1200.1 GENERAL: The work under this section includes, but is not limited to, traffic control standards needed to ensure safety to motorists, the public, construction workers, and special event participants when City roadways are temporarily disrupted due to construction efforts or special events.

1200.2 REFERENCES

1200.2.1 Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, (MUTCD), Part VI, FHWA.

1200.2.3 The American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA), Quality Standards for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.

1200.2.3 This Publication, Latest Edition

SECTION 19 CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC CONTROL

SECTION 400 TRAFFIC CONTROL

1200.3 BARRICADING STANDARDS

1200.3.1 Before construction begins all traffic control signs and barricades must be installed in accordance with the approved traffic control plan, construction plans, barricading detour plan or as directed by the OWNER. No construction signing and barricading shall commence until CONTRACTOR is assured that all equipment, manpower, and resources are available to start and complete the work. Where applicable, all signs, barricades, and/or barrels will be moved forward as the construction progresses.

1200.3.2 The name and telephone number of the owner shall be permanently stenciled on all barricades and traffic control equipment. The name and telephone number shall be a non-retroreflective color not over 2 inches in height, and be placed on a non-retroreflective surface of all equipment. Graffiti shall be promptly removed from any all barricades and traffic control equipment. If notified by the OWNER or the ENGINEER, graffiti shall be removed, or the equipment replaced with clean equipment, within four hours or the barricade permit is subject to revocation.

1200.3.3 All advance warning signs approaching a construction zone shall be double indicated (one sign each on left and right sides of approaching traffic) for all multiple-lane roadways with painted or raised medians and where adequate space is available. All double indicated signs shall be the same size. When a sign is placed in a painted median, especially a two-way continuous left-turn lane, a reflectorized barricade must be placed on the back side of the sign to alert motorists approaching from the opposite direction.

1200.3.4 It shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to remove all construction barricades, signing, and traffic control devices not required at the end of the working day.

1200.3.5 All advance warning signs shall be a minimum of thirty-six inches by thirty-six inches in size with super engineering grade sheeting or better. On high-speed (posted 45mph and above), rural section roadways where adequate pedestrian space is available, forty-eight inch by forty-eight inch signs is preferred. The use of forty-eight inch signs shall be required at locations as published on a list by the ENGINEER. All advance-warning signs not directly applicable shall be removed when not needed, and shall not be left in public right-of-way. All construction signing shall be black on a reflectorized orange field unless otherwise specified.

1200.3.6 Existing posts may be used at some locations, with approval of the ENGINEER. Portable sign supports will be acceptable as an alternate for signs which are to be in place for less than three (3) weeks. The bottom of advance warning signs mounted on barricades or temporary sign supports shall be no less than one foot above the traveled way. All regulatory and advisory signs shall be mounted on sign stands or as otherwise approved by ENGINEER. The placement of portable sign supports shall not block or impede pedestrian access. All signs ground mounted on single or double posts shall have the bottom of the sign seven (7) feet above pavement level.

1200.3.7 Barrels and different types of barricades are generally not intended to be intermixed in the same series of channelization. All barrels may have sand or water ballast limited to one hundred (100) pounds. All barricades shall be placed correctly with diagonal stripes sloping downwards in the direction traffic is to pass. Where barricades extend entirely across a roadway, the stripes must slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn. Where both right and left turns are provided, the stripes must slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade or barricades. Where no turns are intended, the stripes must slope downward toward the center of the barricade or barricades.

1200.3.8 The CONTRACTOR shall inspect and maintain all barricades at least once each day except for barricades on or adjacent to arterial and collector streets which shall be checked twice daily, including inspection during hours of darkness. A log of these inspections
showing project, location, date, and time shall be kept and a copy sent to the Construction Coordination Division upon request. Upon request, the CONTRACTOR shall immediately produce current traffic control logs. Failure to do so may result in suspension of work or revocation of barricade permit.

1200.3.9 All traffic control devices required within traveled lanes after dark are to be equipped with warning lights. Type (A) flashing warning lights shall be used on all devices which are intended to warn motorists or pedestrians of hazards or obstructions in or near the travel path. Type (C) steady burn lights shall be used on all devices which are intended to define the travel path. All lights shall be operational. Traffic control devices that are damaged, dirty or have substandard reflectorization shall be immediately brought up to standard. ReflectORIZED sheeted panels shall not be considered as a replacement for a required warning light. Warning lights shall be incidental to payment for traffic control.

1200.3.10 Equipment and materials are not to be stored within fifteen (15) feet of a traveled lane during non-working hours, unless approved by the ENGINEER, which approval cannot be unreasonably withheld.

1200.3.11 CONTRACTOR shall provide and maintain a safe and adequate means of channelizing pedestrian traffic around all work areas throughout the periods of construction. All such channelization shall be arranged to prevent pedestrians from having to enter the roadway in order to pass around the work area. Where required, pedestrian detour signs will be installed by the CONTRACTOR. Where construction impedes or obstructs sidewalk access, CONTRACTOR shall barricade sidewalks and place “Sidewalk Closed” signs accompanied with the appropriate pedestrian detour signing. Pedestrian detour signs shall be incidental to payment for traffic control.

1200.3.12 CONTRACTOR shall provide and maintain a safe and adequate means of channelizing bicycle traffic around all work area throughout the periods of construction when existing bicycle trails, lanes, or routes are designated. Where possible, adequate space for bicyclists must be provided, and bicycle detour signs, including “Share the Road” signs shall be installed. When adequate space is not available to provide for bicycle access, the bicycle facilities shall be adequately detoured around the construction site. The detour route shall minimize out-of-direction travel distance, and shall be adequately signed and directed. Bicycle detour signs shall be incidental to payment for traffic control.

1200.3.13 All barricades, signs, and traffic control equipment shall be properly and adequately ballasted for normal wind loads. For equipment placed for extended periods (seven days or more), or during the months of February through May, additional ballast shall be required.

1200.3.14 The use of roll-up advance warning signs is allowed, so long as the reflectivity required in the MUTCD is provided. Such signs shall be adequately braced to resist rotation under normal wind loads.

1200.3.15 The use of orange warning flags mounted atop construction warning signs is encouraged and is required in certain instances. Flags mounted atop construction signs is required on all “Reduced Speed Ahead (R2-5a)” signs, “Reduced Speed (R2-5b and R2-1)” signs, all “Double Fine Zone” signs, “Road Closed Ahead (W20-3)” signs, “Detour Ahead (W20-2)” signs, “Flagger Ahead (W20-7)” signs, “Flagger Symbol (W20-7a)” signs, and “Be Prepared to Stop (W20-7b)” signs.

1200.3.16 Cones are an acceptable traffic control device under certain situations. Traffic cones are not to be used to separate traffic traveling in different directions. All cones must be a minimum of 28 inches tall. The use of cones as traffic control devices is not allowed during nighttime hours; however if used, all cones used at night must include white, reflectorized bands per MUTCD standards. The use of cones is encouraged for daytime moving closure operations, projects in duration of two hours or less, and special events.

1200.3.17 Type III barricades must be used at all road closures. Multiple type III barricades of the same configuration placed next to each other in the same direction is allowed. A type III barricade or illuminated arrow panel must be used for each lane closure. A minimum of two feet of exposed railing is required on the traveled side (open lanes) of type III barricades. The minimum length of type III barricade for each lane closure is eight (8) feet per lane twelve (12) feet or less in width, and the minimum length of type III barricade required for a sidewalk closure is four (4) feet. The minimum length of type III barricades for a double lane closure is sixteen (16) feet. Additional barricades above the minimum required may be required to fill in gaps for wide lanes, multiple lane closures, or shoulder areas.

1200.3.18 Road closures shall be pre-warned by the use of a “Road Closed to Through Traffic” (R11-4) sign, where appropriate. These signs shall be placed at intersections approaching the road closure with appropriate detour signing. When mounted on a three rail barricade support, the maximum width of sign support shall be six feet. If the detour route is more than one intersection before the road closure, then additional R11-4 signs shall be placed at each intersection between the detour route and the road closure. “Road Closed to Through Traffic” signs are encouraged to be placed on or near the center of the roadway, but R11-4 signs shall not be placed in an area that block sight distance for motorists.
and pedestrians. Where sight distance becomes a problem, low-volume intersections may be temporarily converted to a four-way Stop condition, with the approval of the ENGINEER.

1200.3.19 Illuminated arrow panels with a minimum size of 32 square feet may be used in lieu of type III barricades for lane and roadway closures. Arrow panels must be battery or solar powered. The use of diesel, or other noise generating power sources, is not allowed. For roadways with a previously posted speed limit of 35 mph or higher, the use of arrow panels is required for all lane closures. An arrow panel is required for each lane reduction, but is not required for shifting tapers. In residential areas where the arrow panel will be used at night, directional lighting limited to 30 degrees or less must be used to reduce glare into nearby properties. When illuminated arrow panels are used for a lane closure, then the use of vertical panels at the regular MUTCD minimum spacing for the lane reduction taper is allowed.

1200.3.20 For work expected to last one hour or less and for moving closures, reduced barricading may be allowed as approved by the ENGINEER. Reduced barricading on arterial or collector roads shall consist of a minimum of one advance warning sign, a minimum of a three barricade or cone taper, and an illuminated arrow panel.

1200.3.21 For emergency utility work on arterial or collector roadways, the CONTRACTOR must notify the traveling public. If a variable message board is not required by the ENGINEER, a “Utility Emergency Ahead” sign must be installed for each direction of arterial / collector traffic approaching the work site. The “Utility Emergency Ahead” sign must be placed in addition to, and preceding, the three normally required advance warning signs at the same spacing required in the MUTCD for advance warning signs.

1200.3.2 Double fine zones shall be delineated by the use of “Double Fine Zone” signs as outlined in this section. Double fine zones shall be delineated for construction zones and construction curtailage zones at the request of either the OWNER or ENGINEER. In addition, double fine zones are required on all arterial / collector roadways where there is a: 1.) reduced speed limit; 2.) lane reduction; 3.) reduced design speed; or 4.) traffic hazard. Double fine zones are required for all flagging operations, and work zones with an imminent danger to workers, regardless of the roadway classification. The beginning of the double fine zone shall be clearly marked with a sign stating: “Construction – Begin Double Fine Zone”. The end of the double fine zone shall be clearly marked with a sign stating: “Construction – End Double Fine Zone”. If the double fine zone extends beyond one-half mile in length, intermittent signs must be placed no more than one-half mile apart stating: “Construction – Double Fine Zone”. Additional intermittent signs are needed following side street entrances. Details for the double fine zone signs are on file with the ENGINEER. Placement of the Begin Double Fine Zone sign shall be immediately following the “Road Work Ahead” sign. Placement of the End Double Fine Zone sign shall be immediately preceding the “End Road Work” sign.

1200.3.23 On arterial or collector roadways with multiple lane closures, the advance warning signs shall indicate the correct number of lanes closed. Arrow panels are required for each lane closure of multiple lane closures on arterial or collector roadways, regardless of the previously posted speed limit.

1200.4 CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING SIGNING, STRIPING, AND SIGNALS

1200.4.1 CONTRACTOR shall not remove, realign, or adjust any official OWNER traffic control device including stop signs, warning signs, or any other traffic or parking control signs, unless approved by the OWNER. CONTRACTOR shall give the OWNER three (3) working day’s prior notice of any official OWNER traffic control device that needs to be moved. The OWNER shall take all appropriate actions as soon as practical thereafter. When CONTRACTOR places regulatory signing reducing the posted speed limit as approved by the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR must temporarily cover any and all conflicting speed limit signs. Such covers must be immediately removed once the temporary speed limit reductions are removed.

1200.4.2 The CONTRACTOR is responsible for obliteration of any conflicting striping and responsible for all temporary striping. For temporary situations lasting seven days or less, conflicting pavement markings may be addressed with the proper use of channelization devices and signing, unless otherwise approved or required by the ENGINEER.

1200.4.3 When the construction activity or traffic detouring plans result in less than two signals being visible in any direction at a signalized intersection, additional temporary traffic signals shall be required. A minimum of two signals must be visible within a twenty degree horizontal and vertical cone of vision, as measured from the stop bar for each lane approaching a signalized intersection.

1200.5 STREET AND LANE CLOSURES

1200.5.1 CONTRACTOR shall maintain access to all public and private facilities adjacent to the construction area at all times, including businesses and/or residents.
When denying access is unavoidable, CONTRACTOR must coordinate access restriction to times and locations that are reasonably convenient to the property owners and/or residents affected. CONTRACTOR shall construct and maintain access roads, including paved ramps, where deemed necessary by ENGINEER to maintain traffic flow. Business access signs may be required to direct traffic to existing businesses, as directed by ENGINEER or OWNER. No more than three businesses shall be placed on a single sign. In areas of multiple adjacent businesses, only generic “Business Access Only (arrow)” signs are required. For shopping centers with multiple business tenants, the name of the shopping center shall be placed on a sign at each access location. Access signs shall have 5 inch high, white letters with a directional arrow on a reflectorized blue background. Business access shall be rectangular in shape, no taller than wide, and shall be no larger than four feet wide by three feet tall. Business access signs shall not be placed where they block sight distance for either motorists or pedestrians.

1200.5.2 CONTRACTOR shall notify the following services forty-eight (48) hours in advance of any complete street or access closures: Police Department, Fire Department, U.S. Postal Service, Solid Waste Department, Ambulance Services, local schools, and the Transit Department. The CONTRACTOR shall also notify all businesses and residents directly affected by the road closure. For the total closure of arterial or collector roadways, a variable message board must be installed for a minimum of two days prior to the road closure notifying motorists of the dates and times for the closure. A minimum of one variable message board is required for each direction of closure. For the total closure of a local roadway, a sign must be installed for a minimum of two days prior to the road closure notifying motorists and residents of the dates and times of the closure. A minimum of one sign is required for each direction of closure.

1200.5.3 The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible, and shall make appropriate accommodation, for garbage and trash collection, mail delivery, and other essential services needed by residents and businesses affected by CONTRACTOR operations. This effort shall include coordination with U.S. Post Office, Solid Waste Department, and other agencies. Where required, CONTRACTOR shall notify all residents in writing at least two days prior. Such notice shall include at a minimum: dates and times of construction activities and the name and telephone number of the CONTRACTOR’s contact person. CONTRACTOR shall collect all trash and garbage in the project area and deliver to an accessible location for collection by 7:00 a.m. on the designated trash collection day. Such trash and garbage cannot be deposited onto private property, must not block access, and shall be immediately cleaned up by CONTRACTOR upon pick up by the Solid Waste Department or private trash collection company.

1200.5.4 Total or partial closure of some streets may be restricted to certain hours of the day by the OWNER. Streets having working hour limitations may be noted on the approved construction plans. In cases of emergency work or permit work, streets having working hour limitations will be designated by the ENGINEER. Waivers of the working hour limitations can be obtained from the ENGINEER.

1200.5.5 If construction on streets with working hour limitations is expected to extend past the allowed working hours, plating of the trench and/or temporary asphalt concrete pavement shall be provided so that the roadway is opened to traffic within the allowable work hours. Such excavations must be plated, temporarily patched or resurfaced prior to opening to traffic. A minimum width of 11 feet for each lane of traffic shall be provided, unless otherwise directed by the ENGINEER.

1200.5.6 When detouring low and moderate-volume traffic onto a previously unpaved area, see Table 1200.1 for surfacing requirements.

1200-4
Table 1200.1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Shoulder Residential</th>
<th>Shoulder (Other)</th>
<th>Local/ Residential</th>
<th>Major Local</th>
<th>Collector</th>
<th>Arterial</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Under one day</td>
<td>Compacted Subgrade</td>
<td>Compacted Subgrade</td>
<td>Compacted Subgrade</td>
<td>Compacted Subgrade</td>
<td>Gravel or millings</td>
<td>Gravel or millings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-3 days</td>
<td>Compacted Subgrade</td>
<td>Gravel or millings</td>
<td>Gravel or millings</td>
<td>Treated Millings</td>
<td>2” Asphalt</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-7 days</td>
<td>Gravel or millings</td>
<td>2” Asphalt</td>
<td>Gravel or millings</td>
<td>Treated Millings</td>
<td>2” Asphalt</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-30 days</td>
<td>Treated Millings</td>
<td>2” Asphalt</td>
<td>Treated Millings</td>
<td>2” Asphalt</td>
<td>4” Asphalt</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table Notes:
The contractor shall be responsible to continually maintain all detours, providing a smooth, drained, and safe roadway surface. All compacted subgrade areas shall be graded regularly to provide a smooth driving surface, and must be treated regularly with water or other approved dust control palliative. During periods of dry and/or windy weather, a water truck must be on-site at all times, and frequent watering may be necessary.

Gravel, millings, or treated millings must be bladed and compacted to provide a stable, smooth driving surface prior to opening to traffic. Such surfacing shall be regularly maintained to provide a smooth and stable driving surface. All temporary asphalt pavement shall be placed upon a compacted subgrade which shall be graded to drain. Treated millings includes millings stabilized with an applied emulsive asphalt.

1200.6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

1200.6.1 Measurement and payment for barricading and temporary traffic control shall be per lump sum per project except for the items listed below. Payment of additional items will only be made if such traffic control device or services is either approved in the construction plan set or requested by the OWNER in writing. Payment shall include the cost of obtaining all permits and approvals; preparation of traffic control plans; working restricted or extended hours when required; notification to all affected residents, businesses, agencies, or other public contacts; setting and resetting barricades, maintaining barricades, daily removal of barricades when required, flagman operations when required, installation of temporary traffic signals when not required by the OWNER or in the construction plans; coordination with ENGINEER on traffic signal re-timing; hiring of off-duty Police Department Officers; and any and all other costs associated with temporary traffic control except the following:

1200.6.1.1 Measurement and payment of the installation of temporary striping shall be made per lineal foot of striping installed per four inch wide.

1200.6.1.2 Measurement and payment of business access and special signs shall be made on a per square foot basis during project duration.

1200.6.1.3 Measurement and payment of Variable Message Boards shall be made per each on a per day (24-hour period) basis.

1200.6.1.4 Measurement and payment of illuminated arrow boards required by the OWNER, or required in the construction plans, shall be made per each on a per day (24-hour) basis.

1200.6.1.5 Measurement and payment of temporary wall barrier shall be made per lineal foot of wall barrier installed and removed at each location per project.

1200.6.1.6 Measurement and payment for temporary traffic signals required by the OWNER, or required in the construction plans, shall be made per each per project duration at each location.