that the DRB had a
260 duty to the public and to the Applicants to disclose in a public meeting what they knew about
261 the inaccuracy.¹⁰ Remaining silent about the whole matter is inconsistent with the fundamental
262 principles of justice and the procedural due process due to the public and necessary in
263 administrative hearings. See generally *State Ex Rel. Battershell v. City of Albuquerque*, 1989-
264 NMCA-045. Thus, the DRB erred. However, as I describe below, I also find that the
265 preliminary and final plats, were not properly before the DRB or the DHO in the first place.

266 **C. The Applicants’ and city planning staffs’ interpretation of the definition of**
267 **“adjacent” in the IDO is unreasoned, inconsistent, and erroneous.**

268
269 Turning now to the crux of this appeal, the determination that a parcel of land is
270 adjacent to MPOS under the IDO is consequential. If a site encompassing 5-acres or more is
271 adjacent to MPOS, a Site Plan-EPC is required “*prior* to any platting action.” Subsection 5-
272 4(C) is headed “Compliance with Zoning Requirements” and its subsection 5-4(C)(6) states in
273 full:

274 In the PD and NR-SU zone districts, and **for development in any zone**
275 **district on a site 5 acres or greater adjacent to Major Public Open**
276 **Space, an approved Site Plan – EPC is required prior to any platting**
277 **action.** In the PC zone district, an approved Framework Plan is required
278 prior to any platting action. Subsequent platting must conform to the
279 approved plans. (Emphasis added).
280

10. In the past, Planning Staff with the city have officially notified applicants of deficiencies in applications by sending an applicant a “deficiency Notice.” Deficiency notices are a formal request that the applicants correct deficiencies found in applications. These deficiency notices are included in the records of applications. At the very least, this normally routine process should have occurred in this matter to advise the Applicants that the area zone maps they submitted are inaccurate and to resubmit accurate information.

281 Thus, if this provision is applicable to the application site, the preliminary and final plats
282 should not have been approved without the Applicants first obtaining the EPC’s approval of a
283 Site Plan-EPC. There is no dispute that the application site is greater than 5 acres in size and
284 that it comprises of the subdividing of lots. Setting aside the adjacency issue for a moment,
285 the Applicants contend that the preliminary and final platting of the site is not “development”
286 for purposes of IDO, § 5-4(C)(6) above. The Applicants are clearly wrong.

287 IDO, § 5-4 contains the general provisions for “promoting the public health, safety, and
288 general welfare” through the regulation of subdivisions of land in the city. The definition of
289 “development” in the IDO expressly includes “*any activity that alters...lot lines on a*
290 *property.*” IDO, Definition of Development, §7-1. It cannot be disputed that the Applicants’
291 applications were in part to obtain approval to “alter lot lines” within the application site. Thus,
292 the Applicants’ platting applications meet the definition of both subdivision and development
293 under the IDO. And although arguably the altering of lot lines was partly to fulfill an October
294 9, 2019, EPC condition for the rezoning at the application site, it was the Applicants who
295 sought the rezoning amendment to rezone 8.7 acres of the site from MX-L to MX-M [R. 004].
296 Just because the submission of the preliminary plat was partly to satisfy an EPC condition, the
297 EPC condition cannot be seized as a basis to argue that the platting was compulsory and is
298 somehow not development under IDO, § 5-4(C)(6) as suggested in this appeal.

299 Moving now to whether the MPOS is adjacent to the application site, the definition of
300 the term “adjacent” in the IDO states in full:

301 **Adjacent**

302 Those properties that are abutting or separated only by a street, alley, trail,
303 or utility easement, whether public or private. See also Alley, Multi-use
304 Trail, Private Way, Right-of-way, and Street.

305 IDO, § 7-1, p. 541.

306 Under New Mexico law, if an ordinance makes sense as it is written, language which
307 is not there should not be read into it. *High Ridge Hinkle Joint Venture v. City of Albuquerque*,
308 1998-NMSC-050, ¶ 5. In interpreting language of an ordinance, another rule of construction
309 is that the entire ordinance is to be read as a whole and each part is to be construed in
310 connection with every other part so as to produce a harmonious whole. *Burroughs v. Board of*
311 *County Comm'rs*, 1975-NMSC-05, ¶ 14. Consequently, the “plain language” of the definition
312 of adjacent is the “primary indicator of legislative intent.” *High Ridge Hinkle Joint Venture v.*
313 *City of Albuquerque*, 1998-NMSC-050, ¶ 5. Applying these rules of statutory interpretation to
314 this matter, it is clear that the interpretation that the city staff relied upon to determine that the
315 application site is not adjacent to the MPOS is unreasonable.

316 Associate Planning Director Wolfley testified in the administrative appeal hearing that
317 city staff believe that the IDO should be interpreted “strictly” with regard to the definition of
318 “adjacent” [R. 924]. Meanwhile, in Planning Staff’s strict interpretation, lands caddy-corner,
319 separated only by an intersection of *two* streets is not considered adjacent to one another. City
320 staff and the Applicants essentially take the position that the phrase “*separated only by a*
321 *street*” in the definition of adjacent means that that MPOS and another parcel must be
322 separated only by “*one*” street to be considered adjacent to one another.

323 Associate Planning Director Wolfley further testified that parcels of land caddy-corner
324 to one another that are separated by only an intersection of two streets have only “one point in
325 space” of “tangency” in which they are geometrically adjacent to one another [R. 924].
326 Evidently, in city staff’s assessment, the physical space of adjacency in the street intersection

327 of Kimmick Dr. and Rosa Parks Rd. is insufficient or too small to meet the definition of
328 adjacent in the IDO. Implicit in this complicated interpretation is (1) a concession that, even if
329 it is a small amount of physical space, there is adjacency between the MPOS and the
330 application site, and (2) staff are reading into the IDO’s definition that a certain unidentified
331 measure of physical adjacency is necessary to satisfy the IDO’s definition of the term
332 “adjacent.”

333 Notwithstanding that the strict interpretation is unreasoned, I find that even under the
334 strict interpretation proffered by city staff and the Applicants in this appeal, the MPOS is
335 adjacent to the application site. On this basis alone, it should have been determined by the
336 DRB that the preliminary plat application was submitted prematurely because a Site Plan-EPC
337 had not been applied for, much less approved.

338 Associate Planning Director Wolfley also testified that a strict interpretation is
339 necessary because *“there’s quite a bit of implication for a property owner if they are*
340 *determined to be adjacent”* [R. 924]. I find this rationale irrelevant to interpreting IDO
341 definitions. Potential impact on property rights is not a basis for city planning staff to decide
342 whether provisions of the IDO should be ignored or not enforced. These are considerations
343 normally associated with the enactment of ordinances, not their enforcement. However, I do
344 find that protecting MPOS is a significant legislative intent and purpose for § 5-2(J)(2) and §
345 5-4(C)(6) of the IDO.

346 Furthermore, I find that not only is staffs’ “strict” interpretation erroneous with the
347 plain meaning of the IDO’s definition of adjacent, but I also find that city staff abused their
348 authority under the IDO when they determined under this strict interpretation that the measure

349 or quantum of physical adjacency required is too small to meet the IDO’s definition. Briefly
350 stated, it is obvious that the definition of adjacent in the IDO does not contemplate that there
351 be a certain measure of physical adjacent space for properties to be considered adjacent to each
352 other. It is an arbitrary and capricious interpretation because the definition of “adjacent” in
353 the IDO does not have or contemplate any minimal measurement thresholds. Staff’s
354 interpretation violates basic rules of statutory construction. See *Burroughs v. Board of County*
355 *Comm’rs*, 1975-NMSC-05, ¶ 14, and *High Ridge Hinkle Joint Venture v. City of Albuquerque*,
356 1998-NMSC-050, ¶ 5.

357 In addition, staff’s strict interpretation is problematic because it discounts or disregards
358 other terms in the definition which must be harmonized with any interpretation. For example,
359 in the definition, properties that are separated only by “utility easement” are also considered
360 to be adjacent. However, under the city staffs’ strict interpretation, if there is more than “one”
361 utility easement that separates the properties at issue, or if the properties are separated only by
362 two intersecting utility easements (both examples can be a regular occurrence), then the
363 properties cannot be considered to be adjacent. As shown in the next subsection, the meaning
364 of adjacent can easily be defined without resorting to adding words or reading subjective
365 measurement proportions into the definition.

366 **D. Under a plain reading of the IDO’s definition of the term “adjacent,” the**
367 **application site is adjacent to the La Cuentista MPOS.**
368

369 In the IDO’s definition of adjacent, the word “a” in the phrase “*separated only by a*
370 *street, alley, trail, or utility easement*” is grammatically used as an indefinite article. As an
371 indefinite article, it operates to signal that the labels “*a street, alley, trail, or utility easement*”
372 are descriptions of general groups of the nouns (street, alley, trail, and utility easement). The

373 labels are not referents of these nouns in the singular but *any* version of these nouns. In other
374 words, grammatically, the phrase “separated only by *a* street, alley, trail, or utility easement”
375 does not mean “separated by only one street, one alley, one trail, or one utility easement.”

376 Furthermore, how “a street, alley, trail, or utility easement” are classified in the IDO
377 cannot be lost in their meaning as they apply to the definition of adjacent in the IDO. These
378 labels are nomenclature that are all classified in the IDO as public or private “right-of-way” of
379 which is explicitly also unambiguously and distinctly referenced in the second sentence in the
380 definitional language of the term “adjacent.” This is integral to any interpretation of the term
381 adjacent and cannot be ignored. Of particular importance is the second sentence of the
382 definition of Adjacent. It states: “*See also Alley, Multi-use Trail, Private Way, Right-of-way,*
383 *and Street.*” Because these terms are expressly referenced in the definition, they are part of the
384 definition, and these terms must be reconciled with any interpretation of the term “adjacent”
385 in the IDO. The binding connection between the terms “Alley, Multi-use Trail, Private Way,
386 Right-of-way, and Street” is that they are all considered public or private rights-of-way under
387 IDO, § 7-1.

388 In the IDO, the definitions of “right-of-way” and “street” includes “public right-of-
389 way.” Public right-of-way is defined as:

390 “Land deeded, reserved or dedicated by plat, or otherwise acquired by any
391 unit of government for the purposes of movement of vehicles, bicycles,
392 pedestrian traffic, and/or for conveyance of public utility services and
393 drainage.”
394

395 How the term “street” is defined in the IDO is also crucial. Under the IDO, “street” means:

396 The portion of a public right-of-way or private way, from curb to curb (or
397 from edge of paving to edge of paving if there is no curb, or from edge of

398 visible travel way to edge of visible travel way, if there is no paving), that is
399 *primarily devoted to vehicular use.* (Emphasis added).

400
401 IDO, § 7-1, p. 600.

402 Turning back now to the definition of adjacent, the phrase “separated only by a street” in the
403 definition is consistent with the grammatical use of the term as an indefinite article and it is
404 consistent with the definition of “right-of-way.” Put another way, “street” is a general
405 description of public right-of-way “primarily devoted for vehicular use.” In simple terms, land
406 dedicated for vehicular use is considered street and vice versa. It is incontrovertible that street
407 intersections are “primarily devoted to vehicular use” and are public right-of-way.

408 Only from giving meaning to all terms in the definitional language of “adjacent” can
409 the correct meaning be properly interpreted, and the legislative intent identified. Thus,
410 properties separated only by the referenced types of private or public right-of-way (“street,
411 alley, trail, or utility easement”) are considered adjacent to one another and specifically, the
412 phrase “separated only by a street” refers to all parts of public right-of way; street encompasses
413 the land primarily devoted to vehicular use which inevitably includes street intersections unless
414 otherwise noted in the IDO.

415 Under this interpretation, words and unidentified measurement expanses of physical
416 space are not read into the definition. Moreover, this interpretation, as it relates to MPOS, is
417 consistent with the legislative intent in the IDO to protect MPOS. Simply stated, development
418 separated “only by” the public right-of-way encompassing “street, alley, trail, or utility
419 easement” must meet the additional IDO provisions (§ 5-2(J)(2)) designed to protect MPOS.

420 In applying the proper interpretation to the facts of this case, it is clear that what
421 separates the MPOS land and the application site on the south-east side of the site is only public

422 right-of-way—the intersection of Kimmick Dr. and Rosa Parks Rd. The MPOS and the
423 application site are in fact adjacent to one another and because of this simple fact, the
424 Applicants should not have and cannot obtain platting approval without first obtaining
425 approval of a Site Plan-EPC as required by IDO, § 5-4(C)(6).

426 **E. Prior to all platting of the application site, the Applicants must first apply for**
427 **a Site Plan-EPC.**

428
429 To expeditiously resolve this appeal, the amended site plan, and the preliminary plat
430 approval should be revoked and the final plat denied. After the June 2022 EPC rezoning,
431 MPOS land became adjacent to the Applicants’ site requiring a Site Plan-EPC under IDO, §
432 5-4(C)(6). The DRB and the subsequent DHO approvals were not only premature, but they
433 violated IDO procedure and are invalid without a Site Plan-EPC.

434 Associate Planning Director Wolfley testified in the appeal hearing that if city staff had
435 concluded that IDO, § 5-4(C)(6) was applicable, only a small “buffer in an arc” on the
436 application site near the street intersection would be required to protect the MPOS [R. 941].
437 Respectfully, whatever is required cannot be a justification for circumventing IDO processes.
438 Notwithstanding though, it is evident that the IDO requires more when development under §
439 5-4(C)(6) is adjacent to MPOS land. First, it is the EPC that will evaluate the site plan in a
440 quasi-judicial hearing open to the public. Second, under § 5-2(J)(2)(b), the Applicants must
441 design access, circulation, parking, and aesthetics, to minimize any impacts on the MPOS.
442 With the clear understanding that the application site is adjacent to MPOS, design protections
443 must be reviewed by the staff of the Open Space Division of the City Parks and Recreation
444 Department as well as city Planning staff. Protection of the MPOS will be publicly discussed
445 in terms of it being formally determined that it is adjacent to the application site. Moreover,

446 the EPC has authority under the IDO to set any other reasonable conditions necessary to
447 accomplish the intent of protecting MPOS.

448 Next, the Appellants are correct that the Applicants do not have a vested right to the
449 approved preliminary plat especially since it was based on inaccurate evidence and was
450 approved in violation of IDO procedure. And whether the Applicants relied on the AGIS or
451 not in their submission of the inaccurate maps, the Applicants' agents, with due diligence,
452 should have known of the MPOS since they were also the agents for the city in creating the
453 MPOS and were sent mailed notice of the EPC's approval [R. 807].

454 **F. Unless the District Court orders a stay on the administrative processes, the**
455 **administrative applications, their review, and administrative adjudication**
456 **under the IDO should continue.**

457
458 Appellants take the position in this appeal that the City should defer all decisions on
459 the application site until the District Court finally resolves the issues in the District Court
460 appeal. The Appellants concede that a City Council stay on the matter would be discretionary
461 and is not required [R. 122]. Unless the District Court issues an Order compelling the City to
462 stay the application process, there is no compelling reason to defer a decision on this matter or
463 to prevent the Applicants from following the correct application process.

464 **G. The record of the DHO hearing.**

465
466 Appellant Michael Voorhees believes that the DHO holds a grudge against him or has
467 "personal animus" for him [R. 124]. He also contends that the DHO has an actual conflict of
468 interest or that there is an appearance of a conflict of interest. I respectfully disagree that there
469 is any evidence of animosity, a conflict, or an appearance of a conflict of interest.

470 Specifically, Appellant contends as the basis for the conflict that “several years ago”
471 when the DHO (David Campbell) was the Planning Director for the City, Mr. Voorhees filed
472 an appeal and, in that appeal, he made “numerous allegations of misconduct” (presumably
473 against Mr. Campbell) [R. 068-071]. Appellant Voorhees also claims that he “met in person
474 on two previous occasions and had extensive conversations” again presumably with Mr.
475 Campbell [R. 071-072].

476 In the DHO hearing, Mr. David Campbell responded, advising Mr. Voorhees that he
477 could not recall either meeting with him and he could not recall the allegations Mr. Voorhees
478 made against him several years ago [R. 070-071]. The DHO then responded to Mr. Voorhees’
479 request that he recuse himself from hearing the application [R. 072]. The DHO said:

480 Okay. Thank you. Duly noted. I have -- I have no recollection of any of this
481 that you're talking about and don't have a -- I think what you're saying is
482 that this -- it doesn't relate to the case at issue here; is that correct?

483 ...

484 All right. Thank you for raising that. And you say you have one other -- the
485 DHO does not have a conflict on this, and there is no personal animus.

486 ...

487 And I want – again, there are no personal grudge or animus against you for
488 something that I have no recollection of.

489 [R. 070-071].
490

491 Establishing a conflict of interest or an appearance of a conflict of interest requires
492 more than what is in this record. Other than the allegation from Appellant, there is no evidence
493 whatsoever that the DHO holds any animosity for Mr. Voorhees, nor is there objective
494 evidence of a conflict. Furthermore, there is no evidence that the DHO prejudged the facts of
495 the Applicants’ application. For a detailed discussion on what evidence is necessary to
496 disqualify a tribunal See *Las Cruces Prof'l Fire Fighters v. City of Las Cruces*, 1997-NMCA-

497 031. The fact that Mr. Voorhees perceives that the allegations he made in a previous case
498 “years ago” create an appearance of a conflict, does not in and of itself make it so. The
499 allegations in that previous case have nothing to do with the facts in this matter. In fact, Mr.
500 Campbell was not even a hearing officer when Mr. Voorhees complained of Mr. Campbell. In
501 addition, there is no evidence of the truth of the allegations when Mr. Campbell was the
502 Planning Director, and if there were, that would likely be insufficient to disqualify him from
503 sitting in judgment on this matter. As stated above the evidentiary requirements under law are
504 more nuanced to disqualify the DHO.

505 Appellants next contend that the DHO staff failed to send Appellant Voorhees a copy
506 of the DHO’s final written decision and therefore the decision should be reversed as a
507 consequence. Appellants cite to the most recent iteration of the IDO effective July 27, 2023,
508 § 6-4(M)(6) which essentially requires decision making bodies to, among other things, send
509 “*each party to the matter and to any other person who has entered an appearance and*
510 *requested a copy of the decision.*” Notably, this language is not in the July 15, 2022, version
511 of the IDO, which is applicable in this appeal. Although, anyone requesting a copy of a
512 decision should be sent the decision, the error in this matter is harmless because Appellants,
513 including Mr. Voorhees, filed a timely appeal of the DHO’s decision.

514

515 VI. PROPOSED FINDINGS

516 Pursuant to IDO, § 6-4(V)(3)(d)5, I respectfully find that the below findings are warranted,
517 supported by substantial evidence, and I recommend that they be adopted.

518 1. This is an appeal of a July 12, 2023, decision approving a final plat based on a

519 preliminary plat and amended site plan by the DHO.

520 2. Appellant WSCNA has standing to pursue this appeal under § 6-4(V)(2)(a)5.

521 3. Appellant Michael Voorhees has standing to pursue this appeal under § 6-
522 4(V)(2)(a)4.

523 4. The DRB's November 9, 2022, decision approving the preliminary plat was not
524 appealable under § 6-4(U)(1) of IDO update, effective July 15, 2022.

525 5. The DHO's July 12, 2023, decision approving the final plat is appealable under the
526 July 15, 2022 IDO which was in effect when the final decision was made.

527 6. Pursuant to IDO, § 6-6(L)(3)(c), the final plat must conform to the preliminary plat.

528 7. Pursuant to IDO, § 6-6(L)(2)(g) the final plat and the preliminary plat are required
529 to meet all applicable regulations and conditions of approvals, including previous approvals.

530 8. Pursuant to IDO, § 5-2(J)(2) and § 5-4(C)(6), prior to all platting of any development
531 greater than 5-acres in size, a Site Plan-EPC is required when the proposed plat site is adjacent
532 to any MPOS.

533 9. It is undisputed that the Applicants did not apply for or ever obtain Site-Plan EPC
534 approval for development at the 18.23-acre application site.

535 10. On June 16, 2022, the EPC approved an application by the City to rezone 35 acres
536 of land to NR-PO-B (MPOS). This MPOS is known as the La Quentista MPOS, and it is
537 located between Kimmick Dr. NW and Ridgeway Dr. NW and on the south side of Rosa Parks
538 Rd. NW.

539 11. The agent for the City in the rezoning application was Consensus Planning who is
540 also the agent for the Applicants of the amended site plan, preliminary, and final plat

541 applications.

542 12. The La Quentista MPOS is situated caddy-corner to the Applicants' application site
543 at the southwest intersection of Kimmick Dr. NW and Rosa Parks Rd. NW.

544 13. The La Quentista MPOS is adjacent to the Applicants' application site because it is
545 separated from the Applicants' application site by only street public right-of-way.

546 14. The DRB erred in approving the amended site plan and preliminary plat in
547 November 2022.

548 15. In its approval of the amended site plan and the preliminary plat, the DRB failed to
549 acknowledge at its public hearing that the Applicants' application site is situated adjacent to
550 the La Quentista MPOS as that term is defined in the IDO.

551 16. In addition, at some point in time prior to the two hearings on the amended site plan
552 and preliminary plat (October 26, and November 9, 2022, hearings), the DRB unofficially
553 concluded (not in the DRB public hearings) that the La Quentista MPOS was not adjacent to
554 the application site and in doing so, they misinterpreted and misapplied the IDO.

555 17. The amended site plan and the preliminary plat do not account for the adjacent
556 MPOS, and the amended site plan and preliminary plat do not in any manner demonstrate that
557 the applicable IDO provisions of § 5-2(J)(2), are satisfied.

558 18. With the amended site plan and preliminary plat application, the Applicants
559 submitted to the DRB inaccurate zone maps of the area which did not show the rezoned 35-
560 acres as NR-PO-B zoned lands.

561 19. Because the DRB was aware of the EPC's previous rezoning, the DRB knew or
562 should have known that the Applicants' area zone-map submission was inaccurate.

563 20. The DRB disregarded or otherwise did not make any public disclosure in its public
564 hearings of the Applicants' inaccurate area zone map.

565 21. Without an approved Site Plan-EPC, as required by IDO, § 5-2(J)(2) and § 5-4(C)(6),
566 the DRB did not have authority to approve the Applicants' preliminary plat.

567 22. Because the DRB did not have authority to approve the preliminary plat, the
568 appropriate remedy is to revoke the preliminary plat.

569 23. Because there is no evidence in the amended site plan that the regulations for
570 protecting MPOS have been satisfied under IDO, § 5-2(J)(2) and § 5-4(C)(6), the amended site
571 plan should also be revoked.

572 24. Because the preliminary plat is factually and legally entwined with the final plat
573 under the IDO, the decision approving the final plat should be reversed.

574 25. Contrary to Appellant Voorhees' claim in this appeal, the record of the DHO hearing
575 on the final plat demonstrates that the DHO held no animosity for Mr. Voorhees.

576 26. Contrary to Appellants' claims, the DHO does not have a conflict of interest and
577 there is not sufficient evidence of an appearance of one in this matter.

578 27. Unless the District Court orders a stay on all administrative proceedings related to
579 the application site, which at this time there is no evidence of, this matter may run its course.

580 28. The amended site plan and the preliminary plat shall be revoked and the decision
581 approving the final plat shall be reversed.

582 Respectfully Submitted:

583

584  Steven M. Chavez, Esq.

585 Land Use Hearing Officer

586 October 18, 2023

587

588 Copies to:

589 City Council

590 Appellants

591 Appellees/ Party Opponents

592 Planning Staff

593

594 Notice to the Parties regarding City Council rules.

595

596 When the Council receives the Hearing Officer’s proposed disposition of an appeal, the
597 Council shall place the decision on the agenda of the next regular full Council meeting
598 provided that there is a period of at least 10 days between the receipt of the decision and the
599 Council meeting. The parties may submit comments to the Council through the Clerk of the
600 Council regarding the Hearing Officer’s decision and findings provided such comments are in
601 writing and received by the Clerk of the Council and the other parties of record four (4)
602 consecutive days prior to the Council “accept or reject” hearing. Parties submitting comments
603 in this manner must include a signed, written attestation that the comments being submitted
604 were delivered to all parties of record within this time frame, which attestation shall list the
605 individual(s) to whom delivery was made. Comments received by the Clerk of the Council that
606 are not in conformance with the requirements of this Section will not be distributed to
607 Councilors.



City of Albuquerque

City of Albuquerque
Government Center
One Civic Plaza
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Action Summary

City Council

Council President, Pat Davis, District 6
Council Vice-President, Renée Grout, District 9

Louie Sanchez, District 1; Isaac Benton, District 2
Klarissa J. Peña, District 3; Brook Bassan, District 4
Dan Lewis, District 5; Tammy Fiebelkorn, District 7
Trudy E. Jones, District 8

Wednesday, November 8, 2023

5:00 PM

Vincent E. Griego Chambers
One Civic Plaza NW
City of Albuquerque Government Center

TWENTY-FIFTH COUNCIL - FORTIETH MEETING

1. ROLL CALL

Present 9 - Brook Bassan, Isaac Benton, Pat Davis, Tammy Fiebelkorn, Renee Grout, Trudy Jones, Dan Lewis, Klarissa Peña, and Louie Sanchez

2. MOMENT OF SILENCE

Councilor Peña led the Pledge of Allegiance in English.
Councilor Bassan led the Pledge of Allegiance in Spanish.

3. PROCLAMATIONS & PRESENTATIONS

4. ADMINISTRATION QUESTION & ANSWER PERIOD

5. APPROVAL OF JOURNAL

October 16, 2023

6. COMMUNICATIONS AND INTRODUCTIONS

7. REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Finance and Government Operations Committee - October 23, 2023

8. CONSENT AGENDA: {Items may be removed at the request of any Councilor}

- a. [EC-23-376](#) City of Albuquerque Vision Zero Year-in-Review/Action Plan Update

A motion was made by Vice-President Grout that this matter be Receipt Be Noted. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Benton

- b. [EC-23-378](#) Approval of Outside Counsel for Workers Compensation Legal Services Agreement with YLAW, P.C.

A motion was made by Vice-President Grout that this matter be Approved. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Benton

- c. [EC-23-379](#) Approval of the Farolito Senior Community Development Agreement with Greater Albuquerque Housing Partnership to Utilize HUD HOME Funds Towards the New Construction of a Senior Rental Housing Project

A motion was made by Vice-President Grout that this matter be Approved. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Benton

- d. [EC-23-380](#) Authorization of Social Service Agreement with Youth Development Inc. to Provide Violence Intervention & Prevention Services to youth/young adults who are high risk of engaging in gun violence or violent crimes

A motion was made by Vice-President Grout that this matter be Approved. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Benton

- e. [AC-23-14](#) (VA-2023-00196) PR-2022-007712, SI-2023-00127 The Westside Coalition of Neighborhood Associations and Michael Voorhees appeal the Development Hearing Officer decision to approve a final plat, for all or a portion of Lot 5, Block 6 Volcano Cliffs Unit 26 & Lot 1, Block 2, Volcano Cliffs Unit 26 zoned MX-L & MX-M, located on Rosa Parks Rd. between Paseo Del Norte and Rosa Parks Rd. containing approximately 18.23 acre(s). (C-11)

A motion was made by Vice-President Grout that this matter be Withdrawn by Applicant. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Benton

9. ANNOUNCEMENTS

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**11. GENERAL PUBLIC COMMENTS****12. APPEALS****13. APPROVALS: {Contracts, Agreements, and Appointments}**

- a. [EC-23-377](#) Mayor's Recommendation of Award to Fresquez Concessions Inc. for "Food and Beverage Concessions Program at the Albuquerque International Sunport"

A motion was made by President Davis that this matter be Approved. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 7 - Bassan, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Against: 1 - Davis

Excused: 1 - Benton

14. FINAL ACTIONS

- f. [O-23-88](#) Repealing Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Board Ordinance; Abolishing The Current Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board; Adopting Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Ordinance; Creating The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board (Lewis)

A motion was made by President Davis that this matter be Tabled. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

15. OTHER BUSINESS: {Reports, Presentations, and Other Items}

- a. **Executive Session relating to the matter of LaDella Williams, et al. v City of Albuquerque, which is subject to attorney-client privilege pertaining to threatened or pending litigation as permitted by Section 10-15-1.H(7), NMSA 1978**

A motion was made by President Davis that they move into Executive Session. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

President Davis affirmed that matters discussed in executive session were limited to those specified in the motion for closure.

14. FINAL ACTIONS

- f. [O-23-88](#) Repealing Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Board Ordinance; Abolishing The Current Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board; Adopting Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Ordinance; Creating The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board (Lewis)

A motion was made by President Davis that O-23-88 be removed from the table. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

A motion was made by President Davis that this matter be Amended. President Davis moved Amendment No. 1. President Davis withdrew Amendment No. 1.

A motion was made by Councilor Bassan that the rules be suspended for the purpose of extending the meeting to 12:00 a.m. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

- f. [O-23-88](#) Repealing Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Board Ordinance; Abolishing The Current Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board; Adopting Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Ordinance; Creating The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board (Lewis)

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 2. The motion failed by the following vote:

For: 3 - Benton, Davis, and Peña

Against: 6 - Bassan, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, and Sanchez

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 3. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 6 - Bassan, Davis, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Against: 3 - Benton, Fiebelkorn, and Jones

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 4. The motion failed by the following vote:

For: 3 - Grout, Peña, and Sanchez

Against: 6 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Jones, and Lewis

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 5. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Peña, and Sanchez

Against: 1 - Lewis

A motion was made by Councilor Lewis that this matter be Passed as Amended. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 5 - Bassan, Grout, Jones, Lewis, and Sanchez

Against: 4 - Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, and Peña

g. [R-23-176](#)

Establishing A Moratorium For The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board To Act Under Chapter 9, Article 5, Part 1 ROA 1994, The Joint Air Quality Control Board Ordinance Until February 1, 2024 (Lewis)

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 1. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

A motion was made by Councilor Lewis that this matter be Passed as Amended. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 5 - Bassan, Grout, Jones, Lewis, and Sanchez

Against: 4 - Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, and Peña

a. [O-23-87](#)

Directing The Tax Revenue Generated By Legal Recreational Marijuana Sales To A Permanent Marijuana Equity And Community Reinvestment Fund For The Benefit, Health, Safety, Welfare, And Quality Of Life For Those Who Have Been Negatively Impacted By The Criminalization Of Marijuana (Peña)

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 1. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Amended. Councilor Peña moved Amendment No. 2. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

A motion was made by Councilor Peña that this matter be Passed as Amended. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Against: 1 - Jones

A motion was made by Councilor Lewis that the rules be suspended for the purpose of extending the meeting to 1:00 a.m. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Against: 1 - Jones

b. [O-23-89](#)

Amending Sections §7-2-1-1 Through §7-2-1-3 Of The Transit System Ordinance, Creating A Zero-Fare Structure (Fiebelkorn, Davis, Peña)

A motion was made by Councilor Fiebelkorn that this matter be Passed. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 6 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Jones, and Peña

Against: 3 - Grout, Lewis, and Sanchez

d. [R-23-178](#)

Suspending Administrative Appeals To Safe Outdoor Space Applications In Response To Court Injunction Restricting Removing Encampments From Public Land (Fiebelkorn)

A motion was made by Councilor Fiebelkorn that this matter be Amended. Councilor Fiebelkorn moved Amendment No. 1. The motion failed by the following vote:

For: 4 - Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, and Jones

Against: 5 - Bassan, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

A motion was made by Councilor Fiebelkorn that this matter be Passed. The motion failed by the following vote:

For: 4 - Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, and Jones

Against: 5 - Bassan, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

e. [RA-23-3](#)

Amending Article I, Sections 8(C) And 8(H); And Article III, Sections 4(A), 4(B), 24(12), And 24(13) Of The City Council Rules Of Procedure Relating To The Order Of Business And Public Comment On Quasi-Judicial Matters (Davis)

A motion was made by President Davis that this matter be Passed. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

c. [R-23-177](#)

Designating Fund '305 Misc.' As The 'Housing Forward Fund' And Requiring The Administration To Provide An Annual Report (Benton)

A motion was made by Councilor Benton that this matter be Amended. Councilor Benton moved Amendment No. 1. The motion carried by the

following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

A motion was made by Councilor Benton that this matter be Passed as Amended. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 9 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Jones, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

*h. [R-23-180](#)

Approving And Authorizing The Acceptance Of Grant Awards From The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) And Providing For An Appropriation To The Department Of Finance And Administration For Fiscal Years 2024, 2025 And 2026 (Fiebelkorn, by request)

A motion was made by Councilor Fiebelkorn that this matter be Passed. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Jones

*i. [R-23-181](#)

Directing The City Of Albuquerque Transit Department And Rio Metro Regional Transit District To Conduct A Study For Considering Consolidation; Appropriating Funding For The Study (Benton)

A motion was made by Councilor Benton that this matter be Passed. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 5 - Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, and Lewis

Against: 3 - Bassan, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Jones

*j. [R-23-182](#)

Establishing Legislative And Budget Priorities For The City Of Albuquerque For The Second Session Of The 56th New Mexico State Legislature (Fiebelkorn, Peña, Bassan)

A motion was made by Councilor Fiebelkorn that this matter be Passed. The motion carried by the following vote:

For: 8 - Bassan, Benton, Davis, Fiebelkorn, Grout, Lewis, Peña, and Sanchez

Excused: 1 - Jones

January 8, 2024

Re: IDO Citywide and Small area Amendment VHUC.

Dear Mr. Shaffer and fellow EPC members,

A lot of good points were raised by the Community and EPC during the Dec. 14, 2023 hearing, in written and oral testimony. We support the ICC Inter-Coalition letter, that is responding to community input. I would also like to emphasize attention to several amendments.

At the December 14th EPC hearing the Neighborhoods have expressed that there are too many amendments to review at once. In addition the IDO Annual Update should not take place during the holidays. At the December 14th EPC hearing the EPC members and the public spent 10 hours reviewing 60 IDO amendments, plus a small area amendment. For the January 11th Hearing written comments were due January 2nd, the day after New Year's Day, in order to be included in the staff report. Comments were due on January 9th to meet the 48 hour rule. Again, this is a difficult time to get comments in, especially for 60 plus amendments, right after the holidays. As mentioned before, the process needs to be scheduled to avoid the holidays.

After reading the staff report for the January 11th meeting, it looks like staff has added changes to the amendments. This required substantially more review. Will the community be allowed to comment on these new changes at the January 11th EPC hearing?

The public is very interested in maintaining the unique character of Albuquerque along with its unique natural, cultural and historic resources which is why we spend so much time reviewing the zoning amendments. We are proud of Albuquerque and don't want to undermine all the past work to preserve these resources.

Comments for Small Area Amendment VHUC Volcano Heights Urban Center:

The Westside Land Use Committee supports the Staff's recommendation to maintain the prohibition on drive-throughs in the Volcano Heights Urban Center in the mixed use zones. The goal is to make the urban center walkable. This would be similar to the Uptown Urban Center, next to Coronado Mall, which is a walkable design. This area is very sensitive due to its adjacency to the Monument. We want to maintain good design features and walkability for this area. Therefore we support the staff's recommendation to deny this request.

Comments for Citywide Amendments: (Our Comments are italicized below)

Amendment #2. Public: Outdoor Amplified Sound: Adds Outdoor Sound as an Accessory Use to enable a curfew between 10pm to 7 am. This amendment would allow Outdoor Amplified Sound as a "permissive" Accessory Use to the following zone districts: (MXL, MXM, MXH, NRC, NR-BP, NR-LM, NR-GM). It would be conditional in MXT zones. Relates to IDO amendments: #2, 7, & 50: *There is*

already an ordinance that has a 10pm to 7am curfew. It does not address daytime amplified sound which has caused unresolved conflicts. Shouldn't Amplified sound be reserved for indoor use not outdoors. Until we know how this would make things better, we support EPC's Dec. 14th decision to vote NO, in making outdoor amplified sound a permissive Accessory Use.

Walls and Fences:

Amendment #4. & #5. Administration: General Retail and Light Vehicle Refueling Stations

Walls and Fences: 4-3(D)(37)(a), pg. 186: Require a perimeter wall for general retail & refueling stations to control pedestrian access to deter crime. We support deleting this amendment and let the businesses decide if they want a wall or fence to deter crime.

#24. & #25.: Front yard walls and fences: To increase the Front yard wall height for a Taller

Front or Side yard Wall: The Community does not support changing the front yard wall design which will negatively change the character of neighborhoods. We support the December 14th EPC's decision to vote NO.

Utilities and Waste management:

#6: Battery storage landscape: EPC is waiting for staff to talk with PNM. (Introducing BESS as a new use)

55: Battery storage: one hour of generator sound, no more than 60 DBA with distance 330 ft. of residential. Agree with staff that there needs to be a distance separation between homes and the battery storage, due to noise and potential dangers associated with the battery storage.

#15: Exempt 30 yr. site from land fill gas mitigation: We agree with EPC to vote NO.

#8: Councilor Grout's amendment to maintain a distance separation between Cannabis 660 ft.

Retail stores, with no exceptions. We support a distance requirement of 660ft. between stores. This will help to slow down over-saturation of the cannabis businesses. We also recommend a distance requirement between residents and cannabis retail/consumption. This is starting to become an issue, especially with concerns regarding odor control. A distance separation between cannabis retails and residential is something we should consider as well.

#9: Overnight Shelter: change from conditional to permissive. (Note: Overnight shelters are currently conditional in MXM, MXH, NRC, NR-BP, NR-LM, NR-GM): Agree with the EPC and staff to maintain overnight shelters as a conditional use, not permissive.

S

10 Allow Duplex's on corner lots/ 5000 sf: A small corner lot is not big enough for a duplex. Support the ICC letter that both amendments should be deleted.

#13: Allow duplex in all R-1 zones not just R-1A: Agree with EPC comments that changing R-1 to allow duplexes permissively, changes the R-1 status. This is why the community does not support it. Agree with EPC to not Support! Note: home additions are allowed with kitchens, therefore there is no need for duplexes.

#12) Live work/corner lot/5000 sf.: Most R-1 lot sizes are too small for live work. Agree with EPC members that parking space would be lacking. While Live work is a good concept, it is permissive in R-ML and all Mixed use zones where it is appropriate. Agree with ICC letter to maintain existing zoning.

#11: Exempt city facilities from conditional use process: Agree with EPC to maintain the conditional use process for city facilities. Don't support!

#17: RV/ Boat/ Trailer Front yard Parking: Agree that front yard parking needs to be addressed. Agree with the ICC letter that Option one is the better Option. Utility vehicles need to set back further from the street, 11 ft. or more.

#18: Parking maximums 330 ft. of transit: Agree with the EPC and ICC letter to delete this amendment. Parking spaces are critical. The West side does not have the transit service to replace vehicle parking requirements. 4 Bus lines have been suspended on the west side. We also need extra parking space at shopping centers to park and catch the bus, Don't support!

#20: Landscape & parking reduction by 20 %: Don't support parking reduction!

We also opposed the six amendments which would reduce neighborhood notification of development applications - (see below): This is very important!! Currently, the distance is 660 ft. for neighborhood associations for notification and appeal standing. Staff wants to reduce it to 330 ft. distance for notification. This will not work for many neighborhoods. The lack of notification is becoming a problem for us and many other Neighborhood Associations. We need to maintain adjacency & the distance requirement. Do not support changing any of the notification requirements below:

29: pre-submittal notification: replaces adjacency to 330 ft: *Pre-submittal notification are very important in order to participate in the facilitated meetings. 330 ft. does not cover freeways. Also Neighborhoods should not be used to notify everyone as they do not have everyone's email.*

32: Public notice: Affects adjacency: *Maintain adjacency requirement.*

#33: Mailed notice: Adjacency: *Agree with EPC members to maintain existing notification requirements. Do not eliminate adjacency. It is important to maintain.*

34: Notice for Small area amendment: Removes adjacency: Don't support!

36: Facilitated meetings: contact NA within 330 ft.: *replaces adjacency. Facilitated meetings are important. 330 ft. is not enough. Maintain the 660 ft. and the adjacency requirement.*

37: Appeal Standing: Replaces adjacency & 660 ft. to 330ft. *This is a taking. We have lots of development on the west side, and lots of Major Public Open space that are Albuquerque's unique natural and cultural landscape features that we are trying to protect through sensitive design. Neighborhoods work hard to try to get sensitive development to support protective*

regulations to protect these areas. This is to the benefit of everyone! We recommend increasing the distance requirement to 1000 ft. otherwise it should not be changed or reduced.

58: Tribal engagement: *We support tribal engagement. Have not had time to review all the options listed. But it is important to have their input for areas they have historically been a part of.*

59 & 60) Clerical & Editorial changes: *The community has noticed over the years, that changes made to the IDO regulations, were incorrect, such as the solar access chart. This is why the community has concerns about substantive changes being made without more careful review.*

These comments reflect the comments we sent in for the December 14th hearing, for the 48 hour rule. We hope the comments we sent in for the December 14th hearing (to meet the 48 hour rule) are also included in the record for this IDO update. We have not had time to include all those comments in this letter. But we continue to support those views.

As mentioned before, good planning, zoning, and design is important to preserve Albuquerque's unique character.

Thank you, for taking our comments under consideration. We appreciate it!

Rene' Horvath
Land Use Director for WSCONA

From: [Kathryn McSorley](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Subject: My apologies for wrong neighborhood
Date: Friday, January 5, 2024 6:08:45 PM

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Dear David Shaffer,

I just sent you my precious email regarding the upcoming January 11 meeting. I oppose the drive-thru cafe in the VHUC, not the Santa Fe Village. Thank you.

Kathryn McSorley

From: [Kathryn McSorley](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Subject: To: David Shaffer, EPC chair of Planning Dept.
Date: Friday, January 5, 2024 6:04:54 PM

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Greetings,

This email is in regards to my support of City-wide changes in allowing tribal nations to comment on any proposed developments or changes near or abutting Petroglyph National Monument. It is about time that they can freely make comments/decisions about the land that was once theirs.

Also, I am vehemently against a drive-thru coffee shop in the Santa Fe Village that abuts Petroglyph National Monument. What are you thinking? Increasing gas fumes in a neighborhood right next to a National Monument where people go to breathe fresh air while they're hiking? That's downright wrong.

Thank you for considering my comments. I wish you a fair meeting on January 11.

Sincerely,

Kathryn McSorley

From: [Dan Regan](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Cc: ["P. Davis Willson"](#); [reynolds@unm.edu](#); [anvanews@aol.com](#); [lxbaca@gmail.com](#); ["Mildred Griffiee"](#); [dwilllems2007@gmail.com](#); [Marlene Willems](#); [dlreganabq@gmail.com](#)
Subject: FW: EPC IDO Hearing #2; 48 hour comments
Date: Monday, January 8, 2024 4:38:48 PM
Attachments: [ICC LTR to EPC 1 8 24Final.pdf](#)
[Untitled attachment 00193.htm](#)

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Attn: EPC Chair David Shaffer,

I write in strong support of the attached Inter-Coalition Council letter to your recommending EPC. I have been following the development of the contents of the attached letter over the past 4+ months of ICC meetings.

I have been involved with the IDO processes since the night it was passed in Nov. 2017. I am an active member of the Knapp Heights Neighborhood Association and the District 4 Coalition of NAs.

To all EPC members: Please read carefully and give consideration to the all of the recommendations of the attached letter.....they were painfully (as in with a great deal of effort and focus.....cuz none of this fits into the category of FUN) developed by many voices from throughout our fair city.

Thanks

Dan Regan, member of KHNA and D4C

From: icc-working-group@googlegroups.com [mailto:icc-working-group@googlegroups.com] **On**
Behalf Of P. Davis Willson
Sent: Monday, January 8, 2024 4:22 PM
To: City of Albuquerque Planning Department <abcto@cabq.gov>
Cc: Michael Brasher <eastgatewaycoalition@gmail.com>
Subject: EPC IDO Hearing #2; 48 hour comments

Attn: EPC Chair Shaffer

Please accept the following letter from the Inter-Coalition Council (ICC) IDO Working Group for the IDO Hearing #2 on Thursday, January 11, 2024. I have Cc'd the ICC President Michael Brasher.

Thank you,

Patricia Willson

Victory Hills NA: President
District 6 Coalition: Treasurer

Inter-Coalition Council Representative

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You received this message because you are subscribed to the Google Groups "ICC Working Group" group.

To unsubscribe from this group and stop receiving emails from it, send an email to icc-working-group+unsubscribe@googlegroups.com.

To view this discussion on the web visit <https://groups.google.com/d/msgid/icc-working-group/AE16E43A-F445-445E-BA2F-955449A096E3%40willsonstudio.com>.

For more options, visit <https://groups.google.com/d/optout>.

ICC Inter-Coalition Council

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January 8, 2024

Via email: abctoz@cabq.gov
EPC Chair Shaffer

Re: PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00044– Small Area VHUC
PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00043– Small Area Rail Trail
PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00040– Citywide

Chairman Shaffer,

The Inter-Coalition Council (ICC) respectfully submits the following comments regarding the above-mentioned cases to be heard by the Environmental Planning Commission on January 11, 2024. Kudos to Staff for their excellent Supplemental Staff Reports on all three of the Agenda items.

- RZ-2023-00044 – Text Amendments to IDO – Small Area VHUC

We wholeheartedly agree with the recommendation of DENIAL for this amendment and applaud staff for recognizing the need to follow the Comprehensive Plan, noting this excerpt from Staff Report on Page 11:

“The IDO is an instrument to help promote and maintain an aesthetic and humane urban environment for Albuquerque’s citizens, and thereby promote improved quality of life. The proposed Small Area text amendment to the IDO would not ensure that land is developed and used properly. The VHUC was established in the Comprehensive Plan to guide the most urban, walkable, mixed-use development to this area and suburban, auto-oriented development to areas outside of Urban Centers; therefore, Commissions, Boards, and Committees would not be able to facilitate effective administration of City policy in this area with the approval of this amendment.”

- RZ-2023-00043 – Text Amendments to IDO – Small Area Rail Trail

While the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency (MRA) section of the City’s website says “The design and vision of the Rail Trail is rooted in substantial community involvement” (<https://www.cabq.gov/mra/rail-trail-1/community-engagement-equitable-development>), we have concerns about the decision to categorize the development regulations along the Rail Trail as a Small Area in IDO Part 5 Development Standards rather than as an Overlay Zone. However, it is still a quasi-judicial matter, so we have additional concerns about notification.

As noted in the Small Area VHUC report, the Comprehensive Plan is the overriding guide. Changes to the IDO should not be project driven—we have seen how various Administrations’ pet projects have had unintended consequences. We believe risk may still exist regarding the notification process in this matter. It is unclear how or if individual property owners were advised, to the extent that they fully comprehend (as per the definition of notification in our NM State Statutes), these proposed changes. The need to defer the Small Area VHUC from last month because of irregularities in the notification process is an example of the importance of proper notification.

Staff’s Recommended Conditions for Approval appear to support the interests of the development community while attempting to maintain the protections of the 6 Character Protection Overlay (CPO) zones the Trail intersects. The ICC neither supports nor opposes this Text Amendment.

- RZ-2023-00040 – Text Amendments to IDO – Citywide

While we question the need for approximately 60 proposed amendments—there have been over 500 “text amendments” to the IDO in the last five years—we applaud staff for their work in this process. We are appreciative of the example diagrams included to clarify distances in Notices and Referrals, and are relieved by the last Finding on Page 33:

“Regarding Item #23 Front Yard Walls: EPC advises decision-makers not to pursue taller front yard walls in future IDO updates, as the amendments, in all their variations, have been overwhelmingly opposed by the public.”

In general, we agree with the recommendation of APPROVAL and agree with most of the CONDITIONS presented. However, we have some concerns about the following specific items:

- Item #1 Contextual Standards for HPO Zones, we have concern that there is no process for appeal to the Landmarks Commission, as there is for ZHE.
- Item #3 Cottage Development: while we’re not sure if the increase to 5 acres is to provide more buffering or additional units, the Council Memo by former Clr. Benton and Clr. Feibelkorn appears to be another attempt to introduce duplexes permissively in R-1.
- Items #59 and #60, Clerical and Editorial Changes: although these have been included in every past Annual Update, we do not support the continued inclusion of these amendments as they have no oversight and present potential risk and mismanagement at the planning department level.

For CONDITIONS that have Options, we support the following Options:

CONDITION 2; Items #2, #7, and #50 – Outdoor Amplified Sound: **Option 4: Delete all proposed amendments in their entirety.**

CONDITION 6; Item #10 – Duplex – IDO Subsection 14-16-4-3(B)(5)(b): **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment...**

CONDITION 6 (7?); Item #13 – Duplex – IDO Subsection 14-16-4-3(B)(5) and 14-16-4-3(F)(6): **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment...**

CONDITION 9; Item #12 – Dwelling, Live-Work **Please select Option 3. Delete the proposed amendments, thus continuing to regulate live-work as it is currently allowed and regulated.**

CONDITION 11; Item #17 – RV, Boat, and Trailer Parking: **Please select Option 1: Revise the proposed language...**

CONDITION 12; Item #18 – Parking Maximums: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment entirely.**

CONDITION 16; Items #29, #32, and #36 – Neighborhood Association notification distances: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment.**

CONDITION 18; Item #37 – Appeals – Standing for Neighborhood Associations: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment.**

Regarding **Finding 32. New Amendment: Revise the definition in section 7-1 for “Adjacent”**. We are not in favor of any reduction of notification. This would be a moot point if the long-requested “Opt-in” notification system could be instituted.

Regarding findings for **Item #56 – Outdoor and Site Lighting**; Improvements in lighting that improve Albuquerque’s Night Sky Compliance are welcome, and we are also pleased to see the inclusion of the public comment information regarding the Urban Heat Island effect.

We wholeheartedly agree with **Finding 34. New Amendment: Change the update cycle** for the IDO from an annual process to a bi-annual process.

Our thanks to Planning Staff and the EPC for their work on this always-Herculean effort

Sincerely,

Michael Brasher

Michael Brasher
Inter-Coalition Council President

and members of the ICC IDO working group including:

Patricia Willson; Victory Hills NA

Jane Baechle; Santa Fe Village NA

Rene’ Horvath; Taylor Ranch NA

Julie Dreike; Embudo Canyon NA

Merideth Paxton; Spruce Park NA

Evelyn Rivera; Taylor Ranch NA

Peggy Neff; University Heights and Summit Park NAs

From: [Mike T. Voorhees](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Cc: [René Horvath](#)
Subject: PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00044– Small Area VHUC 48 Hour Comments
Date: Tuesday, January 9, 2024 3:09:17 PM

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Attn: EPC Chairman Shaffer

EPC Chair Shaffer and Commissioners,

I write in support of the Planning Department's recommendation for denial of the proposed Small Area Amendment IDO 14-16-4-3(F)(5)(f)10 Volcano Heights Urban Center. While such a change would be bad policy and contrary to the goals and vision expressed the Comprehensive Plan, the process that has brought it before you is flawed and highly unethical.

Thus, to ensure the details are placed in the record, this proposal is being sponsored by Councilor Dan Lewis, after he admittedly was contacted in ex parte communication by real estate developer Mark Edwards. This was testified to by Shanna M. Shultz in the facilitated meeting. While Councilor Lewis allegedly informed Mr. Edwards that he couldn't discuss it, due to ex parte rules, he then instructed Mr. Edwards on how to skirt those provisions by submitting the request via Council Services, whereupon Councilor Lewis would then sponsor the proposal. This is highly unethical, and follows the same pattern of behavior exhibited by Councilor Lewis in his sponsored small area amendment for the VPO-2 View Protection Overlay. In that amendment, Councilor Lewis not only refused to recuse himself, he put forward the motions in LUPZ and before the Council to override the recommendation to deny by the EPC and voted for the amendment he sponsored, despite the requirement to be an impartial arbiter in a quasi-judicial proceeding. That action is being review in District Court.

Please recommend denial once again for this improperly introduced proposal.

Respectfully,

Michael T. Voorhees

6320 Camino Alto NW

Albuquerque, NM 87120

From: [P. Davis Willson](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Subject: Re: EPC IDO Hearing #2; 48 hour comments
Date: Monday, January 8, 2024 9:20:26 PM
Attachments: [ICC LTR to EPC 1 8 24.pdf](#)

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Dear Ms. Bloom,

Thanks so much for the confirmation. Additional ICC IDO Working Group committee members have asked to have their signatures added. If it's not too much trouble; please substitute this revision in place of the one sent earlier (and I promise I won't send any more tomorrow!)

Sincerely,

Patricia Willson

Victory Hills NA: President
District 6 Coalition: Treasurer
Inter-Coalition Council Representative

On Jan 8, 2024, at 7:18 PM, City of Albuquerque Planning Department <abctoz@cabq.gov> wrote:

January 8, 2024

Dear Ms. Wilson:

Good evening. Thank you for submitting your comments as they were received and will be attached to the staff report in accordance with the 48 hour rule.

Thank you and have a wonderful evening.

Respectfully submitted,

<image001.png>

MISA K. BLOOM

(she / hers)

associate planner

urban design & development

o 505.924.3662

e mbloom@cabq.gov

cabq.gov/planning

From: P. Davis Willson <info@willsonstudio.com>
Sent: Monday, January 8, 2024 4:22 PM
To: City of Albuquerque Planning Department <abctoz@cabq.gov>
Cc: Michael Brasher <eastgatewaycoalition@gmail.com>
Subject: EPC IDO Hearing #2; 48 hour comments

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Thank you,

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January 8, 2024

Via email: abctoz@cabq.gov
EPC Chair Shaffer

Re: PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00044– Small Area VHUC
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PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00040– Citywide

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Inter-Coalition Council President

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Julie Dreike; Embudo Canyon NA
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Evelyn Rivera; Taylor Ranch NA
Peggy Neff; University Heights and Summit Park NAs
Mark Reynolds, Highlands North NA
Dan Regan, Knapp Heights NA
D. H. Couchman, Academy Hills Park NA

From: [P. Davis Willson](#)
To: [City of Albuquerque Planning Department](#)
Cc: [Michael Brasher](#)
Subject: EPC IDO Hearing #2; 48 hour comments
Date: Monday, January 8, 2024 4:24:14 PM
Attachments: [ICC LTR to EPC 1 8 24Final.pdf](#)

[EXTERNAL] Forward to phishing@cabq.gov and delete if an email causes any concern.

Attn: EPC Chair Shaffer

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Patricia Willson

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January 8, 2024

Via email: abctoz@cabq.gov
EPC Chair Shaffer

Re: PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00044– Small Area VHUC
PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00043– Small Area Rail Trail
PR-2018-001843 / RZ-2023-00040– Citywide

Chairman Shaffer,

The Inter-Coalition Council (ICC) respectfully submits the following comments regarding the above-mentioned cases to be heard by the Environmental Planning Commission on January 11, 2024. Kudos to Staff for their excellent Supplemental Staff Reports on all three of the Agenda items.

- RZ-2023-00044 – Text Amendments to IDO – Small Area VHUC

We wholeheartedly agree with the recommendation of DENIAL for this amendment and applaud staff for recognizing the need to follow the Comprehensive Plan, noting this excerpt from Staff Report on Page 11:

“The IDO is an instrument to help promote and maintain an aesthetic and humane urban environment for Albuquerque’s citizens, and thereby promote improved quality of life. The proposed Small Area text amendment to the IDO would not ensure that land is developed and used properly. The VHUC was established in the Comprehensive Plan to guide the most urban, walkable, mixed-use development to this area and suburban, auto-oriented development to areas outside of Urban Centers; therefore, Commissions, Boards, and Committees would not be able to facilitate effective administration of City policy in this area with the approval of this amendment.”

- RZ-2023-00043 – Text Amendments to IDO – Small Area Rail Trail

While the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency (MRA) section of the City’s website says “The design and vision of the Rail Trail is rooted in substantial community involvement” (<https://www.cabq.gov/mra/rail-trail-1/community-engagement-equitable-development>), we have concerns about the decision to categorize the development regulations along the Rail Trail as a Small Area in IDO Part 5 Development Standards rather than as an Overlay Zone. However, it is still a quasi-judicial matter, so we have additional concerns about notification.

As noted in the Small Area VHUC report, the Comprehensive Plan is the overriding guide. Changes to the IDO should not be project driven—we have seen how various Administrations’ pet projects have had unintended consequences. We believe risk may still exist regarding the notification process in this matter. It is unclear how or if individual property owners were advised, to the extent that they fully comprehend (as per the definition of notification in our NM State Statutes), these proposed changes. The need to defer the Small Area VHUC from last month because of irregularities in the notification process is an example of the importance of proper notification.

Staff’s Recommended Conditions for Approval appear to support the interests of the development community while attempting to maintain the protections of the 6 Character Protection Overlay (CPO) zones the Trail intersects. The ICC neither supports nor opposes this Text Amendment.

- RZ-2023-00040 – Text Amendments to IDO – Citywide

While we question the need for approximately 60 proposed amendments—there have been over 500 “text amendments” to the IDO in the last five years—we applaud staff for their work in this process. We are appreciative of the example diagrams included to clarify distances in Notices and Referrals, and are relieved by the last Finding on Page 33:

“Regarding Item #23 Front Yard Walls: EPC advises decision-makers not to pursue taller front yard walls in future IDO updates, as the amendments, in all their variations, have been overwhelmingly opposed by the public.”

In general, we agree with the recommendation of APPROVAL and agree with most of the CONDITIONS presented. However, we have some concerns about the following specific items:

- Item #1 Contextual Standards for HPO Zones, we have concern that there is no process for appeal to the Landmarks Commission, as there is for ZHE.
- Item #3 Cottage Development: while we’re not sure if the increase to 5 acres is to provide more buffering or additional units, the Council Memo by former Clr. Benton and Clr. Feibelkorn appears to be another attempt to introduce duplexes permissively in R-1.
- Items #59 and #60, Clerical and Editorial Changes: although these have been included in every past Annual Update, we do not support the continued inclusion of these amendments as they have no oversight and present potential risk and mismanagement at the planning department level.

For CONDITIONS that have Options, we support the following Options:

CONDITION 2; Items #2, #7, and #50 – Outdoor Amplified Sound: **Option 4: Delete all proposed amendments in their entirety.**

CONDITION 6; Item #10 – Duplex – IDO Subsection 14-16-4-3(B)(5)(b): **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment...**

CONDITION 6 (7?); Item #13 – Duplex – IDO Subsection 14-16-4-3(B)(5) and 14-16-4-3(F)(6): **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment...**

CONDITION 9; Item #12 – Dwelling, Live-Work **Please select Option 3. Delete the proposed amendments, thus continuing to regulate live-work as it is currently allowed and regulated.**

CONDITION 11; Item #17 – RV, Boat, and Trailer Parking: **Please select Option 1: Revise the proposed language...**

CONDITION 12; Item #18 – Parking Maximums: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment entirely.**

CONDITION 16; Items #29, #32, and #36 – Neighborhood Association notification distances: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment.**

CONDITION 18; Item #37 – Appeals – Standing for Neighborhood Associations: **Please select Option 2: Delete the proposed amendment.**

Regarding **Finding 32. New Amendment: Revise the definition in section 7-1 for “Adjacent”**. We are not in favor of any reduction of notification. This would be a moot point if the long-requested “Opt-in” notification system could be instituted.

Regarding findings for **Item #56 – Outdoor and Site Lighting**; Improvements in lighting that improve Albuquerque’s Night Sky Compliance are welcome, and we are also pleased to see the inclusion of the public comment information regarding the Urban Heat Island effect.

We wholeheartedly agree with **Finding 34. New Amendment: Change the update cycle** for the IDO from an annual process to a bi-annual process.

Our thanks to Planning Staff and the EPC for their work on this always-Herculean effort

Sincerely,

Michael Brasher

Michael Brasher
Inter-Coalition Council President

and members of the ICC IDO working group including:

Patricia Willson; Victory Hills NA

Jane Baechle; Santa Fe Village NA

Rene’ Horvath; Taylor Ranch NA

Julie Dreike; Embudo Canyon NA

Merideth Paxton; Spruce Park NA

Evelyn Rivera; Taylor Ranch NA

Peggy Neff; University Heights and Summit Park NAs