METROPOLITAN REDEVELOPMENT PLAN

McCLELLAN PARK PLAN
McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan  
(formerly McClellan Park Sector Development Plan)

Originally adopted as a dual Sector Development Plan and Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan in 1984  
McClellan Park Sector Development Plan was repealed November 17, 2017  

Originally adopted as a Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan by the City Council on February 8, 1994  
City Enactment No. R-9-1984

Amendments:
This Plan incorporates the City of Albuquerque amendments in the following referenced Resolutions, which are inserted at the end of the Plan and are on file with the City Clerk’s Office. Resolutions adopted from December 1999 to the present date are also available (search for No.) on City Council’s Legistar webpage at https://cabq.legistar.com/Legislation.aspx.

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Adoption & amendments to the Sector Development Plan content – zoning, uses, and development process

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Notes:
1. The amendments in the Resolutions may or may not be reflected in the Plan text: “Yes” in this column indicates they are; “No” indicates they are not.
2. The original adopting Resolution(s) and the Resolutions listed in the table above are inserted at the end of this Plan in chronological order.
3. This Plan may include maps showing property zoning and/or platting, which may be dated as of the Plan’s adoption. Refer to the Albuquerque Geographic Information System (AGIS) for up-to-date zoning and platting information at [http://www.cabq.gov/gis](http://www.cabq.gov/gis).
McCLELLAN PARK
METROPOLITAN REDEVELOPMENT PLAN
AND
SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PLAN
RANK III

FINAL DRAFT (REVISED)  OCTOBER 6, 1983

PREPARED BY:  PLANNING & REDEVELOPMENT DIVISION
COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT - CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE

CONSULTANTS:  FLATOW·MOORE·BRYAN & ASSOCIATES
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:  Special Thanks To Those Of The
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CONTENTS

Introduction 3

A. Location 3
B. History 3
C. Purpose 5
D. Plan Interrelationships 6

I. Planning Process 9

II. Existing Conditions 13

A. Zoning 13
B. Land Use 13
C. Housing and Structural Conditions 13
D. Historic Preservation 18
E. Circulation and Parking 18
F. Public Improvements 24
G. Landscaping 29

III. The McClellan Park Plan: Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan Elements and Sector Development Plan Rationale 35

A. Zoning Concept 37
   1. SU-3 Downtown Core 37
   2. SU-2 McClellan Park District 41
   3. SU-2 Downtown Neighborhood 44
B. Circulation 46
   1. Vehicular 46
   2. Transit and Pedestrian 49
C. Landscaping Concept 55
D. Public Improvements 59
E. Parking 61
F. Guidelines for Site Development Plan Review 63
G. Development Review Process 72
H. Financing 74

IV. McClellan Park District Sector Development Plan 79
Appendix

A. Amendments to the Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan
B. McClellan Survey

Maps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Map Number</th>
<th>Map Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Existing Land Use</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
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<td>16</td>
</tr>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Housing Conditions</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Historic Structures</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Traffic Flow</td>
<td>20</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Traffic Accident Concentration</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Existing Bike &amp; Bus Routes</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Water Lines</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Sanitary Sewer Lines</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Existing Utility Line</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Flood Hazard Areas</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>R-0-W Conditions</td>
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<td>15</td>
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Diagram

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<td>Typical Solar Access - Block 12</td>
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</tr>
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</table>
INTRODUCTION
INTRODUCTION

A. Location

The McClellan Park Planning Area consists of twenty-two blocks bounded on the south by Lomas Blvd., on the west by Sixth Street, on the north by Mountain Road, and on the east by the Santa Fe railroad tracks (See Map 1). Immediately to the south lies the Tijeras Urban Renewal Area, a district within the Downtown Core characterized by new office construction and emerging financial and government complexes. To the west lies the Downtown Neighborhood Area, an improving older neighborhood containing distinctive residences recently upgraded through a strong rehabilitation program. To the north, industrial and commercial uses are mixed with remnants of older housing stock. To the east of the railroad tracks lies Martineztown, one the oldest Spanish settlements in Albuquerque. The planning area, therefore, plays a pivotal role as a transition area between these extremely diverse neighborhoods and business districts.

B. History

The McClellan Park Area was originally developed in the early 1900's as a series of small residential subdivisions, with warehousing along the railroad tracks. From 1915 to 1925, a significant number of apartments and duplexes were built in the area. The block immediately west of McClellan Park contained several early apartment complexes, two of which remain: Anson Flats, and one of four original duplexes. As early as 1921, the neighborhood began to be traversed by major strip commercial corridors extending north from the downtown area along Fourth, Third and Second Streets. Residences, many of them less than 25 years old, were replaced by strip commercial businesses catering to automobile traffic, such as filling stations, stores and early supermarkets. In the years immediately after World War II, the warehouse district began to expand westward and, in conformance with M-1 and M-2 zoning imposed in 1954, the area near the railroad began to change over to light industrial uses.

During the last twenty years, the residential character of the neighborhood has continued to erode, with houses converted to businesses or demolished and replaced with commercial structures. Presently, only the northwest quadrant remains as a strongly residential enclave. The rest of the area has evolved into an often incompatible mix of uses ranging from single family
homes to heavy manufacturing. These land use problems create uncertainty as to the area’s future character, thereby discouraging investment and preventing the area from realizing its potential for relating to the Downtown Core.

C. Purpose

1. Response to Private Investment

This plan outlines the public role, commitments and specific steps to be taken in response to private investment in order to support and encourage continuing redevelopment by the private sector. The Plan commits the City to taking the lead in instituting development controls, upgrading the public environment, and providing financial incentives which can help stimulate spin-off effects. These steps are intended to provide the necessary certainty to the private sector regarding the area's future.

2. Completion of Redeveloping Urban Sector Planning

As shown on Map 1, the McClellan Park area and the area immediately to the north along the Fourth Street corridor is the only Redeveloping Urban area that is unplanned. The Albuquerque/Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan and City Zoning Code stipulate that designated Redeveloping Urban Areas should be governed by Sector Development Plans in lieu of conventional zoning in order to address unique conditions and needs. Preparation of a re-zoning plan for the McClellan Park area is particularly important due to the severity of incompatible land use problems and the area's importance as a major activity center immediately adjacent to the present Downtown Core.

3. Urban Center Expansion

As discussed in the Zoning Concept (Part III A. 1 of this Plan), Downtown Core expansion north to Mountain Road may be needed and justified in order to provide sites over the long-term for a continuing and expanding redevelopment program, to provide an area more comparable in size to the City's other major Urban Center, and to build on the importance of Downtown's centralized location in the City's growth pattern and its excellent accessibility. This Plan is therefore needed to provide a cohesive framework for guiding redevelopment and to ensure infrastructure support adequate to accommodate potential urban
center scale growth. The significant private investment on the part of First City makes the public objective of Downtown Core expansion more feasible and desirable by setting an Urban Center standard for development character and quality.

D. Plan Interrelationships

The McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan provides the rationale for zoning changes implemented through revisions to the Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan and the Downtown Core Interim Sector Development Plan, and through creation of a special McClellan Park District Sector Development Plan. The Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan also provides standards for the review and approval of Site Development Plans as required for individual premises by the proposed zoning. These review standards are incorporated by reference in the McClellan Park District SU-2 zoning regulations.
PLANNING PROCESS
I. PLANNING PROCESS

Planning concepts and recommendations were derived from three sources:

(1) The Albuquerque/Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan, which provided a general framework and long-term perspective for considering the basic issue of expanding the boundaries of the Downtown Core Urban Center and defining its character.

(2) Research of existing conditions - During the spring of 1983, Redevelopment Planning staff undertook field surveys of land use, public right-of-way conditions, landscaping, and housing conditions. Data obtained from the 1980 U.S. Census provided a demographic profile of area residents. In addition, during the course of plan development, City operating agencies including the Departments of Municipal Development, Transportation, Transit, and Water Resources contributed information on drainage, traffic flow, accident patterns, and public utilities. This information was addressed and expanded by the Development Review Board on May 24, 1983 in their preliminary review of plan concepts.

These various sources provided a complete information base from which to identify area problems and development opportunities subsequently addressed by the plan.

(3) Neighborhood Involvement - Neighborhood residents and property owners have contributed to the development of this plan both through informal meetings with staff and through the formal mechanisms of area meetings and a survey of residents and property owners (See Appendix B).

At the first meeting, held on February 8, 1983, staff presented information on existing conditions and distributed the survey questionnaire to which 50% of those attending responded. The first draft of the McClellan Park Plan was presented at the second area meeting on May 5, 1983. This draft was subsequently refined based on neighborhood response and the other planning considerations described above, and the final draft presented to property owners and residents on July 26, 1983.

At a preliminary Study Session on June 23, 1983, the Environmental Planning Commission (EPC) expressed the following concerns related to the proposed expansion of SU-3 zoning, and the final draft has been revised accordingly:
(1) The EPC felt that the area exhibits a need for more land use controls than the present Downtown Core SU-3 zone would provide, particularly in order to phase out those heavy commercial and industrial uses and instances of unsightly outdoor storage which are clearly incompatible adjacent to the City's major Urban Center.

(2) The EPC did not respond favorably to a proposal for a phased, incremental approach to SU-3 zoning based on conformance to specified development criteria, feeling that this would constitute a piecemeal approach less likely to achieve the plan's over-all development objectives. Rather, the Commission felt that the Plan should actually accomplish re-zoning, so that re-zoning issues can be considered comprehensively and in relationship to the conceptual framework provided by the plan. Case-by-case zoning decisions could weaken the sector plan's strength as a legal re-zoning tool by removing those decisions from the rational context provided by the planning process.
EXISTING CONDITIONS
II. EXISTING CONDITIONS

A. Zoning

The existing zoning in the McClellan Park area was imposed in 1954 with the enactment of city-wide zoning. The pattern of zoning established in the area at that time consisted of the most intense land use designation, M-2, bordering the railroad tracks with a gradual transition from M-1 to C-2 to C-1 to O-1 moving westerly to Sixth Street (See Map 2). The zoning decision of 1954 reflected a vision of this area ultimately becoming a high intensity industrial and commercial area closely related to the Downtown Core. This early zoning of the McClellan Park area remains generally intact today.

B. Land Use

The 1954 zoning dramatically altered the neighborhood's residential character and resulted in the mixed land use pattern existing today (See Map 3). Land use generally reflects the intensity of zoning categories, transitioning from heavy industrial uses on the east to lower scale office and residential uses on the west. The eastern side of the area from Second Street to the railroad tracks follows a fairly strong, reasonably homogeneous industrial-commercial pattern; Fourth Street remains as a retail-service-commercial strip; and remnants of the residential neighborhood that existed have been confined primarily to the area west of Fourth Street. The remainder of the area is generally chaotic in its land use mix, with numerous situations of incompatible land uses as older homes are wedged in the middle of a light to heavy industrial environment. Currently, warehouse-factory buildings account for approximately half of the uses between the railroad tracks and Fourth Street, with most of the other businesses oriented to the automobile, such as auto supply or repair shops. Only the area west of Fourth Street retains its predominantly residential use and appearance.

C. Housing and Structural Conditions

According to 1980 Census information, 64% of the housing stock that remains in the McClellan Park area is renter-occupied (See Map 4). A recent building condition survey undertaken by the City Municipal Development Department (See Map 5) indicates that approximately 40% of the housing stock in the area is neglected, needing major or minor repairs. Although the area west of Fourth Street is predominantly residential, it lacks residential zoning; therefore, homes are currently not eligible for city-sponsored rehabilitation programs.
0% RENTER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS
0% OWNER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

SOURCE: 1980 UNITED STATES CENSUS

CENSUS BLOCK STATISTICS MAP 4
Housing Conditions

Source: Municipal Development Department, Code Administration Division Windshield Survey. 2/83.

Map 5
Age of structures is also a good indicator of structural conditions. As shown on the table below, the area contains a large number of older buildings.

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<th>AGE</th>
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<tr>
<td>OVER 75 YEARS OLD</td>
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<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FROM 75 to 50 YEARS OLD</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FROM 50 to 30 YEARS OLD</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LESS THAN 30 YEARS OLD</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>27%</td>
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*Source: Sanborn Maps

Out of the 243 structures in this area, 3% are over 75 years old, 61% are over 50 years old, and a total of 73% are over 30 years old. Only 66 structures or approximately one-fourth of the total are less than 30 years old. Thus a substantial majority of the buildings are likely in need of rehabilitation due to their age.

D. Historic Preservation

Even though 147 of the structures are more than 50 years old, only 21 of these have local historic significance (8% of the total), and only 6 (2%) are historically significant enough to be eligible for the State or National historic registers, according to the Albuquerque Historic Landmarks Survey (See Map 6). The few buildings concentrated in the area between Fourth and Sixth have more potential for preservation.

Compared to the bordering Downtown Neighborhood Area (DNA), the area east of Fourth Street offers limited opportunity for historic preservation and urban conservation with the major exception of McClellan Park itself, which was developed as part of early residential subdivisions in the early 1900's. The park provides the strongest opportunity to maintain a meaningful linkage of the area to its historic past.

E. Circulation and Parking

The McClellan Park area is impacted heavily by north-south vehicular traffic with five of its six north-south streets providing major access to the downtown area from the north (See Map 7). Fourth Street, which statistically
AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC - 1981

SOURCE: MIDDLE RIO GRANDE COUNCIL
OF GOVERNMENTS OF NEW MEXICO

TRAFFIC FLOW
MAP 7
is the most heavily traveled north-south street, also continues to perform its historic strip-commercial function, while Second, Third, Fifth and Sixth Streets function primarily as carriers of through traffic. In contrast, the east-west streets are lightly traveled and serve primarily local traffic. These streets are generally too narrow to accommodate the large trucks needed to service the industrial area on the eastern edge, and this traffic circulation problem is exacerbated by the large amount of on-street parking.

Many lots in the McClellan Park area were originally platted for single-family residential purposes and are therefore inadequate to accommodate parking needs of the newer commercial and industrial activities. Because many of the existing commercial buildings were constructed prior to off-street parking requirements, their parking needs are largely met through on-street parking. Even for owners who desire to provide parking on-site, the common configuration of older buildings on small lots makes this difficult. Because many of the businesses are auto-oriented or served by trucks, the lack of sufficient on-site parking impairs their potential for expansion. As a result of these land use and platting conditions and heavy use of the area for Downtown employee parking, the area experiences severe parking problems. The high demand for on-street parking and the narrowness of the east-west streets also create local traffic congestion problems, making the area less attractive for pedestrians.

Some of the on-street parking available is not useable. Portions of the Fourth Street curb are much higher than the street pavement, making the opening of car doors on the curb side difficult.

An investigation of traffic accidents in the area shows that the majority of accidents occur at the intersection of major north-south streets with Lomas Blvd. (See Map 8).

Pedestrian movement in the area appears to be very restricted due to traffic movement and parking problems, although McClellan Park provides an amenity around which to organize development more sensitive to and encouraging of pedestrian use.

City bus service to the area is provided along Fourth Street and Lomas Blvd. from Third Street to Sixth Street (See Map 9). There are several existing designated bike routes within the area. A northbound bike route has been established on Second Street, a southbound bike route on Third Street, and an east-west bikeway on Mountain Road.
ANNUAL TRAFFIC ACCIDENT FREQUENCY - 1982

SOURCE: ALBUQUERQUE TRAFFIC ENGINEERING DIVISION

TRAFFIC ACCIDENT CONCENTRATION

MAP 8
EXISTING BUS & BIKE ROUTES

SOURCE: CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

MAP 9
F. Public Improvements - Utilities, Drainage, Sidewalks, and Alleys

Maps 10 and 11 show existing water and sanitary sewer lines in the area. While there is adequate service of these utilities for existing development, new more intense use in the future would require a substantial upgrading of existing lines. The four-inch lines west of Fourth Street in Granite, Marble and Slate are fairly old steel lines, which need to be replaced with ductile iron lines. The lines on the east side of Fourth are neither old nor undersized. However, additional "looping" to interconnect lines on the east-west cross streets with those on the north-south streets may be necessary to provide adequate fire protection, particularly for new development.

Two major electric facilities are located along Lomas at First and Third (See Map 12). Major facilities along Lomas intrude visually on a primary entrance to Downtown. Undergrounding of small distribution lines and relocation of major facilities may be necessary over the long term to achieve a desirable urban center character in keeping with the Downtown Core.

The flood hazard area map (Map 13) shows that a hundred year flood would largely affect the eastern portion of the area. Flooding occurs on First, Second and Third Streets along with portions of Mountain Road and Lomas Blvd. The area within the plan boundaries has problems in common with general drainage problems characteristic of the Río Grande valley, which is isolated hydrologically from the Heights by the north and south diversion channels and I-25 on the east. The area has little slope, and the flooding conditions indicated on the map are caused by (a) inadequate and out-dated storm sewer line sizes originally constructed at less than minimum slope standards, and (b) inadequate downstream storm sewer capacity, due to the over-taxed street and storm sewer system generally existing in the valley.

Specific drainage improvements and site development procedures can reduce or eliminate the threat of flooding. A new storm sewer line on Lomas from Eighth Street to Broadway, proposed in the Albuquerque Master Drainage Study, would help to eliminate flooding at the intersection of Broadway and Lomas and on First, Second and Third Streets. Proposed improvements connecting the Third Street to Eighth Street systems would also reduce the threat of flooding. These improvements are programmed to take place in 5-10 years if funded as proposed through the CIP process at a cost of approximately $1.4 million.
O—MANHOLE
——SANITARY SEWER LINE

SOURCE: ALBUQUERQUE WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

SANITARY SEWER
MAP 11
PROPOSED STORM DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

10 YEAR FLOOD HAZARD

100 YEAR FLOOD HAZARD

SOURCE: ALBUQUERQUE MASTER DRAINAGE STUDY

FLOOD HAZARD AREA
MAP 13
In addition, the City's 1982 Drainage Ordinance requires drainage plans for all building permits, site development plans, and landscaping plans. Due to the lack of downstream capacity for this area, in most cases new construction will require detention on site.

According to a field survey recently undertaken by the Department of Community and Economic Development, the McClellan Park area contains a substantial number of unpaved alleys and substandard sidewalks - either in deteriorated condition or in some cases with sidewalks or curbs completely missing (See Map 14). On and between Fifth and Sixth Streets, problems include broken and cracked pavement, buckling sidewalk sections and crumbling or missing curbs. Since this area is predominantly residential, these substandard conditions are especially hazardous. Throughout the proposed redevelopment area, broken sidewalks and areas with no sidewalks can be found. As shown on Map 14, over ten half-block sections in the area between Fourth and First Streets have no sidewalks, including sections on First Street, Mountain Rd., Granite and Slate. Several corners in this area have crumbling or missing curbs. Along First Street, remnants of an attractive dark brick sidewalk can be seen.

Ten alleys in this area used frequently by both residents and commercial owners are unpaved; these include five of the east-west alleys between Sixth and Fourth and almost all four blocks of the north-south alley between First and Second from Lomas to Mountain Road.

G. Landscaping

While most of the existing sidewalks in the area are at least six feet wide and set back at least three feet, there is very little sidewalk landscaping. As shown on Map 15, only one block has sidewalk landscaping on all sides, and the remaining blocks have at least one section with no landscaping. Of the sixteen small to medium size parking lots in the area, fourteen have no landscaping.
NO LANDSCAPING IN SETBACK BETWEEN STREET AND SIDEWALK R.O.W.

NO LANDSCAPING IN PARKING LOT P

SOURCE: COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FIELD SURVEY

LANDSCAPING CONDITIONS

MAP 15
METROPOLITAN REDEVELOPMENT PLAN
III. THE McCLELLAN PARK PLAN: METROPOLITAN REDEVELOPMENT PLAN ELEMENTS AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PLAN RATIONALE

Goals

1. Allow limited expansion of the Downtown Core so as to provide adequate sites for large scale redevelopment projects which are needed to strengthen the employment and tax base of the center city and encourage it to assume a larger urban function within the metropolitan area.

2. Encourage high density commercial (including pedestrian oriented retail), office and residential activities within a substantial portion of the McClellan Park Area which will serve to complement the Downtown Core or eventually become a part of the Downtown Core.

3. Protect the existing residential scale of the area southeast of Sixth Street and Mountain Road and provide transition to the more intensive types of development appropriate for the remainder of the McClellan Park Area.

Objectives

1. The area should contain a mixture of uses, architectural forms and building scales to create a quality urban environment that is varied, dynamic, and oriented to people.

2. The integration of historic elements into redevelopment projects shall be encouraged.

3. McClellan Park should be emphasized as a focal point of the McClellan Park District.
   A. Create design guidelines to assure that new development responds to the park as a positive visual and functional amenity.
   B. Create high quality pedestrian linkages to McClellan Park to optimize pedestrian access from other areas of the district and from the Civic Plaza.

4. A high intensity, active and high quality public pedestrian environment should be created within the area.
5. As the area redevelops to higher densities, transit and pedestrian links should be created to tie the area to the Downtown Core; landscaped pedestrianways should be located to connect major public open space amenities.

6. Residential rehabilitation, new residential construction and hotel development shall be promoted to encourage 24-hour activity, provide close-in housing for downtown employees, and actively promote compatible mixed-use redevelopment.

7. The viability of existing businesses shall be protected during the rehabilitation and redevelopment of areas within the district.

8. Mountain Road west of Fourth Street should continue its present character as a pedestrian scale historic corridor to Old Town.

9. Traffic on Mountain Road should not be increased.

10. Street level development along Fourth Street should be pedestrian oriented commercial activity reflecting its historic role as a major commercial street.

11. Financial incentives should be used for a variety of redevelopment needs including rehabilitation, new construction, and large and small projects.
A. **Zoning Concept** (See Map 16)

1. **Downtown Core - SU-3 Zoning**

   **Recommendations** (See Map 17)

   1. The present Downtown Core SU-3 zone should be extended one block north of Lomas between the Railroad Tracks and Sixth Street and between Lomas Blvd. and Slate Avenue so that both sides of Lomas are zoned the same. This policy is appropriate for a major arterial, and will help to encourage appropriate development and treatment of Lomas Blvd. in accordance with its function as a major entrance to Downtown. The north boundary of the Downtown Core should be treated differently from the other edges of the Core in this respect because the other three sides of the Core are adjacent to areas which are and should remain essentially residential, while this is not true of the north side of Lomas Boulevard. Rezoning to SU-3 is proposed with the adoption of this Plan, through amendment to the Downtown Core Interim Sector Development Plan.

   2. Design criteria to be met in site plan review will be specified for each block within the new SU-3 area. (See Section III. F., Map 22)

   3. Expansion of the Downtown Core north of Slate Avenue to Mountain Road should be considered in the process of preparing a Downtown Core Sector Development Plan. During this process such issues as densities, surrounding land uses and plans, potential infill development within the existing core area, and the size of Albuquerque's downtown in relationship to other cities should be analyzed as a basis for boundary recommendations.

   **Zoning Rationale**

   The reasons for these recommendations are detailed as follows:

   (1) **Need for Expansion of the Downtown Core**

   Development opportunities within the Core have been considerably reduced since it was originally defined. This reduction of development opportunities within the Core, coupled with containment policies imposed by neighborhoods to the west, east and south, impairs the City's ability
to respond adequately to market demand. This in turn hinders the continued achievement of a key public policy objective—that of expanding and strengthening the employment and tax base within the center city, or as the Comprehensive states, "continuing and expanding the redevelopment and rehabilitation of older areas." Within the context of a city-wide growth management strategy, the City's redevelopment program must be viewed as an on-going program which continues to strengthen the tax base, rather than one that is completed at a single point in time. For quality redevelopment to continue, desirable sites must be available to accommodate large scale redevelopment projects integrating a variety of uses on one site.

Although the Comprehensive Plan does not address the size of urban centers, an estimate of Downtown's ultimate size potential can be derived from comparison with the Coronado/Winrock SU-3 area, which contains a total of approximately 400 acres compared to 182 acres within the Downtown SU-3 zone. The Downtown planning process now underway is the appropriate mechanism for considering possible major changes to Downtown Core boundaries to help the Core to remain competitive with other urban center locations.

(2) Location of Core Expansion

The area north of Lomas is the most logical growth path for several reasons:

a. The Downtown Core cannot expand to the south, west or east because of the established neighborhoods in those directions and the neighborhood sector plans which protect and strengthen their residential character. Expansion to the north is the only remaining option.

b. This area contains predominantly older commercial and manufacturing uses.

c. McClellan Park provides a significant urban design amenity which can serve as a focal point around which to organize private reinvestment north of Lomas. Redevelopment could change the now under-utilized park to a valued part of the downtown environment.
d. Expansion to the north would curtail demand for commercial/office incursions into residential areas on downtown's eastern, western, and southern boundaries, thus protecting existing neighborhoods.

(3) Boundaries

Possible SU-3 boundaries recommended for further study include the blocks surrounding McClellan Park, in recognition that the park represents a major amenity and focal point around which to organize redevelopment appropriate to an urban center character. Possible boundaries extend north to Mountain Road east of Fourth and Fifth Streets and east to the railroad tracks since over the long term it may be in the city's best economic development interests to replace existing marginal commercial and industrial uses in that area, many of which would be better served through relocation to larger industrial or warehousing sites with more adequate space for on-site parking and better transportation access. Possible SU-3 boundaries end at Fifth Street on the west in recognition of its more stable character as a viable residential neighborhood with strong potential for rehabilitation and re-use of existing structures. This area would be best protected by inclusion within the Downtown Neighborhood Area, as recommended in this Plan. The blocks between Lomas and Slate, the Railroad Tracks and Sixth Street are included in the SU-3 area to be rezoned with the adoption of this Plan since they share many of the same characteristics which led to the City's rezoning of the First City site. Both sides of Lomas, as a major arterial, should be zoned the same. Extension of SU-3 zoning one block north of Lomas will strengthen the street's function as a major entrance to Downtown.

2. SU-2 McClellan Park District

Recommendations (See Map 17)

1. A special McClellan Park District zone should be instituted for the area north of Slate Avenue to Mountain Road and generally east of Fifth Street to the railroad tracks. Rezoning is proposed with the adoption of a Sector Development Plan for the McClellan Park District, as contained in Section IV.
2. Parking requirements should generally be equivalent to those now required by the Zoning Code for each use, except for pedestrian-oriented retail establishments and optional alternatives to encourage multi-level structured parking. These alternatives would allow developers the options of: (1) contributing a fee for public multi-level structured parking in lieu of providing parking on-site; or (2) obtaining City waiver of 50% of parking requirements if multi-level structured parking is provided by the private sector.

3. Uses which are incompatible adjacent to the Downtown Core Urban Center should be discouraged and redevelopment to a more urban character encouraged. West of First Street, heavy commercial and industrial uses would become non-conforming, and outdoor storage would become conditional under the recommended zone. However, minor remodeling and minor expansions of non-conforming businesses now operating in this area should normally be approved by the City.

4. Mixed-use development which maintains the present ratio of residential to non-residential uses shall be required for the blocks immediately to the west and northwest of the park to provide a transition to the neighborhood and create a well-planned, mixed-use character.

5. Zoning should encourage quality redevelopment. Design criteria to be met in Site Plan Review should be specified for each Block within the SU-2 zone north of Slate. (See Section III. F and Map 22) These criteria would address such issues as:

a. The need for transitions to lower scale development where the McClellan Park District interacts with neighborhood areas to the west and north;

b. Requirements for pedestrian orientation including retail and service commercial uses, at ground level fronting on McClellan Park and along Fourth Street, and encouragement of ground level retail uses along major pedestrianways:

c. The need for maintaining solar access to the park, to the neighborhood, and to major pedestrianways; and

d. Requirements for area-wide landscaping consistent with those now imposed for the Downtown Core.
Zoning Rationale

(1) Need for Development Controls

The McClellan Park Area is clearly one that can attract a number of business ventures which may not be compatible with the planned character of the area, with businesses and residences already nearby, or with the Downtown Core. This area is fragile and special controls both as to land use and physical design are needed to optimize the development of the area. For these reasons, special design controls with performance standards are needed which are not found in the standard zones. Major expansion of the Downtown Core or SU-3 Urban Center Zone into the area is not appropriate prior to study of the entire Downtown Core Sector Plan Boundaries.

Creation of a McClellan Park SU-2 zone permitting the flexibility of block-by-block design standards is the best zoning mechanism for directing the growth of this area.

(2) Redevelopment Standards

Design criteria will help to ensure high quality redevelopment, with architectural design and landscaping in accordance with basic principles of urban design.

(3) Land Use Objectives

The proposed zoning is designed to promote compatible mixed-use redevelopment (See Goal #8) by maintaining the existing proportion of residential to non-residential development in key transitional blocks immediately to the west of McClellan Park. These requirements for residential use are appropriate for these blocks since they: (a) serve as transitions between the proposed higher density commercial redevelopment within the McClellan Park District and the neighborhood to the west; and (b) are located adjacent to McClellan Park providing a major open space amenity for residents. Requirements for mixed-use including residential will promote a "distinct identity" for the McClellan Park District and are essential to creating a well-planned urban character.
(4) Parking

See Section III. E.

(5) Strategy

Re-zoning to SU-2 McClellan Park District is proposed with the adoption of this Plan (See Section IV).

3. Downtown Neighborhood Area - SU-2 Zoning

Recommendations (See Map 17)

1. The three blocks between Fifth and Sixth Streets north of Slate Avenue to Mountain Road and the block between Fourth and Fifth Streets between Granite Avenue and Mountain Road should be added to the Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan in recognition of their neighborhood character.

2. This general area should be zoned for low-scale, mixed use development which allows both residences and offices. The zone should have as permissive uses townhouses, single family residences, and 50% use of any residential use for office. As a conditional use, 100% office use should be allowed if certain specified criteria are met.

3. The "edges" bordering Mountain Road between Fourth and Fifth Streets and north of the proposed SU-3 zoning between Fifth and Sixth Streets one-half block north of Slate Avenue should be zoned as buffer areas for low-scale neighborhood commercial development.

4. Residential densities should be compatible with existing single-family homes.

Zoning Rationale

(1) Strengthening Residential Character

The area recommended for MP/0 zoning consists predominantly of single family residences. There are 39 houses in the three blocks west of Fifth Street while there are only five commercial uses, most of which involve conversions of residences to offices. The character of the area
therefore relates to the Downtown Neighborhood Area to the west. The majority of residents and property owners in this area have expressed a desire to preserve and enhance these low-scale residential characteristics.

(2) Allowing Low-scale Mixed Use

The area proposed for MR/O zoning would respond to the market demand for conversions of single-family residences to office uses related to the Downtown Core. While it is important to retain the existing single-family scale, this area is more appropriate for office conversion of single-family homes to offices than other areas adjacent to the Downtown Core, such as the HDA zoned area west of Seventh Street and south of Lomas Blvd., and the proposed mixed-use zoning would encourage reinvestment in the form of rehabilitation of existing buildings.

(3) Preserving the Character of Mountain Road

Low scale commercial development would be permitted along the edges of the area. On the northern edge along Mountain Road the zoning is proposed to be RC, which includes a conditional use for 100% commercial use. This zoning is consistent with the Downtown Neighborhood Area and Sawmill Plans in which properties along Mountain Road are generally zoned residential/commercial or residential. The RC and NC zoning reinforces the historic character of Mountain Road as a narrow street bordered by low scale development, and supports the goal of not increasing traffic along Mountain Road.

(4) Providing Transitional Areas

Since the half block on the north side of Slate between Fifth and Sixth is across the street from recommended SU-3 zoning, it should not be zoned Residentially but rather should function as a transition or "buffer" to the low-scale mixed use zone to the north. Slate Avenue is also part of the pedestrian circulation system and the neighborhood commercial uses permitted under NC can support the pedestrian use of the street.

(5) Strategy

Re-zoning to SU-2 is proposed with the adoption of this Plan, through amendment to the Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan (See Appendix A).
B. CIRCULATION

1. Vehicular Circulation (See Map 10)

Recommendations

1. Temporary barricades should be installed at the intersections of Granite and Marble Avenues with Fifth Street which permit left turns onto Fifth Street but prevent left turns from Fifth Street onto Marble and Granite Avenues as a means of reducing through traffic on primarily residential streets. If this experiment is successful, temporary barricades should be replaced with permanent installations.

2. No street closures to create malls for the pedestrianways are now justified. Closing Slate Avenue to vehicular traffic between Third and Fourth Streets may later be justified in order to achieve a stronger pedestrian relationship between McClellan Park and the major development which will have been built on the south side of Slate. The following standards apply to any such consideration:

   a. Basic Standards. When it has a firm understanding of the character and transportation needs of the major redevelopment in the area adjacent to the park, the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission may, at its discretion, approve a site development/landscaping plan which involves and approves closure of Slate between Third and Fourth Streets if it finds that

      (1) There is a net benefit to the public welfare because the urban pattern made possible is clearly more beneficial to the public welfare than the detriment resulting from the street closure, and

      (2) Public and/or private funds for development of the mall are committed and/or approval is contingent on Council approval of needed City funding.

   b. Design Standards. Any plans for street closure in connection with the Slate Pedestrianway should be governed by the following special design standards (as well as the concepts and guidelines that apply more generally to the McClellan Park District):

46
(1) In order to retain the feel of an urban square surrounded by movement, a change in grade or other visual separation should exist at the northern edge of the Slate pedestrianway, and

(2) The Slate pedestrianway should be clearly public, both visually and functionally. It should be visually separated from the adjacent building on Block 3. It should be visually and functionally to the total McCellan Park pedestrianway system. Design should not create a super-block appearance in terms of ties between the park and the building.

c. Right of Way Vacation. Closure of Slate to vehicles could involve vacation of the public right-of-way, with the City's deeding out the fee to the south half, contingent upon (1) retaining at least pedestrianway and utility easements and (2) commitments by the owners of Block 3 for their funding the improvements. The Development Review Board would make this decision and should evaluate any such request according to the standards of the Subdivision Ordinance, but in no event should vacation be approved prior to City approval of a site development/landscaping plan for the public right-of-way.

d. Timing, Notice. Neither closure of Slate to vehicles nor vacation of the right-of-way shall be effective prior to a major building being completed on Block 3. Notice of a public hearing on such a plan is required and shall be the same as public notice required by the Subdivision Ordinance for vacation of public right-of-way.

3. Fourth Street should continue its function as a minor arterial serving local businesses as well as providing access to Downtown. At such time as pedestrian activity increases to levels which warrant pedestrian controlled traffic signals according to official standards, such signals should be installed at the intersections of major pedestrianways with Fourth Street.

4. Curb parking should be eliminated on Fourth Street between Lomas Blvd. and Slate Avenue. Installation of street trees is encouraged, but any such improvements shall not reduce the existing 40' street pavement width.

Rationale

The vehicular circulation concept for the McCellan Park area is in accordance with the Long Range Major Street Plan, which identifies Lomas,
Second, Third, Fifth, and Sixth Streets as principal arterials serving downtown; Mountain Road as a collector street; and Fourth Street as a minor arterial. The Plan recognizes that all other streets are presently used primarily for local traffic. The Plan, however, proposes a number of modifications to the local vehicular circulation system, as described above. Closure of a street to vehicles is not envisioned anywhere in the McClellan Park area except possibly on Slate between Third and Fourth; there, the Transportation Department indicates that adjacent streets would be capable of handling the diverted traffic; whether the net benefit to the public welfare will at some point justify closure remains to be determined.

If Slate is closed to vehicles and vacated, the cost of developing any part of the mall which is on privately owned land should be borne by the owner of that land since they would receive major benefit. The financing of other mall improvements may be public and/or private, as determined by the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission.

The decision on whether to close Slate Avenue to vehicles between Third and Fourth Streets is given to the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission, subject to normal appeal process for design review. This would be accomplished by the commission's action on a proposed mall plan. Since the Redevelopment Commission has approval of other site plans in the McClellan Park District, this seems appropriate. Should closure of Slate to vehicles be found appropriate by the Redevelopment Commission, it could be accomplished either through street vacation and deeding out property rights or it could be done through administrative action of the Traffic Engineer.

These recommended improvements to the local circulation system are designed to reinforce desired land use and zoning patterns. It is assumed that traffic congestion problems currently experienced on local streets will be alleviated over the long-term through elimination of on-street parking as the area redevelops and as parking requirements proposed in the McClellan Park District are met.

2. Transit and Pedestrian Circulation

Recommendations

1. At such time as a Downtown shuttle loop is instituted, the loop should connect the southern edge of the McClellan Park District to the rest of
Downtown and to Old Town. A possible route could be Third Street, Fifth Street, and Granite Avenue on the north, as shown on Map 19.

2. Pedestrianways should radiate in all directions to and from McClellan Park to provide optimum access to the park from all areas of the District and reinforce the park as a focal point. Slate would serve as a primary connector from the west, Fourth Street from the north and south, and Marble from the east, as shown on Map 20.

3. Fourth Street shall provide a pedestrian connection from McClellan Park to the Civic Plaza through removal of on-street parking, sidewalk widening, and street tree landscaping between Lomas and Slate, and through pedestrian signalization improvements to the intersection of Lomas and Fourth Street. Such improvements shall not affect the through vehicular capacity of Fourth Street as a minor arterial and shall not reduce the existing street right-of-way.

4. Design elements of the pedestrian system should create visual ties to McClellan Park through consistent, quality design treatment of paving materials, lighting systems, street furniture, and other elements creating a high quality pedestrian environment.

5. Possibly Slate Avenue between Third and Fourth Streets could be closed to vehicular traffic and converted into a landscaped mall. (See Recommendation #3 under Vehicular Circulation) This closure would enhance the over-all quality of the development south of Slate by strengthening its pedestrian orientation and providing opportunities to extend the park landscaping throughout the development south of the park to Lomas.

6. Parking requirements should be waived for retail outlets which encourage pedestrian traffic and use and which front on a designated pedestrianway or the McClellan Park (see Map 20).

Rationale

The Albuquerque/Bernalillo Comprehensive Plan establishes the following policies:

"Higher density development shall be concentrated in selected areas (urban centers...), to facilitate development of mass transit."
(Policy A.5.h)
"In major urban centers, walking should be enhanced by establishing pedestrianways separate from streets and auto free pedestrian zones." (Policy A.5.i.)

This policy framework provides the basis for specific pedestrian and transit recommendations in this Plan. While most of the plan area is not now recommended for urban center designation, the southern tier of blocks is so recommended and most of the remaining plan area is proposed for an SU-2 "urban center periphery" category which provides similar treatment in these respects.

The Transit Circulation Map (Map 19) reflects the Transit Development Program adopted by the City Council on July 18, 1983, which takes effect in January, 1984. The bus route which now runs north and south on Fourth Street will continue as the primary bus route serving McClellan Park. In addition, the new program institutes an express bus route running north on Fifth Street and south on Sixth Street. Since this system is intended to serve the Downtown Core, it should have a stop north of Lomas when ridership in this area increases as a result of redevelopment in order to serve the McClellan Park District.

The rights of way most suitable for pedestrian movement are generally the east-west streets because these local streets have less traffic than the major arterials serving downtown in the north-south direction, and more potential for minimizing conflicts between the pedestrian and automobile. Therefore, the east-west streets are designated in the pedestrian circulation element as the major carriers of pedestrian traffic, with one notable exception. Fourth Street is designated as a pedestrian oriented street because it is the logical pedestrian connector between McClellan Park and the Civic Plaza. The Civic Plaza's reuse of Fourth Street right-of-way and the planned mall to the south of the Civic Plaza have already established a pedestrian orientation along Fourth Street south of Lomas. In addition, improving the pedestrian environment on Fourth Street can enhance its historic role as a commercial street.

The recommended pedestrian system is also intended to provide optimum access to McClellan Park in accordance with the goal of this Plan to emphasize the Park as the focal point of this District. McClellan Park is intended to become the physical symbol and visual landmark of the entire area, and strongly linking it to the rest of the area through designated pedestrianways will help reinforce that goal. These landscaped pedestrianways will lead people from the more remote areas of the District to the park along landscaped...
corridors and will continue across intersections through use of special paving materials. A major expression of the pedestrian circulation system should occur at the intersection of Fourth Street and Lomas, visually signifying to the driver that there is major pedestrian movement at this intersection linking the McClellan Park District to the rest of downtown.

The successful design of the pedestrian circulation system is critical to the successful redevelopment of the McClellan Park District. The kinds of materials, the type of paving, the street furniture, lighting systems, and landscaping should be of the highest quality and consistent with treatment of McClellan Park. Consistency of design will create a sense of continuity and cohesiveness throughout the area, and will help to reinforce the role of the park as the major focal point.

Land use changes will also promote a pedestrian character. The area is encouraged to redevelop with pedestrian-oriented retail uses rather than the present auto-oriented businesses. Waiving parking requirements for specified retail outlets will provide a substantial public incentive which eases the burden of parking problems for the desired uses. This incentive will allow the expansion of existing pedestrian-oriented retail establishments, such as restaurants, and will encourage other such development to locate within the area.
C. Landscaping Concept

Recommendations

1. Third Street should become a landscaped "parkway" with street trees from I-40 to the Alvarado Square area of the Downtown Core, to enhance the northern access to Downtown and create a landscaped tie between Coronado Park, McClellan Park, and the Civic Plaza.

2. Designated pedestrianways shall be fully landscaped and improved walkways with special paving treatment, street furniture such as benches and kiosks, special lighting, and pedestrian-oriented landscaping which includes planter areas with shrubs and flowers as well as street trees.

3. Throughout the McClellan Park District and the new SU-3 area, street trees and sidewalk improvements will be required for all new development consistent with street tree requirements now imposed within the Downtown Core. Installation of street trees shall follow the Street Tree Plan excerpted from the 1975 Downtown Plan Revision (See Section III. F)

4. The Lomas Pedestrianway Project should be extended from Third Street to the Railroad right-of-way along both sides of Lomas Blvd.

5. The urban character of McClellan Park should be enhanced to make it a focal point for the District. Improvements should include adding seating areas, paving the existing walkways, improving the stage area to attract people-oriented activities, and adding a special element such as a fountain, while at the same time enhancing natural landscaping by adding ornamental trees, flowers, and other plantings which contribute to the variety of natural landscaping materials. The landscape design should retain the basic "soft" landscaping character.

6. A detailed McClellan Park landscaping plan should be developed to establish design continuity in the public right-of-way and provide a more detailed landscaping framework to guide new development. This landscaping plan would serve as a basis for the City to identify costs, funding sources, and proceed with implementation.

Rationale

Provision of landscaping amenities throughout the McClellan Park Redevelopment Area will help to carry out a primary aim of redevelopment to
LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

MAP 21

LANDSCAPED PEDESTRIANWAY

EXTENSION OF LOMAS BLVD. PEDESTRIANWAY

DEVELOP 3RD STREET AS A LANDSCAPED "PARKWAY"
attract people, activity, and private investment by improving the total physical environment.

Plantings, properly placed and used, can perform a variety of functions which make the area more pleasant for people. They can provide shade, serve as windbreaks, reduce glare, absorb noise, form screens separating pedestrians from traffic, and help to purify the air. These abilities are particularly crucial adjacent to the Downtown urban center.

In addition, plantings can add beauty and color, a sense of seasonal change, and provide softer forms of human scale contrasting to the hard surfaces and massive character of structures and spaces in a highly urbanized setting. Street trees in particular can help to unify certain discordant architectural elements in the area and provide identity to the McClellan Park District as a special place distinct from other parts of the city.

Critical components of the landscaping design for the McClellan Park area are the proposed landscaping treatment for public rights-of-way, in particular the major pedestrianaways, and for McClellan Park itself. The pedestrianaways will be fully developed, with special sidewalk materials and plantings as described under Recommendation #2. The recommendation for street trees along Third Street is based on its unique role as the only major arterial serving downtown that passes by three major parks: Coronado Park, McClellan Park, and the Civic Plaza. This fact provides a unique opportunity to create linkages which strengthen park exposure to the street and develop a sense of place and entrance to the Downtown from the north.

The recommendation to extend the Lomas Pedestrianway from Third Street to the Railroad right-of-way recognizes that the project has been a major improvement in the Downtown area and that the extension will enhance an important eastern entrance to Downtown.

A significant element of the landscape concept is the proposed upgrading of McClellan Park to provide an environment more suited to the proposed urban center character. Improvements to the Park should provide opportunities for seating, conversation, areas for small public gatherings, sidewalk displays, street vendors, small art shows, and other types of activities that would add vitality to this urbanized setting. The Park should also continue to be a natural, landscaped environment providing for large areas of grass, trees, shrubs, flowers and other natural plantings. The Park is currently surrounded
on all sides by streets, two of them arterials. The possible pedestrian mall at Slate would have the objectives of allowing the Park to connect directly to new development to the south, removing parked cars from at least one of its edges, and increasing the area allotted for pedestrians.
D. Public Improvements

1. Utilities

Recommendations

1. Undergrounding of small electric distribution lines and telephone lines should be done as the area redevelops, if the McClellan Park District is designated part of the Downtown Core.

2. The major subtransmission line along Third Street and Lomas should be seriously considered for relocation or burial to minimize impact on developable sites. Such a change is contingent on satisfactory financing arrangements and appropriate amendment of the rank II Facility Plan: Electric Service Transmission and Subtransmission Facilities (1981-1991).

Rationale

The utilities in the McClellan Park Area, both telephone and electrical, create visual environmental problems. Locations of major electric utility poles at the intersections of Third and First Streets with Lomas intrude visually on a major Downtown entrance from the east and are incompatible with the Urban Center character along Lomas recommended in this Plan.

2. Drainage

Recommendations

1. Storm sewer improvements to Lomas Blvd. and Aspen Avenue as identified in the Albuquerque Master Drainage Study (AMDS) should be included for funding in the six-year CIP program.

2. Drainage plans must be submitted and approved for all new construction, and must conform to the 1982 Drainage Ordinance (See Section III. F.)

Rationale

As discussed under Existing Conditions, the McClellan Park area exhibits drainage problems common to valley areas east of the Rio Grande. These
problems consist of older storm sewer facilities which are not built to current standards and inadequate downstream capacity. As a result, drainage solutions must be addressed on a site specific basis through City review process. In most cases, on-site detention of the 100-year run-off is required for new construction.

3. **Water and Sanitary Sewer Line Replacement**

**Recommendations**

1. Replacement lines should be sized to accommodate densities and types of development recommended by this Plan.

2. The capacity of sanitary sewer and water lines shall be addressed on a case by case basis as developments are proposed.

**Rationale**

The Water Resources Department has General Obligation Bond funds for the replacement of water lines. Although an area somewhat larger than the McFlellan Park area is being planned for replacement lines, the plans should recognize the new development proposed by this plan and propose lines sufficient in size and engineering standards to serve the urban center scale development recommended by this Plan. However, the project is not an extension project, and it is conceivable that some development could be proposed which would require on and off-site line extension for water service and/or fire projection. System wide availability within the area cannot, therefore, be assured, but will be studied by Water Resources on an individual project basis.

Because sanitary sewer lines may not be replaced as a result of the above mentioned project, the capacity of sanitary sewer lines must also be assessed on a case by case basis as developments are proposed.
F. Parking

Recommendations

1. A parking strategy for the entire Downtown Core should be developed in the revision of the Downtown Core Interim Sector Development Plan. This parking analysis should cover the area here proposed for the McClellan Park SU-2 zone. The analysis should cover the location and size of public parking lots and structures, appropriate locations for major private parking installations, and any changes in the parking requirement which should be adopted; the study should evaluate implementation devices.

2. The existing parking requirements should not be reduced, except for retail outlets which encourage pedestrian traffic and use. The McClellan Park District zone should require parking for all other new development pursuant to normal Zoning Code requirements for each use. Developers should be permitted to meet these requirements by paying a parking dedication fee for spaces in public parking structures in lieu of providing on-site parking, at a rate of one-half the current public cost of each parking structure space. (See Section IV)

3. Public parking structures should be located in areas which best respond to redevelopment patterns as they emerge.

4. Financial mechanisms for joint public-private sector funding of parking structures should be encouraged and considered by the City on a project specific basis to reduce public subsidy costs.

5. As a short term strategy, policing of on-street parking should be expanded north of Lomas to improve enforcement, and encourage use of on-street parking to serve local businesses rather than long-term employee parking.

Rationale

A parking strategy for the Downtown Core will be a major element of the Downtown Core Interim Sector Development Plan revision. A comprehensive study is needed to:

(1) Develop a workable and acceptable public/private partnership, possibly using new forms of tax increment financing, for the
construction and operation of Downtown parking structures; and

(2) Establish a broader parking policy related to transit needs and objectives for Downtown as a major Urban Center, identifying acceptable and desirable transit/auto ratios.

Such a study is beyond the scope and jurisdiction of this Plan.

Extension of the present Downtown Core zone, with no parking requirements, north to Mountain Road would be unacceptable since it would not address the current parking deficiencies in the area, thus adding to on-street parking and traffic congestion problems, and would impose subsidy requirements on the City without identifying a funding source.

Therefore the proposed McClellan Park District zoning imposes parking requirements on new development generally pursuant to the Zoning Code. To encourage structured parking and provide an alternative for developers who cannot provide parking on-site due to space limitations, the zone permits:

(1) a waiver of these on-site requirements if developers contribute to a public parking structure fund an amount equivalent to one-half the City's cost for each space required; or

(2) a waiver of 50% of parking requirements for that portion met through provision of private structured parking.

To encourage pedestrian-oriented development, the zone also permits waiver of all parking requirements for certain specified retail uses in the areas where the City particularly wants to encourage pedestrians.

As part of the revision of the Downtown Core Interim Sector Development Plan, the parking needs of the McClellan Park District will be analyzed in more detail, with possible application of solutions developed for the rest of the Downtown to the McClellan Park area. This more detailed study, in addition to addressing financing and parking needs, would recommend specific locations for structures which would tie-in to the pedestrian system and land use patterns established by this Plan. This would permit long-term planning for City public structure commitments as a prerequisite to implementing the parking dedication fee concept proposed in this Plan.

62
F. Guidelines For Review of Site Development Plans

1. Site Development Plans submitted pursuant to SU-3 Downtown Core and SU-2 McClellan Park District zoning regulations will be reviewed for conformance to the following design and use criteria: (See Map 22 for Block Number designations).

a. MIXED USE:

Block 1 - Shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of Slate and Lomas by providing at least 50% retail and service commercial uses per premises at the ground level on those frontages. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians. Principal pedestrian access to new development on this block shall be from Slate and Lomas. In City review, special emphasis will be given to the design quality of the Lomas facades. Parking should normally be visually contained within a structure and should not directly access to or front on Lomas. Surface parking or unenclosed multi-level parking will not be allowed butting Lomas.

Blocks 2 and 3 - Shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of Fourth Street and Slate Avenue by providing at least 50% retail and service commercial uses per premises at the ground level on those frontages. New development shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of the McClellan Park by providing essentially all retail and service commercial uses at ground level fronting on McClellan Park. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians. Principal pedestrian access to new development on these blocks shall be from Slate and Fourth, with secondary pedestrian access from Lomas. In City review, special emphasis will be given to the design quality of the Lomas facades. Parking should normally be visually contained within a structure and should not directly access to or front on Lomas. Surface parking or unenclosed multi-level parking will not be allowed abutting Lomas.

Blocks 4, 5 & 6 - Shall reinforce the Pedestrian environment of the Lomas pedestrianway by providing at least 50% retail and service commercial uses per premises at the ground level on the Lomas frontage. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians. Principal pedestrian access to new development on these blocks shall be from Lomas. In City review, special emphasis will be given to the design...
quality to Lomas facades. Parking should normally be visually contained within a structure, and should not directly access to or front on Lomas. Surface parking or unenclosed multi-level parking will not be allowed abutting Lomas.

Block 7 - An increase of the existing percentage of residential square footage is encouraged on this block. Development shall be designed to serve as a transition between the more intensively developed McClellan Park District to the east and the lower scale mixed use area to the west of Fifth Street and shall conform to the typical transition illustrated in Diagram 1. New development in Block 7 shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of McClellan Park by providing essentially all ground level retail and service commercial uses fronting on McClellan Park. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians.

Block 9 - New development shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of McClellan Park by providing essentially all retail and service commercial uses at the ground level fronting on McClellan Park. New development shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of Marble Avenue by providing at least 50% retail and service commercial uses per premises at the ground level on those frontages. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians.

Blocks 10, 14 & 15 - Shall reinforce the pedestrian environment of Marble Avenue by providing at least 50% retail and service commercial uses per premises at the ground level on those frontages. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians.

Block 12 - New development shall be designed to serve as a transition between the more intensively developed McClellan Park District to the east and the lower scale mixed use residential area west of Fifth Street and shall conform to the Typical Transition Illustration in Diagram 1. New development in Block 12 shall provide at least 50% ground level retail and service commercial uses per premises along Fourth Street to reinforce the pedestrian character of that street. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians.

Block 13 - New development shall provide at least 50% ground level retail and service commercial per premises along Fourth Street to reinforce the pedestrian character of that street. New development shall reinforce the
pedestrian environment of McClellan Park by providing essentially all retail and service commercial uses per premises at the ground level fronting on McClellan Park along Marble. This ground level commercial shall offer visual appeal to pedestrians.

b. SOLAR ACCESS

Blocks 1 and 2 new development shall be designed to provide solar access to the north side of Slate Avenue extending twenty (20) feet south into the R.O.W. at noon on 21 December to protect the quality of the pedestrian environment on the north side of Slate and the lower scale development north of Block 1.

Blocks 2 and 3 new development shall be designed to provide afternoon sun to at least 75% of McClellan Park at 2:00 pm on 21 December to preserve solar access to the park.

Blocks 9 and 10 new development shall be designed to provide solar access at 2:00 pm on 21 December to at least 50% of that portion of the Marble Avenue right-of-way fronting on the premises to protect the quality of the pedestrian environment on the Marble Avenue Pedestrianway.

Block 12 new development shall be designed to conform to the Typical Solar Access for Block 12 illustrated in Diagram 2, in order to provide solar access to single family residences north of Granite.

2. Landscaping Plans submitted pursuant to City Site Plan requirements should be guided by the following criteria, excerpted from the 1975 Downtown Plan Revision.

a. ON-SITE LANDSCAPING

(1) Normal zoning requirements on parking lot landscaping apply where off-street parking is provided.

(2) All outdoor pedestrian activity areas shall be heavily landscaped and shall be compatible with pedestrian way street tree and landscape concepts. This shall include, but not be limited to: plazas, outdoor eating areas, outdoor sales areas, recessed building entries, etc.
TYPICAL FOR BLOCK NUMBERS 7 & 12

TRANSITION

DIAGRAM 1
(3) All landscaping must follow the Landscaping Concept contained in this Plan and the City's adopted Street Tree Ordinance.

b. STREET TREES

(1) Trees along streets in the Downtown should be suited to an urban, man-made environment in terms of their resistance to inner city problems such as heat and pollution, their compactness of form which can adapt to limited space conditions, their low maintenance characteristics, and their root system which should not interfere with underground utilities.

(2) To provide special identity to the core area, large street trees should be confined to two basic, complementary species.

(3) To give a sense of continuity to streets, trees should be regularly spaced along each thoroughfare.

(4) Evergreens are generally not appropriate as street trees, but could be planted in groves and parks where more space is available.

(5) Plantings should be used to differentiate streets of varying degrees of pedestrian or vehicular use as follows:

On streets with the highest volumes of vehicular traffic, larger deciduous trees should be planted to relate to the faster speed of the passing motorist.

Smaller trees which provide shade, color, and seasonal change should be used on streets with less traffic volume.

For streets with larger amounts of pedestrian traffic within commercial districts, intensive vegetation in more formal, contained arrangements is recommended. Within residential areas, more informal treatment with greater flow between the pedestrian areas and plantings is recommended.

To provide continuity within the pedestrian circulation system, landscaping along the major pedestrianways should be treated as one cohesive design emphasizing intensive use of smaller, ornamental trees and including finer landscaping elements for people, such as benches and fountains. Landscaping along designated pedestrianways would be specified at the time of their design.
TEEN TYPES

Existing, healthy street trees should not be removed, but as they age or become diseased, they should be replaced only with the types recommended in this Plan.

One-Way Streets

The Street Tree Plan recommends the use of Sycamore species, specifically the Platanus acerifolia "Bloodgood" variety (commonly called London Plane Tree) or Platanus orientalis (Oriental Plane Tree). This is the largest size tree recommended.

The planting of London Plane trees is recommended for the following one-way streets: Second, Third, Fifth & Sixth Streets.

Two-Way Streets

The Plan recommends two types of smaller trees for two-way streets carrying lower volumes of traffic. These include members of the ash species (Fraxinus) including the Arizona ash (Fraxina velutina - "Standley"), green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica lanceolata), modesto ash (Fraxinus velutina glabra), and white ash (Fraxinus americana). These two types are recommended for planting along the following streets: First, Fourth, Slate, Marble and Granite Avenues.

3. Drainage Plans for all new development must be submitted to the Hydrology Section of the Department of Municipal Development for review and approval. The 1982 Drainage Ordinance establishes existing review policy.

The following recommendations and requirements have been made by the City Hydrologist for any new development in the Plan Area:

1. Pre-design meetings between architect, engineer, client and City Hydrology Staff should be held well in advance of final preparation of plans.

2. In general, plans should reflect the fact that little or no downstream capacity exists in the street and storm sewer system. Therefore:
   a. Detention ponds are required and a configuration of landscaping/parking area ponding is often an optimum solution.
b. Whenever possible, the ponding should drain to an existing catch basin or storm sewer line.

3. Landscaping schemes should reflect the need to prevent irrigation runoff from impacting the downstream system.

4. In developments bordered by streets which flood during the 100-year storm as indicated in the AMDS, finished floor elevations shall be one-foot above the flood elevation in the street.
6. DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCESS

SU-3 AND SU-2 McCLELLAN PARK DISTRICT ZONES
FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION
AND
RENOVATIONS INVOLVING SIGNIFICANT SITE IMPACTS

1. Developer submits Site Development Plan to Community and Economic Development staff. Staff determines whether or not a renovation project has significant site impacts.

2. If staff determines that a renovation project has significant site impacts or if the Site Plan is for new construction, developer applies to the Development Review Board with a Site Development Plan (including any signs within the site) as defined by the Zoning Code and the Development Process Manual.

3. The Development Review Board reviews the Site Development Plan and makes comments.

4. The Development Review Board's comments are incorporated in a report prepared by the Community and Economic Development Department Redevelopment Planning staff for the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission.

5. The Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission reviews the Site Development Plan. The Commission may approve, conditionally approve, defer a decision, or deny approval of the Site Development Plan.

6. Appeal of a decision of the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission is to the City Council. Procedure is as specified in Section 45 of the Zoning Code for appeals from Planning Commission decisions.

DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCESS
FOR
RENOVATIONS OR CHANGES NOT INVOLVING SIGNIFICANT SITE IMPACTS

Site Development Plans (including signs) shall be administratively approved by the Community and Economic Development Redevelopment Planning staff.
II. FINANCING

Recommendations

1. All redevelopment incentives available under the State Metropolitan Redevelopment Code should be made available to this area, including use of Metropolitan Redevelopment Bonds for rehabilitation and new construction, and use of Tax Increment funds for public improvements. The City will make a diligent effort to secure the placement of specific redevelopment projects not using bonds into a Tax Increment District in accordance with applicable State Statutes requiring the approval of other taxing authorities. The following policies shall apply to guide the use of these incentives:

   a. Redevelopment bonds shall be used to encourage redevelopment in accordance with the Goals and Objectives of this Plan; non-conforming uses shall not receive redevelopment bonds to finance expansion.

   b. Any tax increment funds generated shall be used for public improvement projects within the McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Area. Wherever feasible and appropriate, they should be matched with funds from the owners of benefitted properties. The following list of appropriate tax increment projects is not in priority ranking. All will require subsequent specific Council approval and appropriation:

      (1) Utility relocation including burial, as described in Section III. D;

      (2) Construction of major public pedestrianways, as described in Section III. C;

      (3) Improvements to McClellan Park, as described in Section III. C;

      (4) Area-wide sidewalk repair and replacement;

      (5) Public parking structure (if needed).
2. Industrial Revenue Bonds should be made available to assist businesses that wish to re-locate out of the area and encourage a gradual transition to a more urban character.

3. The Downtown Development Loan Pool Boundaries should be expanded to include the McClellan Park Redevelopment Area through City Council action.

4. Community Development funds for housing rehabilitation should be made available to the residential areas generally west of Fifth Street through expansion of the Downtown Neighborhood Community Development Area to coincide with the recommended DMA SU-2 zone boundaries (See Map 17). The Neighborhood Housing Services (NHS) program should be encouraged to expand into this area through the normal CD planning process.

5. Projects within the McClellan Park District and the Downtown Core SU-3 zone should be eligible for Downtown Incentives funds for public right-of-way improvements in response to private investment. The same public-private sharing of costs should apply as is normally followed within the Downtown Core: (a) The installation and maintenance of street trees on streets not designated pedestrianways shall be the responsibility of the developer; (b) Sidewalk improvements and installation of an irrigation system connected to a private water source for the street trees shall be the responsibility of the City.

6. An area-wide maintenance assessment district should be instituted for maintaining the major pedestrianways.

7. Within the proposed Downtown Neighborhood SU-2 area, property owners granted conditional uses should be required to replace or repair sidewalks if needed.

8. If the south half of Slate Avenue is vacated between Third and Fourth Streets in conjunction with developing a pedestrian mall, the City shall as a condition of vacation retain pedestrian and utility easements and require agreement by the fee owner to fund mall improvements on this land per a plan satisfactory to the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission.
Rationale

(1) Federal and Local Redevelopment Programs

Two of the major programs funded by Community Development which are needed in this area are the Housing Rehabilitation Program and the Downtown Development Loan Pool Program (DDLP) which provides interest subsidies for commercial rehabilitation. Although the City has adopted a policy that no new CD areas will be declared, the western portion of the McClellan Park Area can be added to the existing Downtown Neighborhood Community Development Area so that the DNA Sector Development Plan boundaries and the Community Development Area boundaries will coincide. This will enable Neighborhood Housing Services to expand their housing rehabilitation program into this area. The DDLP boundaries may be expanded to include the entire McClellan Park Area through City Council action. Although this program now operates only within designated Community Development areas, new Federal regulations permit its extension into non-CD areas. This proposed extension into the McClellan Park area is justified because of its redevelopment status and the need for a range of redevelopment incentives providing funding for small as well as larger projects (See Goal #13). Whereas bonds are feasible only for projects over approximately $500,000, the DDLP as presently structured may be used for rehabilitation projects under $250,000. The DDLP therefore supplements the City's bond program as a redevelopment tool. All of these programs function in a "partnership" with the private sector, offering special financing terms as an inducement to private investment.

(2) Tax Increment

Tax Increment funds are generated through private investment and a developer's willingness to forgo use of bonds and tax abatement in return for public improvements. Although formation of a tax increment district must be approved by all participating taxing authorities, the City may play a role in encouraging other jurisdictions to support such an effort for this area. If a Tax Increment District is approved, the use of tax increment funds for specific purposes is subject to subsequent City Council approval and appropriation processes; however, the setting of priorities in this redevelopment plan can provide guidance for those future appropriation decisions and provide direction and assurances to the private sector regarding City commitments to future improvements.
Priorities for tax increment funding have been recommended based on their projected impact on private investment decisions, i.e., their function as an incentive to further generation of tax increment revenues, in accordance with the goal of this plan to actively promote redevelopment. The cost of relocating electric utility lines and power towers as discussed in Section III, D. is presently estimated at approximately $600,000 by PNM. If this cost is borne by the private sector alone, it could serve as a significant deterrent to investment, particularly for the first projects impacted, which would bear a disproportionate share of the cost of relocation.

The Pedestrianways recommended by this Plan can be funded from four possible sources: Tax Increment Financing, Downtown Incentives Fund, assessment district, or by the private developer on a project basis. Because the Pedestrianways are recommended for more intensive landscaping to a higher standard than the other streets in the area, some public funding should be made available for the Pedestrianway improvements. The two most likely sources are Tax Increment Financing or the Downtown Incentives Program. Tax Increment Financing would permit construction of the entire Pedestrianway system at once, while the Downtown Incentives approach requires construction of public improvements only in response to specific private projects. Tax Increment is therefore the preferred funding source. If the capital costs are borne by the City, an area-wide maintenance assessment district would be appropriate for maintaining the major Pedestrianways. Instituting these major Pedestrianways to and from McClellan Park is a key concept intended to establish the park as a focal point around which to organize significant redevelopment projects attracted to this amenity. The Pedestrianways are listed as a higher priority than improvements to the park itself because, as discussed under Existing Conditions, pedestrian movement in the area now is very restricted, with landscaping and sidewalk conditions severely neglected. On the other hand, McClellan Park as it now exists serves as a positive rather than negative influence on redevelopment.

The Downtown Incentives (CO Bond) Program can provide a means of funding sidewalk improvements and landscaping on streets not designated Pedestrianways and within the area zoned SU-3 or McClellan Park District. Under this program as presently administered within the Downtown Core, the costs of sidewalk improvements and landscaping are shared between the developer and the City on a project or block basis but only if certain "thresholds" of private investment are met. The program has provided significant development incentives, but at this time demand within the Downtown Core exceeds the funds available.
Tax increment funds are therefore recommended as an alternative source for funding an extension of this program to the McClellan Park District.

As described under Existing Conditions, many of the sidewalks and curbs between Fourth and Sixth Streets within the recommended SU-2 Downtown Neighborhood Area have been identified as needing repairs. Sidewalk and curb improvements could be funded by Tax Increment Financing, assessment district, or by each private property owner individually. The zoning in the SU-2 Area permits conditional 100% office and commercial uses. One of the conditions could be that the property owner repair sidewalks if repairs are needed. Tax Increment Financing could also be used within this area to replace sidewalks comprehensively, rather than on a piecemeal basis by each property owner. If sufficient Tax Increment Funds are not available, an assessment district could be established.

Long-term planning for City parking structure commitments is a prerequisite to implementing the parking dedication facility concept proposed in this Plan. Once the need for public structures has been identified, tax increment funds can be used to finance the City's one-half share of parking structure cost. This public improvement has the lowest priority because it is at this time unknown whether developers will make use of the parking dedication fee option for funding public structures.

3. Urban Enhancement Trust Funds

Extension of the Lomas Pedestrianway Project east from Third Street may be appropriate for financing through Urban Enhancement Trust Funds.

4. General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds are another source of funding for improvements to McClellan Park. G. O. Bonds are the normal source of funds for park improvements. McClellan Park was recently renovated; however, funding was not sufficient to complete all the planned improvements (i.e. the paving of the walkways). Although improvements for the park are also a priority under Tax Increment financing, the park is not a high priority for Tax Increment, and General Obligation Bond financing may be available sooner.
IV. THE MCCLELLAN PARK SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PLAN: SU-2 ZONING REGULATIONS

A. SU-2 McCLELLAN PARK DISTRICT C Commercial land use category is governed by the following regulations:

1. Permissive uses: Uses permissive in the C-2, Community Commercial zone, and dwelling units, except as required by the specific block criteria contained in the McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, Guidelines for Site Plan Review and as specified below:

   a. New construction on Block 7 (See Map 21) shall maintain the existing ratio of residential to non-residential square footage of 1 to 1. For every square foot of non-residential use constructed, there must be one square foot of residential floor area constructed. An existing business can expand up to 10,000 square feet without being required to meet this residential to non-residential square footage ratio.

   b. New construction on Block 12 (See Map 22) shall maintain the existing ratio of residential to non-residential square footage of 1 to 2. For every two square feet of non-residential use which is constructed, there must be one square foot of residential use constructed. An existing business doing business on the block on the effective date of this zoning regulation can expand into as much as 4,000 square feet of new building net floor area without being required to meet the residential to non-residential square footage ratio.

2. Conditional uses: Uses Conditional in the C-2, Community Commercial zone.

3. Signs are regulated as in the C-2, Community Commercial zone except that free-standing signs are not permitted.

4. There is no height requirement except as required by the specific block criteria contained in the McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, Guidelines for Site Development Plan Review.

5. There is no lot size requirement.

6. There is no setback requirement except as required by the Building Code, Traffic Code, other City ordinances and the specific block criteria.
7. Retail outlets specified below in this paragraph have no parking requirements if they front on the McClellan Park or a designated pedestrianway (see Map 29). Retail outlet is defined as a business which engages in the retail sale of the following goods, plus incidental retailing of related goods and incidental service or repair, or a business which engages in the following services:

Antiques
Arts and crafts objects, supplies, plus their incidental creation, provided there is little or no reproduction of identical objects.
Barber, beauty services
Clothing, shoes, drygoods
Cosmetics, notions, hobby supplies.
Drugs
Flowers and plants
Food and drink for consumption on premises or off, but not drive-in facility.
Furniture, household furnishings
Jewelry
Repair of shoes
Sporting goods
Musical instruments and supplies
Travel agency

8. For uses other than retail as specified in #7, off-street parking is required pursuant to the Zoning Code, Section 40-A. In lieu of meeting these parking requirements, a developer may obtain a waiver of these on-site requirements by paying a parking dedication fee for spaces in a public parking structure at a rate equal to one-half the City's cost for each space required (cost to be determined by the City).

9. A Site Development Plan, and, if relevant, a Landscaping Plan, is required for any new construction or for renovations involving significant site impacts, each approved by the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission (See Diagram 3). Site Development Plan and Landscaping Plan
review and approval will be governed by standards contained in the McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, Guidelines for Site Plan Review and approvals must be consistent with that plan.

B. SU-2 McCLELLAN PARK DISTRICT M Manufacturing land use category is governed by the following regulations:

1. All provisions of the M-1 Light Manufacturing Zone, including subsequent amendments, apply.

2. A Site Development Plan, and, if relevant, a Landscaping Plan, is required for any new construction or for renovations involving significant site impacts, each approved by the Metropolitan Redevelopment Commission (See Diagram 3). Site Development Plan and Landscaping Plan review and approval will be governed by standards contained in the McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan. Guidelines for Site Plan Review and approvals must be consistent with that plan.

C. These land use categories are hereby amended into the official zone map (as provided by Article 7-14, R.O. 1974) as shown on Map 17 of this plan.
Appendix A

Amendments to the Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan

The following land use category and the area designated in the McClellan Park Plan as SU-2 for Downtown Neighborhood Area (See Map 17) will be added to the Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan:

The MRO, Mixed Residential/Office land use category corresponds to the R-T Residential Zone in the Zoning Code, including any subsequent amendments, and is subject to the same regulations as that zone with the following exceptions:

1. The minimum lot area is 2000 square feet.

2. The off-street parking requirement is one and one-fourth spaces per dwelling unit for residential development.

3. For non-residential development, the Zoning Code parking requirement shall apply. Off-street parking is not permitted between the structures and the adjacent street right-of-way, but is permitted in existing drive ways and garages and between the structure and the alley.

4. The useable open space requirement is 500 square feet per dwelling unit.

5. Uses permissive in the C-1 Zone shall be permissive in this zone if the non-residential floor area does not exceed one-half of the gross floor area on the lot.

6. Signs are permitted as in the RC, Residential/Commercial Zone in the Zoning Code.

7. Use of 100% of the floor area for offices is conditional providing the following criteria are met:

a. Structurally sound main buildings will be rehabilitated and maintained in a manner which will protect, preserve, and enhance their existing architectural character and/or residential character.
b. New construction will be compatible in style, and materials with neighboring residential buildings.

c. Signage will not include visible bulbs, interior illumination, neon tubing, luminous paints, plastics, or moving parts and will be compatible in design with the neighborhood character.

d. Office development will be for uses which do not generate high levels of traffic, noise, or litter. Examples of offices which usually would not generate high noise, traffic, or litter levels are architects, business and investment consultants, engineers, geologist, lawyers, physicians, psychiatrists, psychologists, and realtors. For consideration of such uses the Zoning Hearing Examiner shall impose certain parking requirements or other traffic controls when necessary to accomplish the goals set forth in this plan.

e. A Site Development Plan shall be presented to and approved by the Zoning Hearing Examiner with any application for a conditional use.
Appendix B

McCLELLAN PARK SURVEY

At the first area meeting held during the planning process a survey was handed out to all who attended. The tabulation of the answers which were returned to the City staff are as shown below.

It should be noted that this survey is not a true random sample survey, as it includes only those who chose to attend this particular meeting and return a questionnaire.

Overall Profile of Respondents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Owner Occupants</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident Renters</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Owners</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owners of Rental Units</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Respondents</td>
<td>41</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Some categories may overlap, i.e. residents may also own a business.

What do you like about this Area?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Convenient Location</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical/Aesthetic</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>29%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Long-Time Residents</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Crime Rate</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variety of Uses</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close to Schools</td>
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<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potential for Growth</td>
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<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiet</td>
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<td>5%</td>
</tr>
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What are the problems in this Area which the Plan should address?

<table>
<thead>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Run Down Properties</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poorly Planned Land Use</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Traffic Patterns</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor or Insufficient</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking Areas</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed Uses</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Problems</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noise</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transients</td>
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<tr>
<td>Too Much Commercial</td>
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<tr>
<td>No Residential Support Businesses</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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What would you like to see happen to this area in the future?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refurbish Run</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Down Properties</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protect Homes from</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Encroachment</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More Commercial Use</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Industrial Development</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Landscaping/Trees</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve Traffic Flow</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduce Commercial</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Encourage Residential</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean Area</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low-Interest Mortgages</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
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</table>
RESOLUTION

AMENDING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE MCCLELLAN PARK SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND THE DOWNTOWN CORE REVITALIZATION STRATEGY, WHICH INCLUDES A SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR THE DOWNTOWN URBAN CENTER, AND REZONING MCCLELLAN PARK SU-3 SPECIAL CENTER ZONE.

WHEREAS, the Council, the governing body of the City of Albuquerque, has the authority to adopt plans for the physical development of the areas within the planning and platting jurisdiction of the City authorized by statute, Section 3-19-5 NMZA 1978, and by its home rule powers; and

WHEREAS, the Council has adopted the Downtown Core Revitalization Strategy, including a Rank III Sector Development Plan for the Downtown Urban Center, Enactment 24-1989, and has subsequently amended the plan through Enactment 44-1990, Enactment 96-1991, Enactment 142-1991, and Enactment 125-1992; and

WHEREAS, the Council has adopted the McClellan Park Sector Development Plan as a Rank III Plan, Enactment 10-1984; and

WHEREAS, these plans specify zoning and establish land use and redevelopment policies for the downtown core and the area surrounding McClellan Park; and

WHEREAS, the City has offered to donate McClellan Park to the Federal government as part of a site for a new U.S. Courthouse; and

WHEREAS, the southern portion of the proposed courthouse site is new zoned SU-3 and is located within the Downtown Urban Center Sector Development Plan, while the northern portion is zoned SU-2/C and is located within the McClellan Park Sector Development Plan; and
WHEREAS, it is desirable to have uniform zoning on the entire
courthouse site; and

WHEREAS, policies adopted by the City in the Albuquerque/
Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan and the Downtown Core
Revitalization Strategy and affirmed by the Environmental Planning
Commission in its decision in the matter of Z-93-46 call for uses such
as a courthouse to be located within an Urban Center; and

WHEREAS, the area north of the existing Downtown Urban Center
boundary is seen as the most appropriate area for downtown expansion as
noted in the McClellan Park Sector Development Plan and affirmed by the
Environmental Planning Commission in its decision in the matter of
Z-83-12; and

WHEREAS, the proposed courthouse site, which is large enough to
accommodate the court facility as well as landscaped public open space,
can provide the same impetus for redevelopment that was envisioned
earlier for the area based on McClellan Park as a focal point; and

WHEREAS, the Environmental Planning Commission, in its advisory
role on all matters related to planning, zoning and environmental
protection, has approved and recommended adoption of the proposed
amendments to the boundaries of the Downtown Core Revitalization
Strategy and McClellan Park Sector Development Plan, and has found that
re zoning McClellan Park to SU-3 meets the requirements of Resolution
270-1980.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF
ALBUQUERQUE THAT:

Section 1. The block bounded by Slate Avenue, Marble Avenue,
Third Street and Fourth Street, as indicated in Exhibit A which is
attached hereto and made a part hereof, is hereby rezoned SU-3 and
included in the Downtown Core Revitalization Strategy and the Sector
Development Plan for the Downtown Urban Center.

Section 2. The block bounded by Slate Avenue, Marble Avenue,
Third Street and Fourth Street is hereby deleted from the McClellan
Park Sector Development Plan.
PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 1st DAY OF MAY, 1995.

BY A VOTE OF 6 FOR AND 2 AGAINST.

Yes: 6
No: Lattimore, Robbins
Excused: Adams

Vincent E. Griego, President
City Council

APPROVED THIS 18th DAY OF May, 1995.

Martin J. Chavez, Mayor
City of Albuquerque

ATTEST:

City Clerk
CITY of ALBUQUERQUE
FIFTEENTH COUNCIL

COUNCIL BILL NO. F/S R-01-284 ENACTMENT NO. 57·2002

SPONSORED BY: ERIC GRIEGO

RESOLUTION

AMENDING THE MCCLELLAN PARK SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PLAN TO
PROHIBIT NEW OFF-STREET COMMERCIAL SURFACE PARKING LOTS AS A
PERMISSIVE USE IN THE C-2 COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL ZONE AND TO
INCLUDE OFF-STREET COMMERCIAL SURFACE PARKING LOTS AS A
CONDITIONAL USE IN THE C-2 COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL ZONE AND THE
M-1 LIGHT MANUFACTURING ZONE.

WHEREAS, the City of Albuquerque originally adopted the McClellan Park
Sector Development Plan in 1984 through action by the Council on Enactment
Number 10-1984; and

WHEREAS, the McClellan Park Sector Development Plan addressed the
stabilization and integration of the McClellan Park neighborhood; and

WHEREAS, the City of Albuquerque adopted the Downtown 2010 Sector
Development Plan in 2000 through Council Resolution R-21, Enactment
Number 50-2000; and

WHEREAS, the Downtown 2010 Sector Development Plan addressed the
protection of surrounding neighborhoods from intrusion of commercial surface
parking lots and provided policies which seek to eliminate commercial surface
parking lots in neighborhoods adjacent to the Downtown Core; and

WHEREAS, the Downtown 2010 Sector Development Plan provided a “park
once” plan which will accommodate Downtown parking within the Downtown
Core; and

WHEREAS, the planning process for the Downtown 2010 Sector
Development Plan provided several public meetings and hearings for
neighborhood representatives to discuss the impacts of spillover parking from the Downtown Core; and

WHEREAS, this sector development plan amendment is not a zone map amendment, however, if the sector plan amendment is at any time deemed to be a zone map amendment, the Council finds that there are changed neighborhood and community conditions that would justify a zone map amendment including, but not limited to, the construction of new Federal and County Courthouses along Lomas Boulevard, and the construction of the Steve Schiff Office building, all of which have caused increased pressure in the Sector Plan Area for commercial surface parking lots; and

WHEREAS, the Environmental Planning Commission recommended denial of a sector development plan amendment to prohibit the development of new commercial surface parking lots as permissive and conditional uses; and

WHEREAS, allowing new commercial surface parking lots as a conditional use in the C-2 Zone will protect the residential areas in the sector plan area, but will allow the use if after a public hearing, the applicant meets the criteria for approving a conditional use; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has the authority to amend such a sector development plan.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE:

Section 1. That Section IV (SU-2 ZONING REGULATIONS) of the McClellan Park Sector Development Plan be amended as follows:

A. On page 79, SU-2 MCCLELLAN PARK DISTRICT C COMMERCIAL, the following subparagraph c should be inserted in section A.1 following subparagraph b:

"c. No commercial surface parking lot is allowed."

B. On page 79, SU-2 MCCLELLAN PARK DISTRICT C COMMERCIAL, section 2 is amended to read:

"2. Conditional uses: Uses conditional in the C-2 Community Commercial zone, including commercial surface parking lots."
C. On page 81, subsection B.1 of the SU-2 MCCLELLAN PARK DISTRICT M MANUFACTURING zone is amended to read:

"1. All provisions of the M-1 Light Manufacturing Zone, including subsequent amendments apply with the following exception: a commercial surface parking lot is allowed only as a conditional use."

Section 2. Off-street parking, defined in Section 14-16-1-5 of the City of Albuquerque Comprehensive Zoning Code as an area used for required temporary parking regulated by Section 14-16-3-1, is not disallowed by this resolution. Provisions for landscaping for off-street parking are provided in Section 14-16-3-10 ROA 1994 of the Zoning Code.

Section 3. Commercial surface parking lots established prior to the effective date of this amendment are allowed to remain as regulated for parking lots in the O-1 zone, based on a site plan submitted for approval by the Zoning Enforcement Officer. All site plans shall include landscaping installed and maintained according to the approved site plan. Time frames for landscaping of existing commercial surface parking lots shall conform to the nonconformance regulations in Section 14-16-3-4 (E) ROA 1994 of the Zoning Code.

Section 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. This resolution shall take effect five days after publication by title and general summary.
PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 17TH DAY OF JUNE, 2002

BY A VOTE OF: 7 FOR 0 AGAINST.

Yes: 7

Excused: V. Griego, Cummins

Brad Winter
Brad Winter, President
City Council

APPROVED THIS 26 DAY OF JUNE, 2002

F/S Bill No. R-01-284

Martin Chávez, Mayor
City of Albuquerque

ATTEST:

City Clerk
CITY of ALBUQUERQUE
TWENTY SECOND COUNCIL

COUNCIL BILL NO.  C/S R-17-213  ENACTMENT NO.  R-2017-102

SPONSORED BY:  Trudy E. Jones and Isaac Benton

1  RESOLUTION
2  REPEALING RESOLUTIONS AND PLANS WHOSE REGULATORY PURPOSE
3  AND CONTENT HAS BEEN REPLACED BY THE INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT
4  ORDINANCE (§14-16, ET SEQ.), INCLUDING PART §1-1-2, PART §1-1-4, PART
5  §1-1-5, PART §1-1-6, PART §1-1-10, PART §1-1-11, PART §1-1-12, PART §1-1-
6  14, PART §1-1-16, PART §1-2-1, ARTICLE 3: METROPOLITAN AREAS AND
7  URBAN CENTERS PLAN, ARTICLE 4: REVITALIZATION STRATEGIES,
8  ARTICLE 6: REDEVELOPMENT PLANS, ARTICLE 7: SECTOR DEVELOPMENT
9  AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PLANS, ARTICLE 10: OVERLAY ZONES,
10  ARTICLE 11: AREA PLANS, ARTICLE 13: CORRIDOR PLANS, PART §1-13-1,
11  AND PART §2-5-1; CREATING A NEW ARTICLE 14: RANK 2 FACILITY PLANS,
12  ARTICLE 15: RANK 3 MASTER PLANS AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
13  PLANS, ARTICLE 16: FRAMEWORK PLANS THAT ARE CONSISTENT WITH
14  THE TERMINOLOGY IN THE IDO; REPLACING REFERENCES TO REPEALED
15  ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS IN VARIOUS LOCATIONS OF THE CODE
16  OF RESOLUTIONS OF ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, WITH REFERENCES
17  TO THE INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE TO MAINTAIN
18  CONSISTENCY, INCLUDING PART §1-6-7, PART §1-6-8, PART §1-6-9, PART §1-
19  6-16, PART §1-7-16, PART §1-7-43, PART §1-11-9, PART §1-11-12, PART §1-12-
20  12, PART §1-13-2, PART §1-13-3, PART §1-13-4, PART §5-1-1; AND REVISING
21  THE LOCATION IN THE CODE OF RESOLUTIONS FOR SELECT PLANS TO
22  COMPILRE RELEVANT SECTIONS OF THE CODE OF RESOLUTIONS AND TO
23  MAINTAIN CONSISTENCY WITH THE IDO, INCLUDING PART §1-4-2, PART §1-
24  4-3, PART §1-6-8, PART §1-6-10, PART §1-6-11, PART §1-6-12, PART §1-6-13,
25  PART §1-6-14, PART §1-6-15, PART §1-11-5, PART §1-11-6, PART §1-11-7,
26  PART §1-11-13, PART §1-11-14, PART §1-13-2, PART §1-13-3, PART §1-13-4,
PART §1-13-5, PART §4-2-5, PART §4-2-1, PART §4-2-9, PART §4-4-2, PART §4-3-1, AND PART §4-4-3.

WHEREAS, the City Council, the Governing Body of the City of Albuquerque, has the authority to adopt and amend plans for the physical development of areas within the planning and platting jurisdiction of the City authorized by statute, Section 3-19-3, NMSA 1978, and by its home rule powers; and

WHEREAS, the City’s zoning powers are established by the City charter, in which Article I, Incorporation and Powers, allows the City to adopt new regulatory structures and processes to implement the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan ("Comp Plan") and help guide future legislation; Article IX, Environmental Protection, empowers the City to adopt regulations and procedures to provide for orderly and coordinated development patterns and encourage conservation and efficient use of water and other natural resources; and Article XVII, Planning, establishes the City Council as the City’s ultimate planning and zoning authority; and

WHEREAS, the City adopted a Planning Ordinance (§14-13-2) that established a ranked system of plans, with the jointly adopted Comp Plan as the Rank 1 plan that provides a vision, goals, and policies for the Albuquerque metropolitan area, including the entire area within the city’s municipal boundaries, Rank 2 plans that provide more detailed policies for a particular type of facility or a sub-area of the city in order to implement the Comp Plan, and Rank 3 plans that provide an even greater level of detail about an even smaller sub-area; and

WHEREAS, the City amended the Comp Plan in 2001 via R-01-344 (Enactment No. 172-2001) to include a Centers and Corridors vision for future growth and development as recommended by the City’s Planned Growth Strategy (§14-13-1) in order to maintain a sustainable urban footprint and service boundary for infrastructure; and

WHEREAS, the City amended the Comp Plan in 2001 via R-01-343 (Enactment No. 171-2001) to identify Community Planning Areas and provide goals and policies to protect and enhance distinct community identity in each area; and
WHEREAS, the City's Comprehensive Zoning Code ("Zoning Code"), which is the primary implementation tool for the Comp Plan, has been amended piecemeal hundreds of times but has not been comprehensively updated since 1975; and

WHEREAS, the Zoning Code was not updated comprehensively after the Comp Plan amendments adopting the Centers and Corridors vision and community identity goals and policies for Community Planning Areas; and

WHEREAS, zoning codes typically have a lifespan of 20 years before a comprehensive update is needed; and

WHEREAS, the Zoning Code does not include integrated tools to address the unique needs of sub-areas or establish regulations to protect the character of built environments in particular sub-areas; and

WHEREAS, lower-ranked plans are intended to implement the Rank 1 Comp Plan and supplement the Zoning Code by providing a greater level of detailed planning policy and/or land use and zoning regulations for sub-areas of the city; and

WHEREAS, the City has adopted six Rank 2 Facility Plans – for Arroyos (adopted 1986), for the Bosque (adopted 1993), for Major Public Open Space (adopted 1999), for the Electric System: Transmission & Generation (last amended in 2012), for Route 66 (adopted 2014), and for Bikeways & Trails (last amended in 2015) – to provide policy guidance and implementation actions for implementing departments; and

WHEREAS, the City's Rank 2 Facility Plan for Arroyos identifies major arroyos that serve a drainage function as well as, in many cases, recreational opportunities through multi-use trails or parks and provides policy guidance for the design and management of these facilities; and

WHEREAS, the City has adopted three Rank 3 Arroyo Corridor Plans – Pajarito (adopted in 1990), Amole (adopted in 1991), and Bear Canyon (adopted in 1991) – which include policy guidance to the City for the management of these facilities as well as regulations pertaining to private property abutting these facilities; and
WHEREAS, Rank 2 Area Plans and Rank 3 Sector Development Plans have been created and adopted over the last 40 years for approximately half the area of the city; and

WHEREAS, the City has adopted five Rank 2 Area Plans – the Sandia Foothills Area Plan in 1983 (never amended), the Southwest Area Plan in 1988, (last amended in 2002), the East Mountain Area Plan in 1992 (never amended), the North Valley Area Plan in 1993 (never amended), and the West Side Strategic Plan in 1997 (last amended in 2014) – that provide policy guidance about sub-areas to help implement the Comp Plan, yet three have not been amended since 2001, when the Comp Plan was amended to adopt a Centers and Corridors vision for future growth and development; and

WHEREAS, the Southwest Area Plan and East Mountain Area Plan were jointly adopted with Bernalillo County, as the plan areas include land that is predominantly within the unincorporated County area; and

WHEREAS, the City has adopted over 50 Sector Development Plans – some of which include policies and some of which include tailored zoning, regulations, and approval processes for properties within the plan boundary; and

WHEREAS, approximately 51% of the adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans were adopted or amended after 2001, when the Comp Plan was amended to adopt a Centers and Corridors vision for future growth and development; and

WHEREAS, the City intended to update each Sector Development Plan every 10 years, but some have never been amended, some have been amended multiple times, and over half are now more than 10 years old; and

WHEREAS, the Code of Resolutions indicates that the City has adopted plans that the Planning Department cannot find, which may have been repealed or replaced in whole or in part, and there may be other adopted ranked plans that the Planning Department is no longer aware of and have not been listed on the Planning Department’s publication list; and

WHEREAS, approximately half the properties in the city have not had the benefit of long-range planning for specific sub-areas with trend analysis by
staff or engagement by area stakeholders, which is an inequitable and
untenable existing condition; and

WHEREAS, City staff and the budget have been restructured and allocated
over the years in such a way as to no longer be adequate to maintain and
update over 50 standalone Sector Development Plans, three Area Plans, and
three Arroyo Corridor Plans, much less the additional plans that would be
needed to provide an equal level of policy guidance and tailored regulations
for the half of the city not currently covered by Rank 2 Area Plans or
Rank 3 Sector Development Plans; and

WHEREAS, the mix of policy and regulations in Rank 3 Plans has
sometimes created confusion as to whether language is narrative, policy,
and/or regulatory; and

WHEREAS, the adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans have created
over 235 unique SU-2 zones outside of the Zoning Code, many of which
establish zone abbreviations unique to each plan; and

WHEREAS, there are enumerable SU-1 zones adopted for individual
properties throughout the city totaling over 28,500 acres (almost 25% of the
city’s total acreage); and

WHEREAS, the Zoning Code has 24 base zone districts, not including SU-1,
SU-2, and SU-3 zones or overlay zones; and

WHEREAS, the City has struggled to administer and enforce all of these
unique zones consistently over time; and

WHEREAS, the separation of land use and zoning regulation from the
Zoning Code into multiple standalone plans has sometimes resulted in
conflicting language and/or regulations being lost or overlooked by staff and
decision-makers in the review/approval and enforcement processes, which are
the primary responsibility of the Planning Department and the City Council as
the ultimate land use and zoning authority; and

WHEREAS, some Rank 3 Sector Development Plans establish separate
decision-making processes and/or criteria, which introduces an uneven
playing field for development and inconsistent protections for neighborhoods
and natural/cultural resources from area to area; and
WHEREAS, the City Council directed the City in April 2014 via R-14-46 (Enactment No. R-2014-022) to update the Comp Plan and the land development regulations intended to implement it; and

WHEREAS, the City Planning Department and Council Services initiated a project in February 2015 called “ABC-Z” to update the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan and develop an Integrated Development Ordinance (“IDO”) to help implement it; and

WHEREAS, the public engagement process for ABC-Z offered a range of opportunities for input, discussion, and consensus-building with over 130 workshops and public meetings, including daytime focus groups organized by topic, evening meetings with a more traditional presentation and question and answer session, “Comp Plan 101” and “Zoning 101” meetings, and periodic “Ask an Expert” zoning clinics; and

WHEREAS, the project team spoke at over 100 meetings and local conferences by invitation of various stakeholders; and

WHEREAS, the project team staffed booths and passed out promotional material at community events and farmers markets to reach more people and a broader cross-section of the community and met with individuals and small groups during weekly office hours; and

WHEREAS, articles about the ABC-Z project appeared monthly in the City’s Neighborhood News, ads specifically for the proposed IDO were placed in print and social media, as well as on local radio stations, and the project team maintained a project webpage and a social media page on Facebook for the ABC-Z project; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Department has expended additional funds from its general operating budget, and the City Council also provided supplementary funds as part of a budget amendment in November 2015 (R-15-266, Floor Amendment 2, Enactment No. R-2015-113) that were subsequently used for additional paid advertising in print, radio, and social media, including Spanish-language media outlets, to reach a broader and more diverse audience; and

WHEREAS, the City Council adopted an updated Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan (“ABC Comp Plan”) on March 20, 2017 via R-16-
108 (Enactment No. R-2017-026), including an updated community vision that
is still based on a Centers and Corridors approach to growth; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan adopted an updated Centers and
Corridors map that establishes boundaries for the Centers; designates priority
for transportation modes on certain Corridors; and identifies Downtown,
Urban Centers, Activity Centers, Premium Transit Corridors, Major Transit
Corridors, and Main Street Corridors as the Centers and Corridors that are
intended to be walkable, with a mix of residential and non-residential land
uses, and with higher-density and higher-intensity uses; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan established a hierarchy of Centers
and Corridors from the most to the least walkable, mixed-use, and dense, with
Downtown, Urban Centers, Premium Transit Corridors, and Main Street
Corridors all intended to be highly walkable, mixed-use, and dense; and

WHEREAS, the IDO, as a regulatory document that applies citywide, is the
primary mechanism to implement the 2017 ABC Comp Plan for land within the
municipal boundaries of the City of Albuquerque; and

WHEREAS, the IDO has been drafted to be consistent with and implement
Comp Plan goals and policies; and

WHEREAS, the IDO's stated purpose is to implement the 2017 ABC Comp
Plan; ensure that all development in the City is consistent with the spirit and
intent of other plans and policies adopted by City Council; ensure provision of
adequate public facilities and services for new development; protect quality
and character of residential neighborhoods; promote economic development
and fiscal sustainability of the City; provide efficient administration of City
land use and development regulations; protect health, safety, and general
welfare of the public; provide for orderly and coordinated development
patterns; encourage conservation and efficient use of water and other natural
resources; implement a connected system of parks, trails, and open spaces to
promote improved outdoor activity and public health; provide reasonable
protection from possible nuisances and hazards and to otherwise protect and
improve public health; and encourage efficient and connected transportation
and circulation systems for motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians; and
WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan updated the Centers and Corridors map with a new Downtown Center designation as the most urban, walkable, dense, intense, and mixed-use Center in Albuquerque, with the same boundary as the adopted Rank 3 Downtown 2025 Sector Development Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps to implement the Downtown Center by carrying over and updating zoning regulations and design standards from the adopted Rank 3 Downtown 2025 Sector Development Plan as a mixed-use, form-based zone district (MX-FB-DT); and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan updated the Centers and Corridors map with a new Center designation of Urban Centers – intended to be highly walkable, with mixed-use development and high-density, high-intensity uses – for Volcano Heights and Uptown, with the same boundaries as identified in the 2013 Comp Plan, which followed boundaries established by SU-2 zoning in the adopted Rank 3 Volcano Heights and Uptown Sector Development Plans; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement these Urban Centers by allowing additional building height and reducing parking requirements in these Centers; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan updated the Centers and Corridors map with a new Corridor designation of Premium Transit Corridors in order to prioritize transit service in the public right-of-way and encourage higher-density and mixed-use transit-oriented development that can support and be supported by transit service; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement Premium Transit Corridors for which funding has been secured and transit station locations have been identified by allowing additional building height and reducing parking requirements within 660 feet (one-eighth of a mile, a distance of two typical city blocks, considered a 5-minute walk) of Premium Transit stations; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan updated the Centers and Corridors map with a new Corridor designation of Main Streets, intended to be pedestrian-oriented and encourage mixed-use and high-density residential development along them; and
WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement Main Street Corridors by allowing additional building height and reducing parking requirements on parcels within 660 feet (one-eighth of a mile, a distance of two typical city blocks, considered a 5-minute walk) of the centerline of Main Street Corridors; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan updated the Centers and Corridors map with a new Center designation of Activity Centers, intended to serve surrounding neighborhoods, be more walkable and allow higher-density and higher-intensity uses than non-Center areas; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement Activity Centers by requiring enhanced building façade design and site design for drive-throughs that results in more pedestrian-oriented layouts within the boundary of these Centers; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Centers and Corridors vision by converting existing mixed-use and non-residential zoning in Centers and Corridors intended to be walkable, mixed-use, and dense to IDO zone districts with the closest matching set of permissive uses, as described in more detail below; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Centers and Corridors vision by providing different dimensional standards for density, height, and setbacks, lower parking standards, additional building design and site layout standards, and reduced buffering and landscaping requirements that will allow more urban development forms as relevant for walkable, mixed-use, dense Centers and Corridors (excluding Old Town, Employment Centers, and Commuter Corridors); and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan included an updated map of City Development Areas Map that replaced the 1975 Development Areas with one of two new Development Area designations: Areas of Change, including all Centers but Old Town and all Corridors but Commuter Corridors, or Areas of Consistency, including single-family neighborhoods, parks, Major Public Open Space, golf courses, airport runway zones, and many arroyos, acequias; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan includes policies to encourage growth and development in Areas of Change and policies to protect the
character and built environment in Areas of Consistency from new
development or redevelopment; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Comp Plan by providing
Neighborhood Edge regulations (§14-16-5-9) that require a transition and
buffering between Areas of Change and Residential zones, as well as other
design requirements for development in Areas of Change to minimize negative
impacts on Areas of Consistency; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Comp Plan by including
regulations (§14-16-5-2) to avoid sensitive lands such as flood plains, steep
slopes, unstable soils, wetlands, escarpments, rock outcroppings, large
stands of mature trees, archaeological sites; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Comp Plan by including specific
regulations (§14-16-5-2(C)) to ensure that development near sensitive lands,
including archaeological sites (§14-16-5-2(D)), arroyos (§14-16-5-2(E)), and
acequias (§14-16-5-2(F)), is context-sensitive; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Comp Plan by incorporating and
updating regulations from adopted Rank 3 Arroyo Corridor Plans as general
regulations for private property abutting any arroyo identified in the Rank 2
Facility Plan for Arroyos in order to ensure context-sensitive development
next to these natural resources, which function as drainage facilities as well
as providing open space and, in some cases, recreational opportunities
through multi-use trails or parks; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement the Comp Plan by including specific
use restrictions and design standards (§14-16-5-2(H)) to ensure that
development adjacent to or within 330 feet (one-sixteenth of a mile, a distance
of one typical city block) of Major Public Open Space is context-sensitive; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan includes goals and policies to protect
historic assets and cultural resources, and the IDO implements these goals
and policies by incorporating Historic Protection Overlay zones (§14-16-3-3)
with design standards to ensure compatible new development and
redevelopment in historic districts, View Protection Overlay zones (§14-16-3-
4), and regulations for development next to sensitive lands (§14-16-5-2); and
WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan includes goals and policies to protect community health and maintain safe and healthy environments where people can thrive; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps to implement these goals and policies by providing a set of zones (§14-16-2) that range from low intensity to high intensity and designating the appropriate mix of land uses in each zone; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement these goals and policies by providing use-specific standards (§14-16-4-3) that require a distance separation for certain nuisance uses – such as alcohol sales and heavy manufacturing – from residential areas, schools, and churches to mitigate the potential negative impact on quality of life; and

WHEREAS, the IDO helps implement these goals and policies by providing use-specific standards (§14-16-4-3) that require distance separations between uses that pose potential negative impacts on nearby properties – such as pawn shops, bail bonds, small loan businesses, and liquor retail – to prevent clustering of such uses; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan recommends a transition from long-range planning with communities on an as-needed basis to create standalone Rank 2 and 3 plans to a 5-year cycle of planning with each of 12 Community Planning Areas in order to provide opportunities for all areas of the city to benefit from area-specific long-range planning, including regular and ongoing opportunities for stakeholder engagement and analysis by staff of trends, performance measures, and progress toward implementation actions in the Comp Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO implements the new proactive approach to long-range planning by committing the City to a proactive, equitable system of assessments (§14-16-6-3(D)) done every five years with residents and stakeholders in each of 12 Community Planning Areas established by the ABC Comp Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO furthers the purpose and intent of the Planning Ordinance (§14-13-2) and the Planned Growth Strategy (§14-13-2-3) by establishing a regulatory framework that ensures that development is consistent with the intent of other plans, policies, and ordinances adopted by
the City Council; that updated development standards help ensure provision of adequate light, air, solar access, open spaces, and water; that clarified and streamlined development processes will help ensure the harmonious, orderly, and coordinated development of land in the City, and help create efficiency in governmental operations; that land use is coordinated with transportation corridors to help promote the convenient circulation of people, goods, and vehicles while minimizing traffic hazards; that subdivision standards and review/approval processes serve as a framework to help Staff and the public ensure the safety and suitability of land for development; and

WHEREAS, the IDO (§14-16-6-3) describes a Planning System (§14-16-6-3) that incorporates the ranked system of plans described in the Planning Ordinance (§14-13-2): the Rank 1 plan with which the lower-ranking plans must be consistent and that the lower-ranking plans are intended to help implement, Rank 2 plans for facilities that exist throughout the City in various areas and need to be coordinated and managed with a consistent approach (i.e. Facility Plans), and Rank 3 plans for specific areas that benefit from more detailed guidance related to the area's unique needs and opportunities (i.e. Metropolitan Redevelopment Plans, Master Plans, and Resource Management Plans); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Ordinance (§14-13-2) is being amended with the Ordinance adopting the IDO (O-17-49) to clarify that Ranked plans will hereby include narrative and policies but not regulations; and

WHEREAS, adopted Rank 2 Facility Plans will remain in effect, to be amended pursuant to the IDO (§14-16-6-3(B)) or as specified in the adopted plan; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan included and updated policies from adopted Rank 2 Area Plans and Rank 3 Sector Development Plans; and

WHEREAS, the 2017 ABC Comp Plan included Sector Development Plans adopted as of March 2017 in the Appendix so that they can be used as informational, reference documents for relevant sub-areas, especially in creating and/or amending Community Planning Area assessments in the future; and
WHEREAS, the IDO is intended to contain all the zoning and land use laws of the City, superseding any and all other zoning and land use laws whether written or based on prior practice; and

WHEREAS, the IDO is intended to integrate and adopt regulations pertaining to land use and development on private land within the City's municipal boundaries into one document in order to eliminate duplication, inconsistencies, and conflicts and to strengthen consistency, coordination, efficiency, effectiveness, and enforcement of these regulations; and

WHEREAS, the IDO does not apply to properties within other jurisdictions, such as the State of New Mexico, Federal lands, and lands in unincorporated Bernalillo County or other municipalities; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes the flexibility to tailor uses, overlay zones, development standards, and review/approval processes for specific sub-areas to protect character, enhance neighborhood vitality, and respect historic and natural resources; and

WHEREAS, regulations from the adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans and Rank 3 Arroyo Corridor Plans have been coordinated, updated, and included in the IDO either as citywide regulations or as regulations applying to a mapped area consistent with the applicable area identified in the relevant adopted Sector Development Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO carries over as Character Protection Overlay zones (§14-16-3-2) distinct sets of building and site design standards intended to reinforce the existing character of sub-areas of the city from adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans, including Coors Corridor Plan (last amended in 2013), Downtown Neighborhood Area (adopted 2012), Huning Highland (last amended in 2005), Los Duranes (adopted 2012), Nob Hill Highland (last amended in 2014), Rio Grande Boulevard Corridor (adopted 1989), Sawmill/Wells Park (last amended in 2002), Volcano Cliffs (last amended in 2014), Volcano Heights (last amended in 2014), and Volcano Trails (last amended in 2014); and

WHEREAS, within the Nob Hill Character Protection Overlay zone, the IDO tailors the dimensional standards associated with Premium Transit stations and Main Street Corridors, as well as the building height bonus associated
with Workforce Housing, to recognize the lower building heights that
contribute to the distinctive character of “Lower Nob Hill” between Girard
Blvd. and Aliso Dr., consistent with the intent of the adopted Rank 3 Nob Hill
Highland Sector Development Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO carries over as Historic Protection Overlay zones (§14-
16-3-3) historic design standards from the Historic Zone (H-1) and adopted
historic overlay zones, including East Downtown (adopted 2005),
Eighth/Forrester (last amended in 1998), Fourth Ward (adopted 2002), Huning
Highland (adopted 2010), and Silver Hill (last amended in 2010); and

WHEREAS, the IDO carries over and updates view preservation regulations
from the Rank 3 Coors Corridor Plan (last amended in 2013) and Rank 3
Northwest Mesa Escarpment Plan (last amended in 2016) as View Protection
Overlay zones (§14-16-3-4) to protect views from public rights-of-way to

cultural landscapes designated by the 2017 ABC Comp Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes and updates standards and review/approval
procedures for development from the existing Landmarks and Urban
Conservation Ordinance (§14-12-1 et seq.) in order to protect structures and
areas of historical, cultural, architectural, engineering, archeological, or
geographic significance; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes and updates portions of the Development
Process Manual (DPM) that pertain to the engineering technical standards for
development on private land and these updates have been coordinated with
technical subcommittees that are updating relevant portions of the DPM as
part of a parallel effort in order to remove conflicts between zoning regulations
and technical standards related to street and parking design, drainage, flood
control, and sewer service; to ensure an orderly and harmonious process and
outcome for coordinating land use, transportation, and infrastructure on
private property and within the public right-of-way; and to improve the viability
of multiple transportation methods throughout the city; and

WHEREAS, the IDO incorporates the purpose and updates the content of
the existing Zoning Code (§14-16 et seq.); and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes three categories of uses – Residential, Mixed-
use, and Non-residential – with zones in each category that range from the
least to the most intense that are appropriate to a mid-size, Southwestern, 21st century city; and

WHEREAS, the existing Official Zoning Map is included by reference in the Zoning Code (§14-16-4-9); and

WHEREAS, the IDO adopts an Official Zoning Map (§14-16-1-6) with zones converted from existing zone districts pursuant to the zoning conversion rules described below; and

WHEREAS, properties with zoning from the Zoning Code have been converted on the zoning conversion map to the IDO zone district with the closest matching set of permissive uses on a conversion map that has been available to the public for review and comment since April 2016; and

WHEREAS, properties with SU-2 or SU-3 zoning from adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans have been converted on the zoning conversion map to the IDO zone district with the closest matching set of permissive uses; and

WHEREAS, properties with Residential and Related Uses – Developing Area (RD) zoning, Planned Residential Development (PRD) zoning, or Planned Development Area (PDA) zoning have been converted on the zoning conversion map to the Planned Development (PD) zone district in the IDO, which is site-plan controlled and allows uses as specified on the approved site plan; and

WHEREAS, properties with SU-1 zoning in an adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plan that describes the zones by referring to the existing Zoning Code (other than SU-1 for PRD or SU-1 for PDA, whose conversion is described above) have been converted in the conversion zoning map to the IDO zone with the closest matching set of permissive uses; and

WHEREAS, properties with SU-1 zoning whose zone descriptions refer to zones from the existing Zoning Code have been converted on the zoning conversion map to the IDO zone with the closest matching set of permissive uses; and

WHEREAS, properties with SU-1 zoning with zoning descriptions that refer to permitted uses but do not refer to zones from the existing Zoning Code
have been converted on the conversion zoning map to the IDO zone district
that is site plan controlled – Planned Development (PD); and
WHEREAS, the zoning conversion rules for properties with C-2 zoning, or
SU-1, SU-2, or SU-3 zones that reference C-2 zones as the highest uses
allowed permissively, were different for the east and west sides of the Rio
Grande in order to address the imbalance of jobs and housing on the West
Side, so that C-2 properties on the East Side were converted to MX-M to
encourage an ongoing mix of residential and commercial uses, while
properties on the West Side were converted to Non-Residential Commercial
(NR-C) to ensure the addition of retail and services that are currently lacking;
and
WHEREAS, the zoning conversion rules for properties with C-3 zoning, or
SU-1 and SU-2 zones that reference C-3 zones as the highest uses allowed
permissively, were different inside and outside of Centers to help implement
the ABC Comp Plan and result in more mixed-use, walkable development
within Centers, so that C-3 properties outside of Centers were converted to
Non-Residential Commercial (NR-C), while properties east of the river within
Urban Centers or Activity Centers or within 660 feet of Premium Transit station
areas or 660 feet of the centerline of a Main Street Corridor were converted to
MX-H, west of the river only properties within 660 feet of Premium Transit
station areas were converted to MX-H; and
WHEREAS, the City and Bernalillo County jointly adopted the Planned
Communities Criteria (Code of Resolutions §1-1-10) that establish a procedure
for planning large areas that are intended to function self-sufficiently within
their jurisdictions, with development and services that have no net cost to the
local jurisdiction and that implement the Comp Plan; and
WHEREAS, the City has approved two Planned Communities – Mesa del
Sol and Westland – with Level A “Master Plans,” which will be called
Framework Plans in the IDO, and Level B “Master Plans,” which will be called
Site Plans or Master Development Plans, based on the zoning designation;
and
WHEREAS, properties within a Planned Community have been converted to
the IDO’s Planned Community (PC) zone, which will still be regulated pursuant
to the relevant approved "Master Plan" as an approved Site Plan – EPC, with
uses regulated pursuant to the matching IDO conversion zone for any named
zone out of the existing Zoning Code; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes a Use Table (§14-16-4-2) that clearly indicates
land uses that are permitted, conditional, accessory, conditional accessory,
conditional vacant, or temporary in each zone district; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes use-specific standards (§14-16-4-3) to
establish use regulations, further design requirements, allowances, area-
specific regulations, and/or processes to avoid or mitigate off-site impacts and
ensure high-quality development, including those carried over from adopted
Rank 3 Sector Development Plans and generalized to apply citywide or
mapped to continue to apply to a small area; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes general development standards (§14-16-5)
related to site design and sensitive lands; access and connectivity; parking
and loading; landscaping, buffering, and screening; walls; outdoor lighting;
neighborhood edges; solar access; building design; signs; and operation and
maintenance; and

WHEREAS, the IDO includes and updates standards for the subdivision of
land (§14-16-5-4) and associated administrative and enforcement procedures
(§14-16-6) in the existing Subdivision Ordinance (§14-14-1 et seq.) in order to
ensure that land suitable for development is served by the necessary public
services and infrastructure, including a multi-modal transportation network,
and platted accordingly; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes review and approval processes (§14-16-6)
appropriate for each type of land development application in order to clearly
establish notice requirements, decision-making bodies, and criteria for
decision-making bodies; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes thresholds and criteria for administrative
review and decision by staff (§14-16-6-5) for minor projects based on objective
standards for high-quality, context-sensitive development established by the
IDO; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes thresholds, criteria, and the appropriate
decision-making body for major projects (§14-16-6-6) that require a public
meeting and/or hearing and whose approval should be based on consideration
of objective standards for high-quality, context-sensitive land use and
development established by the IDO; and

WHEREAS, the IDO requires review and decision by the Environmental
Planning Commission for a zone change (§14-16-6-7(E)) and site plan approval
(§14-16-6-7(F)) based on consideration of policy as well as objective standards
for high-quality, context-sensitive development established by the IDO in
Planned Development (PD), Non-residential Sensitive Use (NR-SU) zone
districts, and new Master Development Plans in Non-residential Business Park
(NR-BP) zone districts; and

WHEREAS, the IDO incorporates and updates criteria for amendments of
the zoning map (i.e. zone changes) adopted by R-270-1980 and differentiates
between criteria for Areas of Change and Areas of Consistency to help
implement the 2017 ABC Comp Plan; and

WHEREAS, the IDO requires applicants requesting amendments of the
zoning map on properties wholly or partially within Areas of Consistency to
demonstrate that the new zone would clearly reinforce or strengthen the
established character of the surrounding Area of Consistency and would not
permit development that is significantly different from that character; and

WHEREAS, the IDO requires review and decision by the Environmental
Planning Commission (§14-16-6-7(E)) based on consideration of policy as well
as objective standards for high-quality, context-sensitive development
established by the IDO for amendments to the zoning map up to 10 acres in
Areas of Consistency and up to 20 acres in Areas of Change, above which
Council has authority; and

WHEREAS, the IDO requires review and recommendation by the
Environmental Planning Commission and review and final decision by the City
Council for amendment of a Rank 1 Plan (§14-16-6-7(A)), adoption or
amendment of a Rank 2 Facility Plan (§14-16-6-7(B)), text amendments to the
IDO (§14-16-6-7(D)), or annexations (§14-16-6-7(G)) based on consideration of
policy as well as objective standards for high-quality, context-sensitive
development established by the IDO for zone changes of 10 acres or more in
Areas of Consistency and 20 acres or more in Areas of Change; and
WHEREAS, the IDO establishes procedures and criteria for alterations and demolition within and outside Historic Protection Overlay zones and for amending existing and designating new Historic Protection Overlay zones and landmarks (§14-16-6-7(C)); and

WHEREAS, the IDO requires appeals of all decisions to be reviewed and recommended by the Land Use Hearing Officer and reviewed and decided by the City Council as the City’s ultimate land use and zoning authority; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes criteria and thresholds appropriate for staff review and decision of minor deviations from zoning dimensional standards (§14-16-6-4(X)(2)); and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes procedures and criteria for the Zoning Hearing Examiner to decide on requests for conditional uses (§14-16-6-6(A)) or for variances from dimensional zoning standards (§14-16-6-6(L)); and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes procedures for the Development Review Board (§14-16-6-6(J)) to grant variances to sidewalks, public right-of-way standards, and subdivision standards, based on criteria established in the Development Process Manual; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes procedures and criteria for the Environmental Planning Commission to grant exceptions to zoning dimensional standards that provide civic benefits or that benefit the natural environment (§14-16-6-6(K)); and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes notice and meeting requirements (§14-16-6-4) that provide public awareness of development projects and input opportunities appropriate to the scale of the development project – minor projects that are administratively decided requiring notice but no meetings or hearings, major projects that require notice and either a meeting or hearing, and projects requiring discretionary decision-making based on consideration of policy in addition to IDO regulations that are heard and decided at public hearings; and

WHEREAS, approved site plans and permits shall remain valid (as described in §14-16-6-4(W)) unless they expire (as described in §14-16-6-4(W)(2)) or are amended (as described in §14-16-6-4(W)(3)); and
WHEREAS, the IDO establishes the period of validity for development approvals that are subject to expiration; and

WHEREAS, the expiration of approvals granted prior to the effective date of the IDO shall be calculated from the effective date of the IDO; and

WHEREAS, any compliance periods specified in the Zoning Code that are carried over or replaced with new time periods for compliance in the IDO are to be calculated from the effective date of the IDO; and

WHEREAS, all existing development that conforms to the Zoning Code on the date the IDO becomes effective but that does not comply with the IDO shall be considered nonconforming and allowed to continue, subject to limits on expansion and thresholds after which the property must be brought into compliance with the IDO as specified in §14-16-6-8; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes adequate provisions for the continuation and expansion of nonconforming uses, structures, lots, signs, and site features (§14-16-6-8), as well as appropriate thresholds or timeframes for when nonconformities must come into compliance with the IDO; and

WHEREAS, the IDO establishes appropriate standards and procedures for enforcing violations and assessing penalties (§14-16-6-9); and

WHEREAS, any violation of the City zoning, subdivision, or land development regulations in effect prior to the effective date of this IDO will continue to be a violation under this IDO and subject to enforcement actions, unless the development or other activity that was a violation of the previous regulations is consistent with the requirements and regulations of this IDO; and

WHEREAS, the City and private property owners will need time to transition from processes related to the existing zoning code to the new IDO, and the IDO is therefore intended to become effective six months from its adoption date; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Department intends to submit and sponsor a series of zone change requests for review/approval within a year of the IDO effective date to address mismatches of land use and zoning that pre-existed the IDO adoption, to address properties with uses that become nonconforming upon the IDO becoming effective, and to consider requests from property
owners desiring to downzone their existing zoning to a less intense, less
dense zone district in Areas of Consistency; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Department intends to initiate the Community
Planning Areas assessments within two years after the effective date of the
IDO to assess current and anticipated trends and conditions, to understand
planning issues and develop solutions to address them, and to track progress
on performance measures identified in the ABC Comp Plan over time; and

WHEREAS, the IDO requires the City to create an update process and
annual schedule for updates to the IDO; and

WHEREAS, the Office of Neighborhood Coordination sent e-mail
notification to neighborhood representatives on December 29, 2016, as
required, as part of the Environmental Planning Commission (EPC) application
process, and Planning Staff sent a re-notification reminder and Notice of
Decision for each hearing to neighborhood representatives on March 21, April
11, April 25, and May 5, 2017; and

WHEREAS, the proposed IDO was announced in the Albuquerque Journal,
the Neighborhood News, and on the Planning Department's webpage in
January 2017; and

WHEREAS, staff prepared summary handouts for each adopted Sector
Development Plan to explain how Sector Development Plan policies were
incorporated into the 2017 ABC Comp Plan, how regulations from Sector
Development Plan regulations were incorporated into the Integrated
Development Ordinance as either a best practice approach to land-use
regulation and zoning that was extended citywide or as a regulation that was
mapped to apply to the same area as specified in the Sector Development
Plan, either as a zone district (§14-16-2-3), a Character Protection Overlay zone
(§14-16-3-2), a Historic Protection Overlay zone (§14-16-3-3), a View Protection
Overlay zone (§14-16-3-4), a use-specific standard (§14-16-4-3), a development
standard (§14-16-5), or an administrative procedure (§14-16-6); and

WHEREAS, the public and staff from City departments and outside
agencies had opportunities to make written and verbal comments prior to and
during the EPC’s review of the IDO, and the IDO was revised to reflect
Conditions of Approval recommended by the EPC; and
WHEREAS, the EPC voted on May 15, 2017 after five hearings to recommend approval of the IDO with a vote of 6-1 (with one Commissioner absent and one Commissioner's position vacant); and

WHEREAS, the public and staff had an opportunity to make written and verbal comments prior to and during the Land Use, Planning, and Zoning Committee's review of the IDO, and the IDO was revised to reflect changes recommended by the LUPZ Committee; and

WHEREAS, the public and staff had an opportunity to make written and verbal comments prior to and during the full Council's review of the IDO, and the Council adopted Floor Amendments to change the IDO in response; and

WHEREAS, the policy purpose of the Rank 2 Area Plans and Rank 3 Sector Development Plans has been replaced by the 2017 ABC Comp Plan update; and

WHEREAS, the planning purpose of Rank 2 Area Plans and Rank 3 Sector Development Plans for sub-areas of the city has been replaced with the 2017 ABC Comp Plan implementation policies and IDO Planning System (§14-16-6-3) to provide a proactive, equitable system of long-range planning for all areas of the city as assessments done every five years with residents and stakeholders in each of 12 Community Planning Areas established by the ABC Comp Plan; and

WHEREAS, the regulatory purpose of the Rank 3 Sector Development Plans has been replaced by the IDO, which includes best practices for coordinating land use and transportation, establishing appropriate land use controls through zoning, protecting single-family neighborhoods and sensitive lands, and providing appropriate tools to protect character in historic districts and unique neighborhoods; and

WHEREAS, the land use and zoning purpose of the Rank 3 Sector Development Plans has been replaced with the IDO, which includes regulations from adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans, and the zoning conversion map, which converts SU-2 zoning from Rank 3 Sector Development Plans to zones in the IDO with the closest matching set of permissive uses; and
WHEREAS, the regulatory purpose of the Rank 3 Arroyo Corridor Plans has been replaced by the IDO, which incorporates and updates regulations from adopted Arroyo Corridor Plans and applies then citywide along arroyos designated in the Rank 2 Facility Plan for Arroyos to ensure that development on private land adjacent to arroyos is context-sensitive; and

WHEREAS, the Rank 3 Arroyo Corridor Plans will continue to be used as Resource Management Plans by the relevant implementing departments to provide policy guidance for the management of these resources; and

WHEREAS, Master Plans for City facilities, such as the Balloon Fiesta Park Master Plan and BioPark Master Plan, will continue to be used as Rank 3 Master Plans by the relevant implementing departments for guidance on management and planning these individual facilities, to be developed and amended as specified by the relevant implementing departments; and

WHEREAS, several Sector Development Plans were jointly adopted as Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plans, including St. Joseph Hospital/Civic Auditorium Area Sector Development Plan (adopted in 1979), McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan (last amended in 1995), Los Candelarias Village Center & Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan (adopted in 2001), South Broadway Sector Development Plan and Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan (last amended in 2002), and Downtown 2025 Sector Development Plan (last amended in 2014); and

WHEREAS, adopted Metropolitan Redevelopment Plans – including Metropolitan Plans that were adopted as joint Sector Development Plans and Metropolitan Plans – will continue to be used by the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency as Rank 3 Metropolitan Redevelopment Plans to provide guidance on redevelopment efforts, catalytic projects, and public/private partnerships, subject to amendment pursuant to the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency Ordinance (§14-8-4-3(B)); and

WHEREAS, the City adopted a Rank 2 Bikeways and Trails Facility Plan that replaced the former Trails and Bikeways Plan and On-Street Comprehensive Bike Plan; and

WHEREAS, references in the Code of Resolutions to previous amendments to the Comp Plan and other plans that are no longer necessary should be
removed to be consistent with changes to §14-13-2-2 in the Planning
Ordinance amended via O-17-49 and codified in §14-16-6-3 of the IDO; and
WHEREAS, references in the Code of Resolutions to zone districts the
Zoning Code should be updated to reflect the new zone districts in the IDO;
and
WHEREAS, references in the Code of Resolutions to former Commissions
and procedures that are no longer current practice, such as the Extraterritorial
Zoning Commission and prior notice of annexations by City Council, need to
be updated to match changes to State Law; and
WHEREAS, many resolutions in the Code of Resolutions refer to plans and
practices that are no longer in use, and deleting outdated references and
reorganizing the remaining content is intended to clarify requirements and
increase governmental efficiency, effectiveness, and consistency.
BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF
ALBUQUERQUE:

Section 1. The City hereby repeals the Rank 2 Area Plans, whose policy
content has been updated, incorporated into, and replaced by the 2017 ABC
Comp Plan via R-16-08 (Enactment No. R-2017-026) and whose policy purpose
has been invalidated by the amendments to the Planning Ordinance in the
companion legislation adopting the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-
49). The Code of Resolutions Land Use – Article 11: Area Plans is hereby
repealed, with the following related actions:

(A) The following Parts are repealed in their entirety:
   - §1-11-2 Southwest Area Plan
   - §1-11-3 East Mountain Area Plan
   - §1-11-4 North Valley Area Plan
   - §1-11-8 West Side Strategic Plan
   - §1-11-10 Sandia Foothills Area Plan

(B) The following Part is moved as follows:
   - §1-11-5 Trails and Bikeways Plan; On-Street Comprehensive Bike Plan
     adopting resolutions, which were replaced with the Bikeways & Trails
     Facility Plan, are moved to become a new §4-2-9, for historical
     reference, and sections (A)(1), (A)(2), (B)(1), and (B)(2) are hereby
rescinded. A reference to §1-14-1 Bikeways & Trails Facility Plan shall
be added.

(C) The following Parts are moved to a new Article 15: Rank 3 Master Plans and
Resource Management Plans, and the City hereby designates the
referred plans as Rank 3 Plans.

- §4-2-5 Albuquerque International Airport Master Plan and Airport Noise
  Compatibility Program is moved to become a new §1-15-1, with a
  reference to §1-11-7 Airport Master Plan. The text in §1-11-7 is
  rescinded.

- §1-11-6 Bosque Action Plan is moved to become a new §1-15-2.

- §4-4-2 Rio Grande Zoological Park Master Plan is moved to become a
  new §1-15-3.

- §1-11-13 Los Poblanos Fields Open Space Resource Management Plan
  is moved to become a new §1-15-23.

- §4-4-3 Rio Grande Valley State Park Management Plan is hereby
  designated a Resource Management Plan and moved to become a new
  §1-15-25.

- §1-11-14 Tijeras Arroyo Biological Zone Resource Management Plan is
  moved to become a new §1-15-26.

(D) The following Parts are moved to a new Article 16: Framework Plans, and
the City hereby designates the referenced plans as adopted Framework
Plans.

- §1-11-9 Level A Community Master Plan for Mesa del Sol is moved to
  become a new §1-16-1.

- §1-11-12 Westland Master Plan is moved to become a new §1-16-2, and
  shall be updated with the text of R-15-5, Enactment No. R-2016-007.

Section 2. The following approved, but uncodified Facility Plans are hereby
incorporated into a new Article 14: Rank 2 Facility Plans, created in Section 1
above. The City hereby designates following plans as Rank 2 Facility Plans:

- Bikeways & Trails Facility Plan. The resolution adopting this plan (R-14-
  142 / Enactment No. R-2015-045) shall be added as a new §1-14-1, with
  references to §4-2-1 Bikeway Network Plan and §4-2-9 Trails and
Bikeways and On-Street Comprehensive Bike Plan. The text in §1-14-1 is hereby rescinded.

- Facility Plan: Electric System Transmission and Generation (2010-2020). The resolution adopting this plan (R-11-311 / Enactment No. R-2012-023) shall be added as a new §1-14-2, with a reference to §4-3-1


- Facility Plan for Arroyos. The resolution adopting this plan (no number) shall be added as a new §1-14-3.

- Major Public Open Space Facility Plan. The resolution adopting this plan (R-1-1999) shall be added as a new §1-14-4.

- Route 66 Action Plan. The resolution adopting this plan (R-14-115 / Enactment No. R-2014-094) shall be added as a new §1-14-5.

Section 3. The City hereby repeals the existing Rank 3 Sector Development Plans as regulatory documents whose purposes are replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance, whose regulatory content has been updated, incorporated into, and replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance, and whose policy content has been updated, incorporated into, and replaced by the 2017 ABC Comp Plan via R-16-08 (Enactment No. R-2017-026). Code of Resolutions Land Use – Article 7: Sector Development and Community Development Plans is hereby repealed, with the following related actions:

(A) Article 4 is amended to repeal the following Parts in their entirety:

- §1-4-1 Downtown 2025 Sector Development Plan

(B) Article 7 is amended to repeal the following Parts in their entirety:

- §1-7-1 Designation of Community Development Areas
- §1-7-2 Academy-Tramway-Eubank Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-3 Los Duranes Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-4 Downtown Neighborhood Area Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-5 University of Albuquerque Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-6 La Mesa Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-7 West Mesa Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-8 Los Griegos Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-9 Boys' Club Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-10 North Barelas Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-11 Old Town Sector Development Plan and Community Development Plan
- §1-7-12 Huning Highland Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-13 University Neighborhood Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-14 Sawmill/Wells Park Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-15 South Broadway Neighborhoods Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-17 Trumbull Neighborhood Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-18 Huning Castle and Raynolds Addition Neighborhood Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-19 Uptown Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-20 El Rancho Atrisco Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-21 La Cuesta Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-22 Heritage Hills East Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-23 East Gateway Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-24 McClellan Park District Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-25 Lava Shadows Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-26 East Atrisco Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-27 Coors Corridor Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-28 Seven Bar Ranch Neighborhood Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-29 Riverview Neighborhood Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-30 North Interstate 25 Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-31 West Route 66 Sector Development Plan
- §1-7-32 Nob Hill Sector Development Plan
(C) Article 11 is amended to repeal the following Parts in their entirety:
- §1-11-11 Northwest Mesa Escarpment Plan

(D) Article 13 is amended to repeal the following Parts in their entirety:
- §1-13-1 Rio Grande Boulevard Corridor Plan

Section 4. The City hereby severs and invalidates the regulatory content of the jointly adopted Rank 3 Sector Development Plans and Metropolitan Redevelopment Plans, which will no longer serve as Sector Development Plans but will continue to serve as Metropolitan Redevelopment Plans to guide the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency on redevelopment efforts, catalytic projects, and public/private partnerships, subject to amendment pursuant to the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency Ordinance (§14-8-4-3(B)). Code of Resolutions Land Use - Article 6: Redevelopment Plans is hereby repealed, and Articles 7 and 12 are amended with the following related actions:
(A) The City hereby designates the following plans as Rank 3 Metropolitan
Redevelopment Area Plans only, with regulatory content voided and
amended with the following changes:

- Part §1-6-7 McClellan Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, is moved
to become a new §1-12-17 and is revised to delete subsection (C).
- Part §1-6-9 South Broadway Neighborhoods Metropolitan
Redevelopment Plan is moved to become a new §1-12-18 and is revised
as follows: "The South Broadway Neighborhoods Metropolitan
Redevelopment Plan is hereby approved in all respects."
- Part §1-7-16 St. Joseph/Civic Auditorium Area Sector Development Plan,
is moved to become a new (A) through (F) of Part §1-12-4, and sections
(A) and (B) are renumbered to reflect the insertion.
- Part §1-7-43 Downtown 2010 Sector Development Plan, is moved to
become a new Part §1-12-19, Downtown 2025 Metropolitan
Redevelopment Plan. References to the "Downtown 2010 Sector
Development Plan" shall be deleted and replaced with "Downtown 2025
Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan."
- Part §1-12-12 Los Candelarias Village Center Metropolitan
Redevelopment Area, is revised to delete the words "Sector
Development Plan" in and replace with "Metropolitan Redevelopment
Area Plan."

(B) The following Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan resolutions are amended
to update their citation reference in the Code of Ordinances and amended
with the following changes:

- Part §1-4-2 Sawmill Revitalization Strategy is hereby rescinded in its
entirety, whose purpose and intent has been incorporated into the
Sawmill Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan.
- Part §1-4-3 Bridge/Isleta Revitalization Plan is moved to become a new
§1-12-20.
- Part §1-6-8 Soldiers and Sailors Park Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan,
is moved to become a new §1-12-21 and is revised as follows: "(A)(2)
The Plan conforms to the general plans of the city as a whole; and"
§1-6-10 South Barelas Industrial Park Redevelopment Plan, is moved to become a new §1-12-22, and it is renamed “South Barelas Industrial Park Redevelopment Area Plan.”

§1-6-11 Barelas Neighborhood Commercial Area Revitalization and Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, is moved to become a new §1-12-23.

§1-6-12 Near Heights Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, is moved to become a new §1-12-24, and it is renamed “Near Heights Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan.”

§1-6-13 Highland Central Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, is moved to become a new §1-12-25, and it is renamed “Highland Central Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan.”

§1-6-14 Clayton Heights Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, is moved to become a new §1-12-26, and it is renamed “Clayton Heights Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan.”

§1-6-15 Historic Central Metropolitan Redevelopment Plan, is moved to become a new §1-12-27, and it is renamed “Historic Central Metropolitan Redevelopment Area Plan.”

Section 5. The City hereby severs and invalidates the regulatory content of the Rank 3 Arroyo Corridor Plans, which has been included or updated in the Integrated Development Ordinance, and shall consider these plans as Resource Management Plans that provide policy guidance to the implementing department(s). Code of Resolutions Land Use - Article 13:

Corridor Plans is hereby repealed, with the following related actions:

(A) The following Parts are moved to a new Article 15, and the City hereby designates the referenced plans as Rank 3 Resource Management Plans.

- §1-13-2 Pajarito Arroyo Corridor Plan is moved to become a new §1-15-24, and it is amended as follows: “The Pajarito Arroyo Plan, attached to Resolution No. 115-1990 is hereby adopted as a Rank Three Plan. All management, operations, and improvement activities within the corridor shall be guided by this plan.”

- §1-13-3 Bear Canyon Arroyo Plan is moved to become a new §1-15-22, and it is amended as follows: “(A) The Bear Canyon Arroyo Plan, attached to Resolution No. 100-1991 is hereby adopted as a Rank 3 Plan.
All management, operations, and improvement activities within the corridor shall be guided by this plan.”

- §1-13-4 Amole Arroyo Plan is moved to become a new §1-15-21, and it is amended as follows: “(A) The Amole Arroyo Plan, attached to Resolution No. 165-1991 is hereby adopted as a Rank Three Plan. All management, operations, and improvement activities within the corridor shall be guided by this plan.”

(B) The following Part is moved to Chapter 4: Programs and Plans, Article 2: Transportation.

- Part §1-13-5 Interstate Corridor Enhancement Plan is moved to become a new Part §4-2-11, and Parts §4-2-10 and §4-2-11 are renumbered to reflect the insertion.

(C) The following Parts are moved to a new Article 15, and the City hereby designates the referenced plans as Rank 3 Resource Management Plans.

- Part §1-11-13 Los Poblanos Fields Open Space Resource Management Plan is moved to become a new §1-15-23.

- Part §1-11-14 Tijeras Arroyo Biological Zone Resource Management Plan is moved to become a new §1-15-25.

Section 6. The City hereby repeals Article 10: Overlay zones, including the Historic Overlay Zones resolutions (§1-10-1, §1-10-2, §1-10-3), the Design Overlay Zones resolutions (§1-10-20 through §1-10-23), and the Airport Overlay Zone resolutions (§1-10-30), whose regulatory purpose has been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

(A) The following Overlay Zone plans are hereby rescinded:

- Alameda Boulevard Design Overlay Zone (July 28, 1998)
- Atrisco Vista Wall Overlay Zone (Z-84-115)
- Central Avenue Design Overlay Zone (R-13-165, Enactment No. R-2013-065)
- Sunport Boulevard Design Overlay Zone (R-453, Enactment No. 110-1992)
- Unser Boulevard Overlay Zone (R-14, Enactment No. 95-1992)

(B) The City hereby invalidates other Overlay Zones and plans that may have been adopted that are not otherwise listed in Section 6(A) above.
Section 7. The City hereby repeals §1-1-2, Policies for Zone Map Change Applications, which is commonly referred to by its enactment number of "R-270-1980," whose procedures and criteria for zone change requests have been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 8. The City hereby repeals §1-1-4, Annexation Policies, and §1-1-5, Withdrawal of Petitioners for Annexation, whose procedures and criteria for annexation of land into the City has been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 9. The City hereby repeals §1-1-6, Annual Revised Program of Planning Priorities, whose procedures have been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 10. The City hereby repeals §1-1-11, Bed and Breakfast Establishments in Residential Areas, whose procedures and criteria for establishing bed and breakfast zoning has been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 11. The City hereby repeals §1-1-12, High Quality in Site Development Type Plans, whose procedures and criteria for creating site development plans has been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 12. The City hereby repeals §1-1-16, Establishing a Policy Pursuant to the Pre-Development Facility Fee to Require Plat Review by Albuquerque Public Schools Prior to City Approval for Preliminary Plats and Final Plats Containing Residential Uses, whose procedures and criteria for referral of platting applications to APS has been updated, integrated into, and replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 13. The City hereby repeals Article §1-3, Metropolitan Areas and Urban Centers Plan, whose policies have been replaced by the ABC Comp Plan Centers and Corridors Map via R-16-08 (Enactment No. R-2017-026) and whose regulatory intent has been replaced by the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

Section 14. The City hereby repeals Part §2-5-1 Extraterritorial Zoning Commission in its entirety, whose purpose has been invalidated by changes to State Law.
Section 15. The City hereby repeals Part §1-1-14 City Council’s Prior Notice of Annexations Required in its entirety, whose purpose has been invalidated by changes to State Law.

Section 16. The City hereby amends Part §1-1-10 Criteria to Guide the Planning and Development of Planned Communities in the Reserve Area to ensure consistency with the 2017 ABC Comp Plan via R-16-08 (Enactment No. R-2017-026) and the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

- Subsection §1-1-10(A) is revised as follows: “Acceptance of planned communities criteria: policy element. The Planned Community Criteria: Policy Element, attached to Resolution No. 151-1990 are accepted and approved in fulfillment of Subsection 2.D of Resolution 138-1988, conditioned upon public hearing and approval by the Albuquerque City Council and the Bernalillo County Commission.”

- Subsections §1-1-10(A)(1) through (A)(4) are deleted.

- Subsection §1-1-10(C) et seq. is deleted with subsequent sections renumbered to reflect the deletion.

- Subsection §1-1-10(E) is revised as follows: “Plan ranking. Planned community master plan ranking relationships are as follows: (1) Planned community master plans will implement and be compatible with the Rank 1 Comprehensive Plan. (2) Planned community master plans will implement and be compatible with relevant Rank 2 plans. However, planned community Level A Community Master Plans may, when specifically so adopted constitute or contain an amendment to a Rank 2 Area Plan previously adopted. (3) Planned community Level B Village Plans shall not conflict with other Rank 2 or Rank 3 plans affecting the same area.”

- Subsection §1-1-10(F) et seq. is deleted.

Section 17. The City hereby amends Part §1-2-1 Comprehensive Plan for Albuquerque and Bernalillo County to ensure consistency with the 2017 ABC Comp Plan via R-16-08 (Enactment No. R-2017-026) and the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

- Subsections §1-2-1(B)4 and §1-2-1(B)5 are deleted.
• Subsection §1-2-1(C) is amended as follows: “The Implementation
Chapter shall be used as a foundation for procedures to evaluate
accomplishments and recommend amendments to the plan and
revisions to the work priorities associated with implementation; and
such evaluation and adjustment shall be done at least every 5 years.”

• Subsections §1-2-1(D) et seq., §1-2-1(E), and §1-2-1(H) through §1-2-
1(BB) are deleted. This resolution shall become a new §1-2-1(D).

Section 18. The City hereby amends Part §1-6-16 Railyards Master
Development Plan to ensure consistency with the Integrated Development
Ordinance (O-17-49).

• The title is amended to read: “Rail Yards Master Plan”

• Subsection §1-6-12(A) is amended as follows: “The Rail Yards Master
Plan and accompanying Site Plan (attached hereto as Exhibit A) are
hereby approved and adopted.”

• Subsection §1-6-12(B) is amended as follows: “The City Council adopts
the following Findings as recommended by the Environmental Planning
Commission: (1) This is a Master Plan and accompanying Site Plan for
Tract A of the Plat of Tract A of AT&SF Railway Co. Machine Shop
located on 2nd Street SW between Cromwell Avenue and Hazeldine
Avenue and containing approximately 27.3 acres. (2) The Rail Yards are
zoned PD. The Master Plan allows for a wide range of permissive uses,
including multifamily residential (R-MH), community commercial uses
such as retail, restaurants, services (MX-M), and light industrial (NR-BP)
each with some limited exceptions. The Master Plan was reviewed by
the EPC and approved by the City Council prior to the issuance of a
building permit for the site (with very limited exceptions). (3) The Master
Plan as submitted contains a site development plan for subdivision with
an accompanying Master Plan document. The Master Plan is the
document that will guide redevelopment of the City-owned Albuquerque
Rail Yards site. The Albuquerque Rail Yards are located within the
Barelas neighborhood and adjacent to the South Broadway
neighborhood.... (5) The Rail Yards property is located within the Area
of Change Development Area of the Albuquerque Bernalillo County
Comprehensive Plan (2003). ... (9) Section 10.4 of the Master Plan requests delegation of Site Plan to the Development Review Board with its review to include historic preservation planner and a Metropolitan Redevelopment planner."

Section 19. The City hereby amends Part §5-1-1 Sale of Alcohol Near Schools or Churches; Standards for Waiver to ensure consistency with the Integrated Development Ordinance (O-17-49).

- Part §5-1-1(B)(2) is revised as follows: "Any waiver shall be subject to the zoning requirements in the Integrated Development Ordinance."

Section 20. The City hereby invalidates any other policy related to zoning and land use within adopted Resolutions for Rank 2 Area Plans or Rank 3 Sector Development Plans not otherwise listed above, which have been replaced by the ABC Comprehensive Plan via R-16-08 (Enactment No. R-2017-026).

Section 21. Upon its adoption this IDO is the City's sole document regulating land use within the municipal boundaries. In the event of any conflicts, the terms, requirements and obligations established by this IDO shall prevail over any other ordinance not specifically repealed herein or otherwise remaining after its adoption.

Section 22. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, word or phrase of this resolution is for any reason held to be invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this resolution. The Council hereby declares that it would have passed this resolution and each section, paragraph, sentence, clause, word or phrase thereof irrespective of any provisions being declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid.

Section 23. COMPILATION. Sections 1 through 21 of this resolution shall amend, be incorporated in and made part of the Code of Resolutions of Albuquerque, New Mexico, 1994.

Section 24. EFFECTIVE DATE AND PUBLICATION. This legislation shall take effect six months after publication by title and general summary.
PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 13th DAY OF November, 2017
BY A VOTE OF: 6 FOR 3 AGAINST.

For: Benton, Davis, Gibson, Harris, Jones, Lewis
Against: Peña, Sanchez, Winter

Isaac Benton, President
City Council

APPROVED THIS 16 DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2017

Bill No. C/S R-17-213

Richard J. Berry, Mayor
City of Albuquerque

ATTEST:
Natalie Y. Howard, City Clerk